



**DS90UR905 Serializer and  
DS90UR906 Deserializer  
Evaluation Kit**

**User's Manual**

**NSID: SERDESUR-65USB**

Rev 0.4

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## Introduction:

**The demo boards are not intended for EMI testing. The demo boards were designed for easy accessibility to device pins with tap points for monitoring or applying signals, additional pads for termination, and multiple connector options.**

National Semiconductor's Flat Panel Displays DS90UR905/906 FPD-LINKII evaluation kit contains one (1) DS90UR905 Serializer (Tx) board, one (1) DS90UR906 De-serializer (Rx) board, and one (1) two (2) meter\* high speed USB 2.0 cable. *\*Note: the chipset can support up to ten (10) meters.*

The DS90UR905/906 chipset supports a variety of 8 bit color display applications on a two (2) wire serial stream. The single LVDS (FPD\_LINKII) interface is well-suited for any display system interface. Typical applications include: navigation displays, automated teller machines (ATMs), POS, video cameras, global positioning systems (GPS), portable equipment/instruments, factory automation, etc.

The DS90UR905 and DS90UR906 can also be used as a 24-bit general purpose LVDS Serializer and De-serializer chipset designed to transmit data at clocks speeds ranging from 20 to 65 MHz at up to 10 meters cable lengths over -40 to +105 Deg C.

The Serializer board accepts 1.8V/3.3V input signals. FPD-LINKII Serializer converts the 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS parallel lines into a single serialized LVDS data pair with an embedded LVDS clock. The serial data stream toggles at 28 times the base clock rate. With an input clock at 65 MHz, the transmission line rate for the FPD-LINKII is 1.56Gbps (24 data bits x 65MHz).

The De-serializer board accepts FPD-LINKII serialized data stream with embedded clock and converts the data back into parallel 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS signals and clock. Note that NO external reference clock is needed to prevent harmonic lock as with other devices currently on the market. An added feature on this chipset is when the PCLK from the transmitter is lost; an internally generated 25MHz +/- 20% PCLK is outputted on the receiver clock output. This feature can be turned off if not needed.

Suggested equipment to evaluate the chipset, a 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS signal source such as a video generator or word generator or pulse generator and oscilloscope with a bandwidth of at least 65 MHz will be needed.

The user needs to provide the proper 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS/RGB inputs and 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS clock to the Serializer and also provide a proper interface from the De-serializer output to an LCD panel or test equipment. The Serializer and De-serializer boards can also be used to evaluate device parameters. A cable conversion board or harness scramble may be necessary depending on type of cable/connector interface used on the input to the DS90UR905 and to the output of the DS90UR906.

Example of suggested display setup:

- 1) video generator with 1.8V/3.3V output
- 2) 24-bit LCD panel with a 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS input interface.

## Contents of the Demo Evaluation Kit:

- 1) One Serializer board with the DS90UR905
- 2) One De-serializer board with the DS90UR906
- 3) One 2-meter high speed USB 2.0 cable (4-pin USB A to 5-pin mini USB)
- 4) Evaluation Kit Documentation (this manual)
- 5) DS90UR905/906 Datasheet

## DS90UR905/906 SERDES Typical Application:

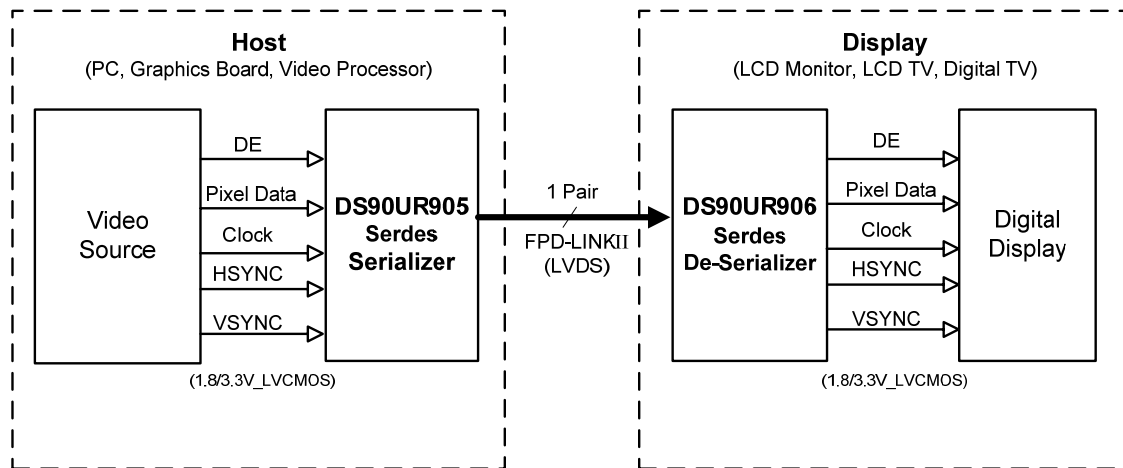
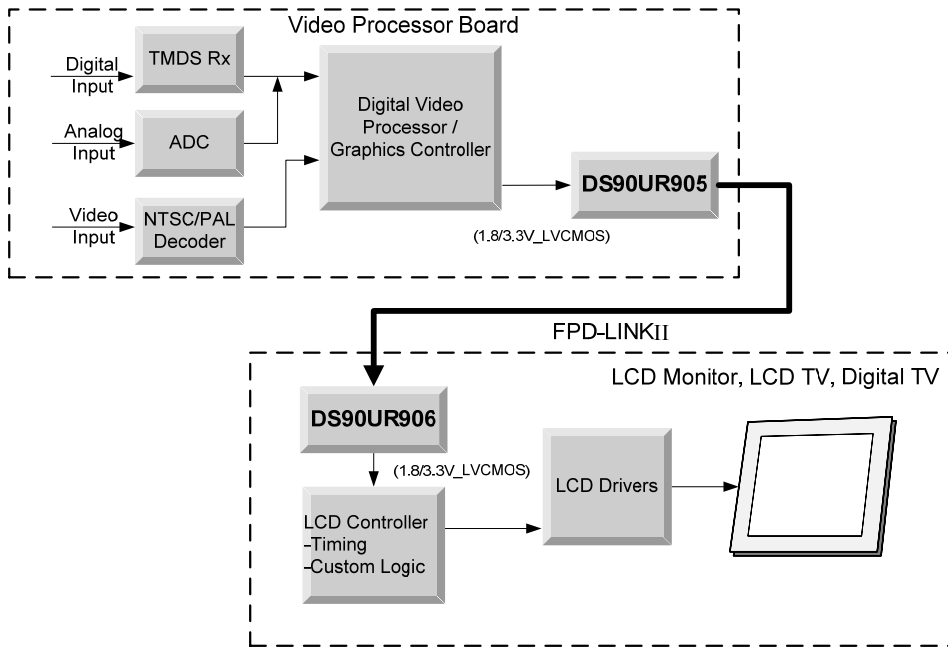


