

P 18 × 11 Core and accessories

 Series/Type:
 B65651, B65652, B65655, B65659

 Date:
 June 2013

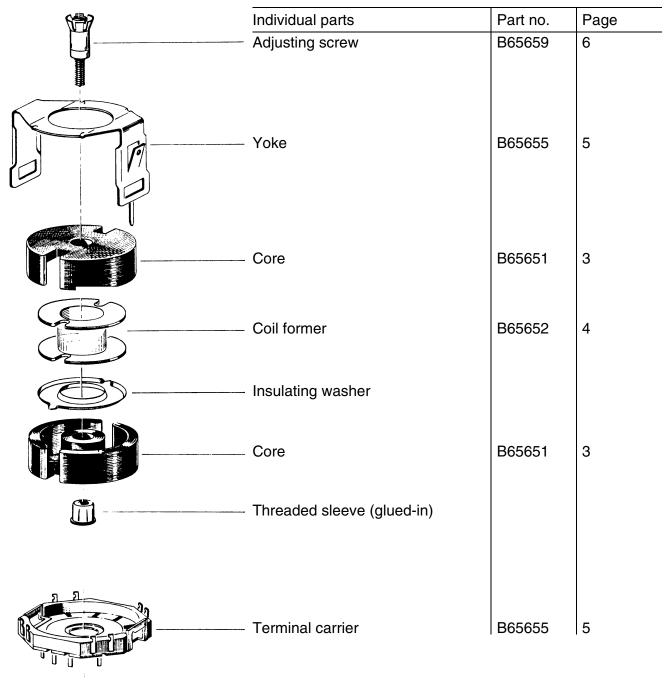
© EPCOS AG 2015. Reproduction, publication and dissemination of this publication, enclosures hereto and the information contained therein without EPCOS' prior express consent is prohibited.

EPCOS AG is a TDK Group Company.



P 18 × 11

Core and accessories



FPK0021-4

Example of an assembly set for printed circuit boards

公TDK

P 18 × 11

Core

- To IEC 60133
- Delivery mode: sets

Magnetic characteristics (per set)

	with center hole	without center hole	
$\Sigma I/A$	0.6	0.57	mm ⁻¹
l _e	25.9	26.6	mm
l _e A _e A _{min}	43	46.7	mm ²
A _{min}	—	33.9	mm ²
Ve	1114	1242	mm ³

Approx. weight (per set)

•

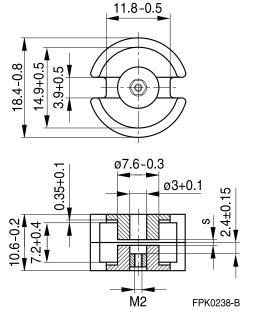
Gapped

Material	A _L value nH	s approx. mm	μ _e	Ordering code ¹⁾ -D with center hole -T with threaded sleeve
K1	40 ±3%	1.60	19	B65651+0040A001
M33	100 ±3%	0.60	48	B65651+0100A033
N48	$\begin{array}{c} 160 \pm 3\% \\ 250 \pm 3\% \\ 315 \pm 3\% \\ 400 \pm 3\% \\ 500 \pm 3\% \\ 630 \pm 5\% \end{array}$	0.32 0.20 0.15 0.10 0.07 0.05	77 120 151 192 240 302	B65651+0160A048 B65651+0250A048 B65651+0315A048 B65651+0400A048 B65651+0500A048 B65651+0500A048

Ungapped

Material	A _L value	μ _e	P _V	Ordering code
	nH		W/set	-D with center hole -W without center hole
N48	2800 +30/-20%	1340		B65651D0000R048
N30	5900 +30/-20%	2680		B65651W0000R030
T38	12600 +40/-30%	5710		B65651W0000Y038
N87	3600 +30/-20%	1630	< 0.46 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65651W0000R087

B65651



¹⁾ Replace the + by the code letter "D" or "T" for the required version.



$\textbf{P}~\textbf{18}\times\textbf{11}$

Accessories

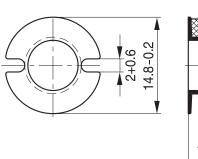
B65652

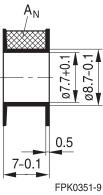
Coil former

Standard:	to IEC 60133
Material:	GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:
	$F \triangleq max.$ operating temperature 155 °C), color code black
	Valox 420-SE0 [®] [E45329 (M)], GE PLASTICS B V
Winding:	see Data Book 2013, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

Coil former				Bestellnummer
Sections	A _N mm ²	l _N mm	A _R value μΩ	
1	16	35.6	87	B65652B0000T001