Figure 1a. Typical Application (24-bit RGB Color)



**Figure 1b. Typical DS90UR905/906 SERDES System Diagram**

Figures 1a and 1b illustrate the use of the Chipset (Tx/Rx) in a Host to Flat Panel Interface.

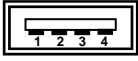
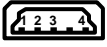
The chipsets support up to 24-bit color depth TFT LCD Panels.

Refer to the proper datasheet information on Chipsets (Tx/Rx) provided on each board for more detailed information.

## How to set up the Demo Evaluation Kit:

The PCB routing for the Tx input pins (DIN) have been lay out to accept incoming 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS signals from 2x25-pin IDC connector. The TxOUT/RxIN (DOUT/RIN) interface uses a single twisted pair cable (provided). The PCB routing for the Rx output pins (ROUT) are accessed through a 2x25-pin IDC connector. Please follow these steps to set up the evaluation kit for bench testing and performance measurements:

- 1) A two (2) meter high speed USB 2.0 cable has been included in the kit. Connect the

4-pin USB A  A side of cable harness to the serializer board and the otherside of the harness, the 5-pin mini USB jack  MINI to the de-serializer board. This completes the FPD-LINKII interface connection.

**NOTE: The DS90UR905 and DS90UR906 are NOT USB compliant and should not be plugged into a USB device nor should a USB device be plugged into the demo boards.**

- 2) Jumpers and switches have been configured at the factory; they should not require any changes for immediate operation of the chipset. See text on Configuration settings and datasheet for more details.
- 3) From the Video Decoder board, connect a flat cable (not supplied) to the Serializer board and connect another flat cable (not supplied) from the De-serializer board to the panel. *Note: For 50 ohm signal sources, provide 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS input signal levels into DIN[23:0] and TCLK and add 50 ohm parallel termination resistors R1-R25 on the DS90UR905 Serializer board.*
- 4) Power for the Tx and Rx boards must be supplied externally through Power Jack (VDD). Grounds for both boards are connected through Power Jack (VSS) (see section below).

## Demo Board Power Connections:

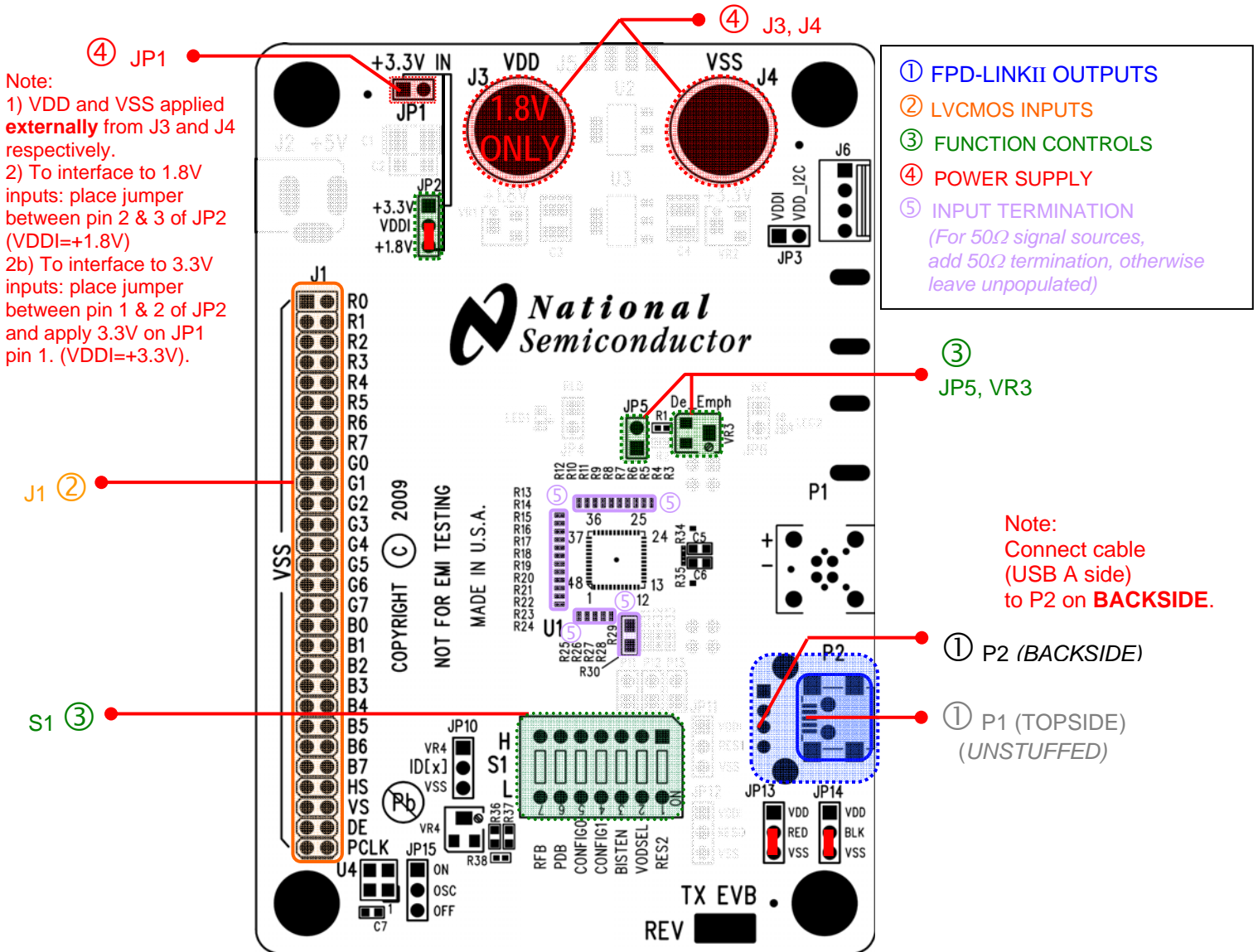
The Serializer and De-serializer boards must be powered by supplying power externally through J4 (VDD) and J5 (VSS) on Serializer Board and J4 (VDD) and J5 (VSS) on De-serializer board. Note +2.5V is the MAXIMUM voltage that should ever be applied to the Serializer (DS90UR905) or De-serializer (DS90UR906) VDD terminal (except on VDDI or VDDIO where the absolute maximum is +4.0V). Damage to the device(s) can result if the voltage maximum is exceeded.

# DS90UR905 Tx Serializer Board Description:

The 2x25-pin IDC connector J1 accepts 24 bits of 1.8V or 3.3V RGB data along with the clock input. VDDI must be set externally for 1.8V or 3.3V LVCMOS inputs.

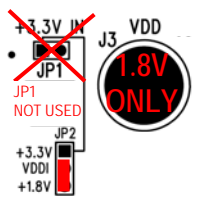
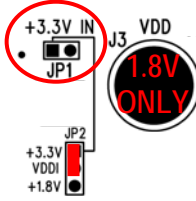
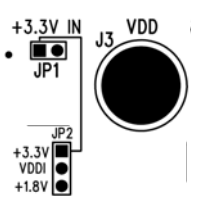
The Serializer board is powered externally from the J4 (VDD) and J5 (VSS) connectors shown below. For the Serializer to be operational, the S1-PDB switch on S1 must be set HIGH. S1- CONFIG0, CONFIG1, and BISTEN must be set LOW. Rising or falling edge reference clock is user selected on S1-RFB: HIGH (for rising edge data latching) or LOW (for falling edge data latching).

The USB connector P2 (USB-A side) on the bottom side of the board provides the interface connection to the LVDS signals to the De-serializer board. Note: P1 (mini USB) on the top side is un-stuffed and not to be used with the cable provided in the kit.



# Configuration Settings for the Tx Demo Board

VDDI: 1.8V or 3.3V LVCMOS INPUT SELECTION

Reference	Description			
JP2	VDDI LVCMOS input configuration.	<p><b>VDDI = 1.8V (Default)</b></p>  <p>1.8V LVCMOS inputs</p>	<p><b>VDDI = 3.3V apply external</b></p>  <p>3.3V LVCMOS inputs</p>	





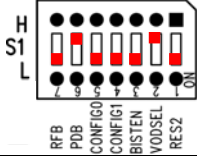



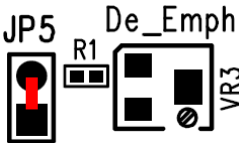
### S1: Serializer Input Features Selection

Reference	Description	Input = L	Input = H	S1
RFB	Latch input data on <b>R</b> ising or <b>F</b> alling edge of TCLK	Falling Edge <b>(Default)</b>	Rising Edge	<p>The diagram shows a 7-pin header labeled 'S1'. The pins are numbered 1 to 7 from right to left. Pin 1 is labeled 'ON'. The diagram shows the state of each pin for 'H', 'S1', and 'L' levels. The states are: RFB (pin 7) is high for H and S1, low for L; PDB (pin 6) is high for H and S1, low for L; CONFIG0 (pin 5) is high for H and S1, low for L; CONFIG1 (pin 4) is high for H and S1, low for L; BISTEN (pin 3) is high for H and S1, low for L; VODSEL (pin 2) is high for H and S1, low for L; RES2 (pin 1) is high for H and S1, low for L.</p>
PDB	<b>P</b> ower <b>D</b> own <b>B</b> ar	Powers Down	Operational <b>(Default)</b>	
CONFIG0 <i>(* IMPORTANT See user note below)</i>	See datasheet Table 2 for description of features	MUST be tied low for normal operation <b>(Default)</b>	-	
CONFIG1 <i>(* IMPORTANT See user note below)</i>	See datasheet Table 2 for description of features	MUST be tied low for normal operation <b>(Default)</b>	-	
BISTEN	<b>B</b> IST <b>E</b> nable See datasheet Table 2 for description	OFF <b>(Default)</b>	ON	
VODSEL	FPD-LINKII output <b>V</b> OD <b>S</b> ELECT	low <b>(Default)</b>	high	
RES 2 <i>(* IMPORTANT See user note below)</i>	<b>RES</b> erved	MUST be tied low for normal operation <b>(Default)</b>		