Coil former





4



$\textbf{P~18}\times\textbf{11}$

Accessories

Mounting assembly for printed circuit boards

- The set comprises a terminal carrier and a yoke
- For snap-in connection

Terminal carrier

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Material:} & \mbox{GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085: } \\ & \mbox{F} \triangleq max. \mbox{ operating temperature 155 °C}, \mbox{ color code gray} \\ & \mbox{Pocan B4235^{\ensurements} [E245249 (M)], LANXESS AG } \end{array}$

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

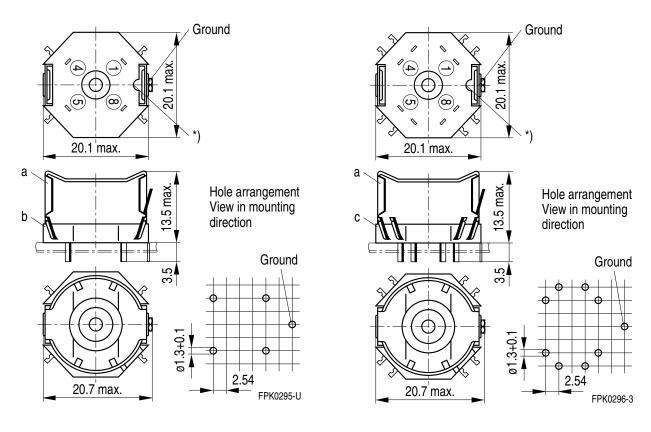
Yoke

Spring yoke, made of tinned nickel silver (0.3 mm), with ground terminal

Complete mounting assembly	Complete mounting assembly
(4 solder terminals)	(8 solder terminals)
Ordering code: B65655B0009X000	Ordering code: B65655B0010X000

4 solder terminals

8 solder terminals



^{*)} This recess must be on the side of the grounding pin to ensure that the yoke locks in position.

- b) Terminal carrier with 4 solder terminals
- c) Terminal carrier with 8 solder terminals

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.

B65655

a) Yoke



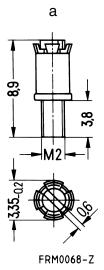
P 18 × 11

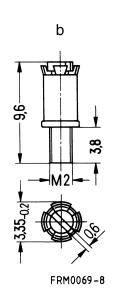
Accessories

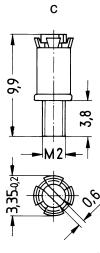
Adjusting screw

Tube core with thread and core brake made of GFR polyterephthalate Pocan B3235[®] [E245249 (M)], LANXESS AG

Figure	Tube core			Ordering code
	$\varnothing \times \text{length (mm)}$	Material	Color code	
а	2.62 × 3.6	K1	green	B65659F0001X001
а	2.62 × 3.6	N22	red	B65659F0001X023
b	2.75 imes 4.4	N22	black	B65659F0003X023
С	2.82 × 4.4	N22	yellow	B65659F0004X023







FRM0066-I

6



Cautions and warnings

Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see chapter "Definitions", section 8.1.

Effects of core combination on A_L value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see chapter "Definitions", section 8.2.

Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

Processing notes

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroid.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mount.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability
 problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation
 of the wire. For detailed information see chapter "Processing notes", section 8.2.
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.



Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
A	Cross section of coil	mm ²
A _e	Effective magnetic cross section	mm ²
AL	Inductance factor; $A_L = L/N^2$	nH
A _{L1}	Minimum inductance at defined high saturation ($\triangleq \mu_a$)	nH
A _{min}	Minimum core cross section	mm ²
A _N	Winding cross section	mm ²
A _R	Resistance factor; $A_{R} = R_{Cu}/N^{2}$	$\mu\Omega = 10^{-6} \Omega$
В	RMS value of magnetic flux density	Vs/m², mT
ΔB	Flux density deviation	Vs/m², mT
Ê	Peak value of magnetic flux density	Vs/m², mT
ΔÂ	Peak value of flux density deviation	Vs/m², mT
B _{DC}	DC magnetic flux density	Vs/m², mT
B _R	Remanent flux density	Vs/m², mT
B _S	Saturation magnetization	Vs/m², mT
C ₀	Winding capacitance	F = As/V
CDF	Core distortion factor	mm ^{-4.5}
DF	Relative disaccommodation coefficient DF = d/μ_i	
d	Disaccommodation coefficient	
E _a	Activation energy	J
f	Frequency	s ^{−1} , Hz
f _{cutoff}	Cut-off frequency	s ⁻¹ , Hz
f _{max}	Upper frequency limit	s ⁻¹ , Hz
f _{min}	Lower frequency limit	s ⁻¹ , Hz
f _r	Resonance frequency	s ⁻¹ , Hz
f _{Cu}	Copper filling factor	
g	Air gap	mm
Ĥ	RMS value of magnetic field strength	A/m
Ĥ	Peak value of magnetic field strength	A/m
H _{DC}	DC field strength	A/m
H _c	Coercive field strength	A/m
h	Hysteresis coefficient of material	10 ⁻⁶ cm/A
h/µ _i ²	Relative hysteresis coefficient	10 ^{–6} cm/A
I I	RMS value of current	А
I _{DC}	Direct current	А
î	Peak value of current	А
J	Polarization	Vs/m ²
k	Boltzmann constant	J/K
k ₃	Third harmonic distortion	
k _{3c}	Circuit third harmonic distortion	
	Inductance	H = Vs/A



Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
ΔL/L	Relative inductance change	Н
L ₀	Inductance of coil without core	Н
L _H	Main inductance	н
Lp	Parallel inductance	Н
L _{rev}	Reversible inductance	Н
L _s	Series inductance	н
l _e	Effective magnetic path length	mm
I _N	Average length of turn	mm
Ν	Number of turns	
P _{Cu}	Copper (winding) losses	W
P _{trans}	Transferrable power	W
P _V	Relative core losses	mW/g
PF	Performance factor	
Q	Quality factor (Q = $\omega L/R_s = 1/\tan \delta_L$)	
R	Resistance	Ω
R _{Cu}	Copper (winding) resistance $(f = 0)$	Ω
R _h	Hysteresis loss resistance of a core	Ω
ΔR_h	R _h change	Ω
R _i	Internal resistance	Ω
R _p	Parallel loss resistance of a core	Ω
R _s	Series loss resistance of a core	Ω
R _{th}	Thermal resistance	K/W
R _V	Effective loss resistance of a core	Ω
S	Total air gap	mm
Т	Temperature	°C
ΔT	Temperature difference	К
т _с	Curie temperature	°C
t	Time	S
t _v	Pulse duty factor	
tan δ	Loss factor	
tan δ_L	Loss factor of coil	
tan δ _r	(Residual) loss factor at $H \rightarrow 0$	
tan δ _e	Relative loss factor	
tan δ_h	Hysteresis loss factor	
tan δ/μ _i	Relative loss factor of material at $H \rightarrow 0$	
U	RMS value of voltage	V
Û	Peak value of voltage	V
Ve	Effective magnetic volume	mm ³
Z	Complex impedance	Ω
Z _n	Normalized impedance $ Z _n = Z / N^2 \times \varepsilon (I_e / A_e)$	Ω/mm



Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
α	Temperature coefficient (TK)	1/K
α_{F}	Relative temperature coefficient of material	1/K
α _e	Temperature coefficient of effective permeability	1/K
٤ _r	Relative permittivity	
Φ	Magnetic flux	Vs
η	Efficiency of a transformer	
η _B	Hysteresis material constant	mT ⁻¹
li	Hysteresis core constant	A-1H-1/2
۱ _s	Magnetostriction at saturation magnetization	
l	Relative complex permeability	
1 ₀	Magnetic field constant	Vs/Am
la	Relative amplitude permeability	
¹ app	Relative apparent permeability	
ι _e	Relative effective permeability	
ι _i	Relative initial permeability	
ι _p '	Relative real (inductive) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for parallel components)	
up"	Relative imaginary (loss) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for parallel components)	
ι ι _r	Relative permeability	
^u rev	Relative reversible permeability	
ι _s '	Relative real (inductive) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for series components)	
ι _s "	Relative imaginary (loss) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for series components)	
[⊥] tot	Relative total permeability	
	derived from the static magnetization curve	
)	Resistivity	Ωm^{-1}
E I/A	Magnetic form factor	mm ⁻¹
Cu	DC time constant $\tau_{Cu} = L/R_{Cu} = A_L/A_R$	S
ω	Angular frequency; $\omega = 2 \Pi f$	s ⁻¹

All dimensions are given in mm.

Surface-mount device



Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
- 4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous). Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
- 5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, the products described in this publication may change from time to time. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order. We also reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
- 6. Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, all orders are subject to the current version of the "General Terms of Delivery for Products and Services in the Electrical Industry" published by the German Electrical and Electronics Industry Association (ZVEI).
- 7. The trade names EPCOS, BAOKE, Alu-X, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CSMP, CSSP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, DSSP, FilterCap, FormFit, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MLSC, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SIP5D, SIP5K, ThermoFuse, WindCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.epcos.com/trademarks.