**\*Note:**

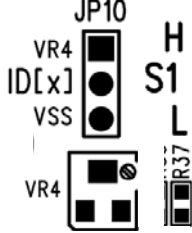
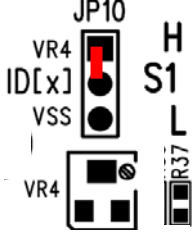
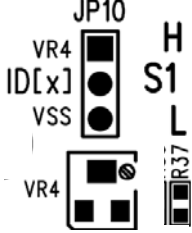



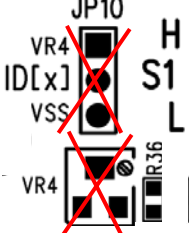
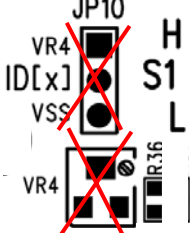


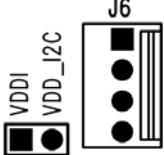
In user layout CONFIG0 (pin 12), CONFIG1 (pin 13), RES 2 (pin 18) **MUST** be tied low for proper operation.

JP5,VR3: De-Emphasis Feature Selection







Reference	Description	OPEN (floating)	CLOSED (Path to GND)	
JP5	De-Emphasis  Note, when using DeEmphasis, it is recommended that VODSEL = HIGH	Disabled – no jumper <b>(Default)</b> 	Enabled – With jumper  	
JP5 & VR3	De-Emphasis adjustment (via screw) JP3 <b>MUST</b> have a jumper to use VR3 potentiometer. VR3 = 0Ω to 20KΩ, R1 = 1.5KΩ, R1 + VR3 = 1.5KΩ (maximum DeEmph) to 21.5KΩ (minimum DeEmph). $I_{PRE} = [1.2/(R_{DeEmph})] \times 20$ , $R_{DeEmph} \text{ (minimum)} \geq 3K\Omega$ Note: There is no maximum $R_{DeEmph}$ value limitation	Clockwise  increases $R_{PRE}$ value which decreases De-emphasis	Counter-Clockwise  decreases $R_{PRE}$ value which increases De-emphasis	

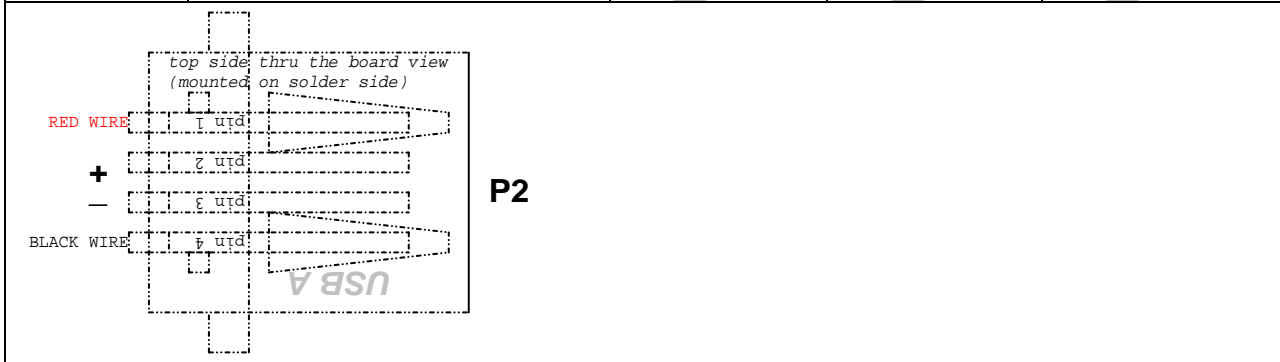
**De-emphasis user note:**  
**De-emphasis must be adjusted correctly based on application frequency, cable quality, cable length, and connector quality. Maximum De-emphasis should only be used under extreme worst case conditions; for example at the upper frequency specification of the part and/or low grade cables at maximum cable lengths. Typically all that is needed is minimum De-emphasis. Users should start with no De-emphasis first and gradually apply De-emphasis until there is clock lock and no data errors. The best way to monitor the De-emphasis effect is to hook up a differential probe to RIN+ and RIN- on the DS90UR906 Rx demo. The easiest tap point is pin2 of C1 and pin 2 of C2. The reason for monitoring RIN+/- on the Rx side is because you want to see what the receiver will see the attenuation signal AFTER the cable/connector.**

ID[x]J6,JP3: I2C like register programmable interface

Reference	Description	ID[x]=OPEN (floating)	ID[x]	ID[x]
ID[x]	ID[x] I2C address	ID[x] = h'EC 	See RID 	
RID thru VR4	JP10 must have jumper between pin 1 and pin 2 to use VR4 RID value thru VR4 VR4 = 470Ω; ID[x]=h'E2 VR4 = 2.7KΩ; ID[x]=h'E4 VR4 = 8.2KΩ; ID[x]=h'E6		Counter clockwise decreases RID value:  Clockwise increases RID value 	
RID thru external resistor	No jumper on JP10 			
RID	RID value thru VR4 VR4 = 470Ω; ID[x]=h'E2 VR4 = 2.7KΩ; ID[x]=h'E4 VR4 = 8.2KΩ; ID[x]=h'E6	Clockwise increases RID value 	Counter-Clockwise decreases RID value 	
<b>De-emphasis</b>				

JP13, JP14: USB Red and Black wire

Reference	Description	VDD	VSS	OPEN
<b>JP13</b>	Power wire in USB cable thru P2 ( <i>and P3, not mounted</i> ) connector Jumper RED to VSS – recommended	Red wire tied to VDD 	Red wire tied to VSS <b>(Default)</b> 	Red wire floating (not recommended) 
<b>JP14</b>	Power wire in USB cable thru P2 ( <i>and P3, not mounted</i> ) connector Jumper BLACK to VSS – recommended	Black wire tied to VDD 	Black wire tied to VSS <b>(Default)</b> 	Black wire floating (not recommended) 



## Tx LVCMOS and LVDS Pinout by Connector

The following three tables illustrate how the Tx inputs are mapped to the IDC connector J1, the LVDS outputs on the USB-A connector P3, and the mini USB P2 (not mounted) pinouts. Note – labels are also printed on the demo boards for both the LVCMOS input and LVDS outputs.

<b>J1</b> LVCMOS INPUT			
pin no.	name	name	pin no.
<b>1</b>	GND	R0	2
3	GND	R1	4
5	GND	R2	6
7	GND	R3	8
9	GND	R4	10
11	GND	R5	12
13	GND	R6	14
15	GND	R7	16
17	GND	G0	18
19	GND	G1	20
21	GND	G2	22
23	GND	G3	24
25	GND	G4	26
27	GND	G5	28
29	GND	G6	30
31	GND	G7	32
33	GND	B0	34
35	GND	B1	36
37	GND	B2	38
39	GND	B3	40
41	GND	B4	42
43	GND	B5	44
45	GND	B6	46
47	GND	B7	48
49	GND	HS	50
51	GND	VS	52
53	GND	DE	54
55	GND	PCLK	56

<b>P3</b> (bottom side) FPD-LinkII OUTPUT	
pin no.	name
<b>1</b>	JP13
2	DOUT+
3	DOUT-
4	JP14

<b>P2</b> (topside) (not mounted) FPD-LinkII OUTPUT	
pin no.	name
5	JP14
4	NC
3	DOUT-
2	DOUT+
<b>1</b>	JP13

# BOM (Bill of Materials) Serializer Demo PCB:

DS90UR905 Tx Demo Board - Board Stackup Revised: Thursday, June 18, 2009

DS90UR905 Tx Demo Board Revision: 2

Bill Of Materials July 16,2009 19:47:16

Item	Qty	Reference	Part	PCB Footprint	Comments	MFR	MFR Part#
1	2	C1,C15	2.2uF	3528-21_EIA	CAPACITOR TANT 2.2UF 20V 10% SMD	KEMET	T491B225K020AT
2	2	C16,C2	0.1uF	CAP/HDC-1206	CAP .10UF 50V CERAMIC X7R 1206	KEMET	C1206C104K5RACTU
4	2	C5,C6	0.1uF	CAP/HDC-0603	CAP CERAMIC .1UF 50V X7R 0603	Panasonic	ECJ-1VB1H104K
5	7	C7,C14,C20,C23, C24,C28, C30	0.1uF	CAP/HDC-0603	CAP .1UF ±10% 25V CERAMIC X7R 0603	Panasonic	ECJ-1VB1E104K
6	2	C10,C13	22uF	CAP/N	CAP TANTALUM 22UF 25V 20% SMD	nichicon	F931E226MNC
7	2	C11,C12	5pF	CAP/HDC-0201	CAP CERAMIC 5.0PF 25V NPO 0201	Panasonic	ECJ-ZEC1E050C
8	6	C17,C18,C21,C31, C32,C33	22uF	CAP/EIA-B	CAPACITOR TANT 22UF 16V 20% SMD	Kemet	T494B226M016AT
9	5	C19,C25,C26,C27, C29	0.01uF	CAP/HDC-0603	CAP CERAMIC .01UF 100V X7R 0603	KEMET	C0603C103K1RACTU
11	3	JP1,JP3,JP5	2-Pin Header	Header/2P	30AU CONN HEADER VERT .100 2POS	AMP/Tyco	87220-2
12	5	JP2,JP10,JP13, JP14,JP15	3-Pin Header	Header/3P	15AU CONN HEADER VERT .100 3POS	AMP/Tyco	87224-3
16	1	J1	HEADER 28x2	2x28 0.1" CON/	30AU. Cut to fit. BANANA-female	AMP/TYCO	3-87215-0
18	2	J3,J4	BANANA	BANANA-S	(non-insulated) CONN HEADER 4POS .100 VERT	Johnson Molex/Waldom Electronics Corp	108-0740-001 22-11-2042
20	1	J6	IDC1X4	IDC-1x4	GOLD CONN USB RECEPT		
26	1	P3	USB A	USB_TYPE _A_4P	R/A TYPE A 4POS.	AMP/Tyco	292303-1
27	1	R1	1.50K	RES/HDC-0402	RES 1.50K OHM 1/16W 1% 0402 SMD	Panasonic	ERJ-2RKF1501X
31	10	R31,R32,R33,R45, R46,R47,R48,R53, R56,R57	0 Ohm, 0402	RES/HDC-0402	RES ZERO OHM 1/16W 5% 0402 SMD	Panasonic	ERJ-2GEJ0R00X
33	8	R37,R58,R59,R60, R61,R62, R63,R64	10K	RES/HDC-0603	RES 10.0K OHM 1/10W 1% 0603 SMD	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF1002V
34	2	R40,R39	4.7K	RES/HDC-0603	RES 4.7K OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ472V
38	2	R52,R51	0 ohm	RES/HDC-0201	RES 0.0 OHM 1/20W 5% 0201 SMD	Panasonic	ERJ-1GE0R00C
39	1	S1	SW DIP-7	DIP-14	SWITCH DIP EXTENDED SEALED 7POS	Grayhill	78B07ST
40	1	U1	DS90UR905	48ld LLP Surface	DS90UR905Q 11-Turn Trimming	National	DS90UR905Q
44	1	VR3	SVR20K	Mount 4mm Square	Potentiometer; Top Adjust	Bourns	3224W-1-203E
45	1	VR4	SVR100K	Mount 4mm Square	11-Turn Trimming Potentiometer; Top Adjust	Bourns	3224W-1-104E

# DS90UR906 Rx De-serializer Board Description:

The USB connector J2 (mini USB) on the topside of the board provides the interface connection for FPD-LINKII signals to the Serializer board. Note: J3 (mini USB) on the bottom side is un-stuffed and not used with the cable provided in the kit.

The De-serializer board is powered externally from the J9 (VDD) and J7 (VSS) connectors shown below. For the De-serializer to be operational, the S1 – SLEEPB and switch on S1 must be set HIGH. Rising or falling edge reference clock is user selected by S1-RRFB: HIGH (for rising edge strobing) or LOW (for falling edge strobing).

The 2x25 pin IDC Connector P1 provides access to the 24 bit 1.8V or 3.3V LVCMOS and clock outputs.

④ J4, J5, JP1

Note:

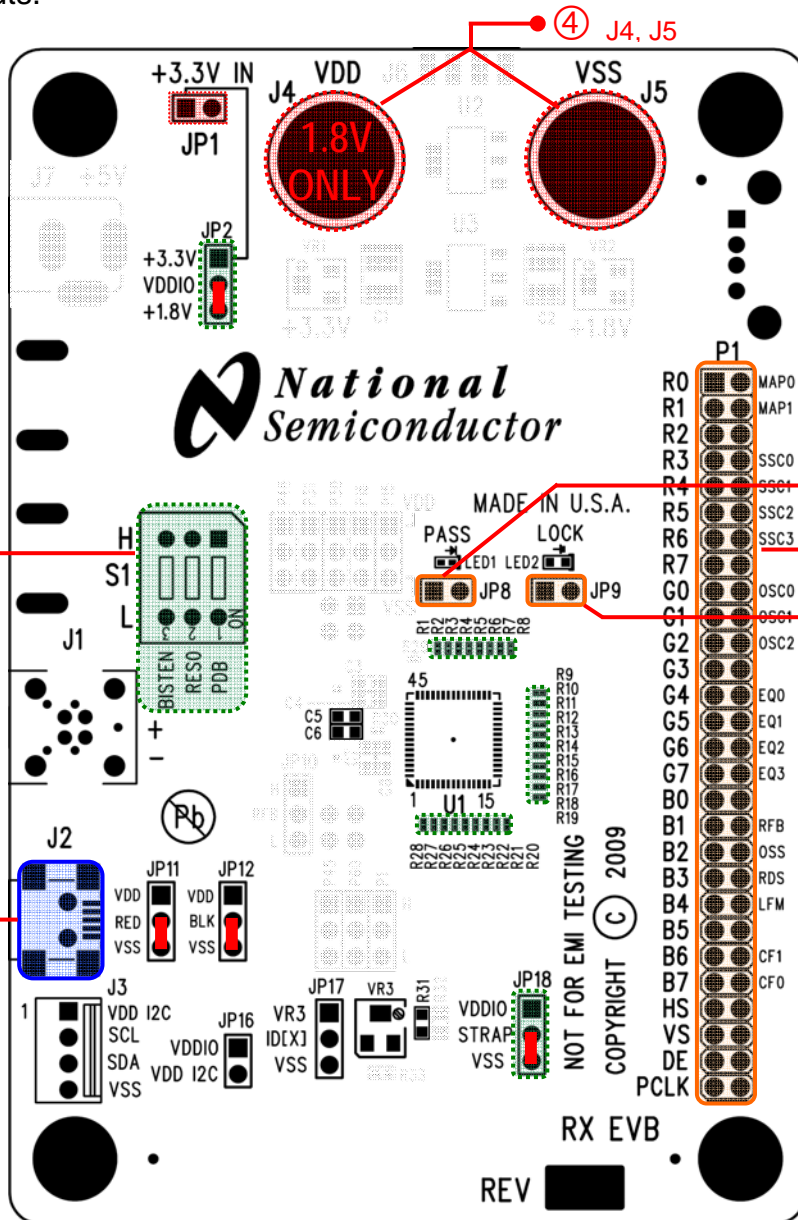
- 1) VDD and VSS applied **externally** from J4 and J5 respectively.
- 2) To interface to 1.8V inputs: place jumper between pin 2 & 3 of JP2 (VDDIO=+1.8V)
- 2b) To interface to 3.3V inputs: place jumper between pin 1 & 2 of JP2 and apply 3.3V on JP1 pin 1. (VDDIO=+3.3V).

③ S1

Note:

Connect cable (mini USB side) to J2 on (TOPSIDE).

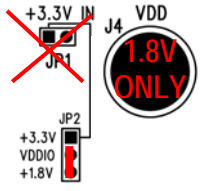
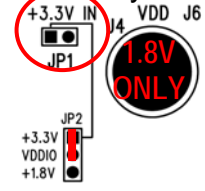
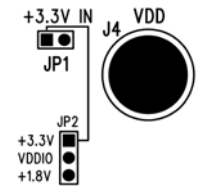
- ① J2 (TOPSIDE)
- ① J3 (BACKSIDE) (UNSTUFFED)



- ① FPD-LINKII INPUTS
- ② LVCMOS OUTPUTS
- ③ FUNCTION CONTROLS
- ④ POWER SUPPLY

# Configuration Settings for the Rx Demo Board

VDDIO: 1.8V or 3.3V LVCMOS INPUT/OUTPUT SELECTION

Reference	Description			
JP1	VDDIO LVCMOS input/output configuration.	<p><b>VDDIO = 1.8V (Default)</b></p>  <p>1.8V LVCMOS</p>	<p><b>VDDIO = 3.3V</b> apply externally</p>  <p>3.3V LVCMOS</p>	



S1, STRAPS: De-serializer Input Features Selection

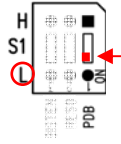
Reference	Description	Input = L	Input = H	S1
PDB	<b>PowerDown Bar</b>	Power Down (Disabled)	Operational <b>(Default)</b>	<p>The diagram shows three jumpers labeled BISTEN, RES0, and PDB. BISTEN and RES0 are shown with red bars, indicating they are set to 'ON'. PDB is shown as a solid black square, indicating it is set to 'OFF'. The jumpers are numbered 2, 2, and 1 respectively.</p>
BISTEN	<b>BIST ENable</b> See datasheet Table 2 for description Note: Set BISTEN on the DS90UR905 before the DS90UR906	OFF <b>(Default)</b>	ON	
RES0 <i>(* IMPORTANT See user note below)</i>	<b>REServed</b>	MUST be tied low for normal operation <b>(Default)</b>		

\*Note: In user layout RES0 (pin 47) **MUST** be tied low for proper operation.

## STRAPs: De-serializer Input Features Selection

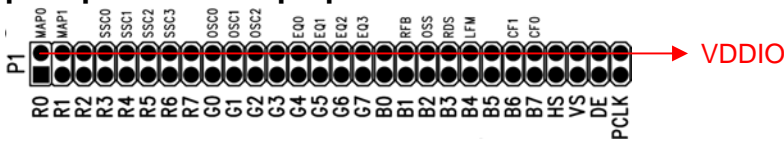
There are two options for setting strap(s):

1) On-the-fly strap selection on the demo board is a six (6) step process:

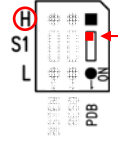
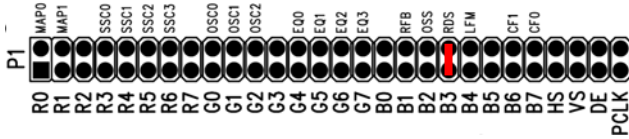


**Step 1: Set PDB to LOW on SW1.** This will place the part in power down mode.

**Step 2: Place jumper between pin 1 and 2 of JP18.** This ties the even numbered pins on P1 to VDDIO which will provide the pullup for the strap option.



**Step 3: Place jumper(s) on strap pins option(s) desired.**  
E.g. if you wanted to change RDS from default RDS=L (low drive strength) to RDS=H (high drive strength), place a jumper on RDS of P1.



**Step 4: Switch PDB on SW1 from LOW to HIGH.** This overrides the default register(s) and will place the part in normal operating mode.

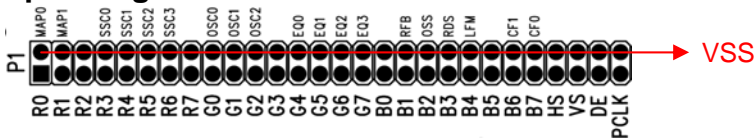
**Step 5: Remove ALL jumper(s) on strap pin placed in Step 3.**

**Step 6: Remove jumper between pin 1 and 2 of JP18 and place the jumper between**

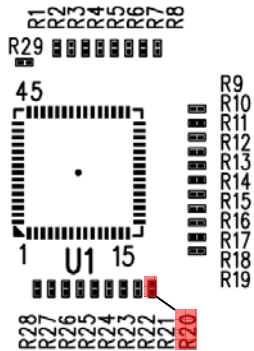
**pin 2 and 3 of JP18.**



This ties the even numbered pins on P1 to VSS and is used as the ground reference for R[7:0], G[7:0], B[7:0], HS, VS, DE, PCLK under normal operating conditions.

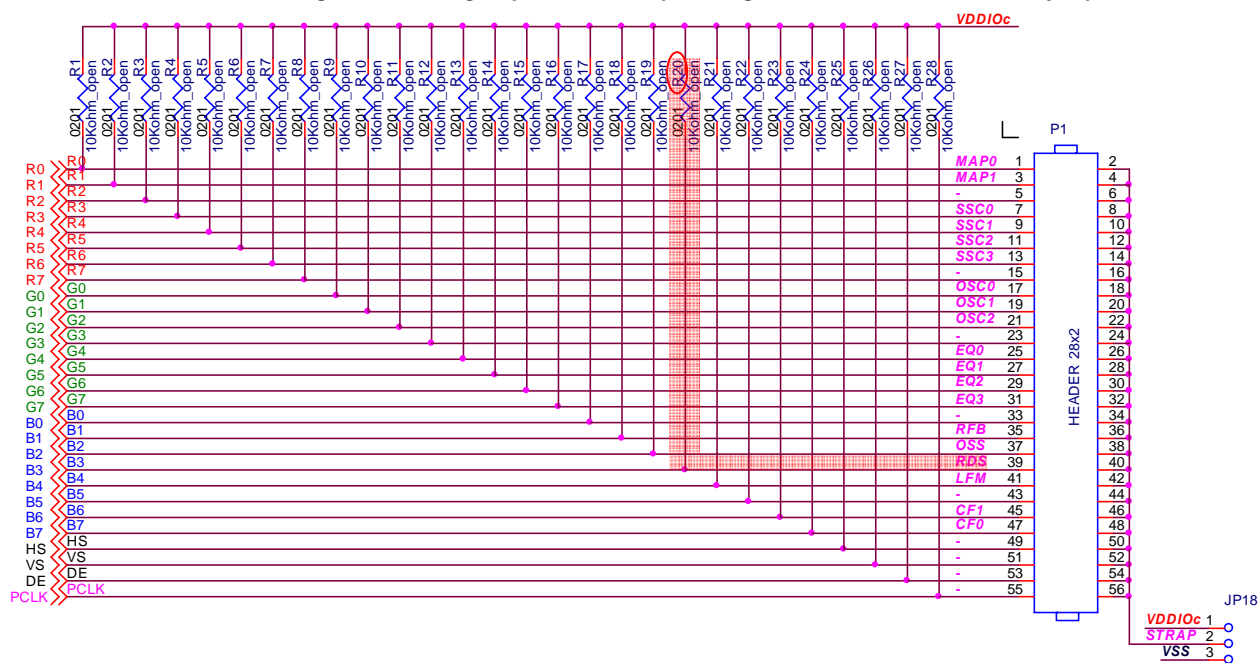


2) For straps options to be loaded permanently without using the on-the-fly option:  
Place a 10K ohm 0201 size resistor on corresponding resistor pads.








































































E.g.

Note: This is the same configuration setting as previous example using 10K ohm resistor instead of jumpers



		Normal operation	For strap pullup	
	Ties all even pins on P1 to HIGH or LOW.	<p>JP18</p> <p>VDDIO </p> <p>STRAP </p> <p>VSS </p> <p>All strap inputs = L</p>	<p>JP18</p> <p>VDDIO </p> <p>STRAP </p> <p>VSS </p> <p>Strap pullup to VDDIO</p>	<p>P1</p> <p>R0 MAP0</p> <p>R1 MAP1</p> <p>R2 SSC0</p> <p>R3 SSC1</p> <p>R4 SSC2</p> <p>R5 SSC3</p> <p>R6 SSC3</p> <p>R7 SSC3</p> <p>G0 OSC0</p> <p>G1 OSC1</p> <p>G2 OSC2</p> <p>G3 OSC2</p> <p>G4 EQ0</p> <p>G5 EQ1</p> <p>G6 EQ2</p> <p>G7 EQ3</p> <p>B0 RFB</p> <p>B1 RFB</p> <p>B2 OSS</p> <p>B3 OSS</p> <p>B4 LFM</p> <p>B5 LFM</p> <p>B6 CF1</p> <p>B7 CF0</p> <p>HS HS</p> <p>VS VS</p> <p>DE DE</p> <p>PCLK PCLK</p> <p>JP18</p> <p>VDDIO</p> <p>STRAP</p> <p>VSS</p>

Reference	Description	Input = L	Input = H	P1
MAPSEL[1:0]	<b>MAP SElect</b>	R0  MAP0 R1  MAP1 <b>(Default)</b> No jumpers	R0  MAP0 R1  MAP1	R0  MAP0 R1  MAP1
SSC[3:0]	<b>Spread Spectrum Clock Generation control</b> See datasheet for settings	Disabled <b>(Default)</b> R3  SSC0 R4  SSC1 R5  SSC2 R6  SSC3 No jumpers	R3  SSC0 R4  SSC1 R5  SSC2 R6  SSC3 : R3  SSC0 R4  SSC1 R5  SSC2 R6  SSC3 <i>(15 settings)</i>	R3  SSC0 R4  SSC1 R5  SSC2 R6  SSC3
OSC[2:0]	<b>OSCillator</b> Frequency select See datasheet for settings	Disabled G0  OSC0 G1  OSC1 G2  OSC2 <b>(Default)</b> No jumpers	G0  OSC0 G1  OSC1 G2  OSC2 : G0  OSC0 G1  OSC1 G2  OSC2 <i>(7 settings)</i>	G0  OSC0 G1  OSC1 G2  OSC2
EQ[0]	<b>Equalizer</b> Disable/Enable	Disabled G4  EQ0 <b>(Default)</b> No jumper	Enabled G4  EQ0	G4  EQ0
EQ[3:1]	<b>Equalizer control</b> See datasheet for settings	G5  EQ1 G6  EQ2 G7  EQ3 <b>(Default)</b> No jumpers	G5  EQ1 G6  EQ2 G7  EQ3 : G5  EQ1 G6  EQ2 G7  EQ3	G5  EQ1 G6  EQ2 G7  EQ3
RFB	Latch output data on <b>R</b> ising or <b>F</b> alling Data Strobe of RCLK	Falling B1  RFB <b>(Default)</b> No jumper	Rising B1  RFB Must also set JP18	B1  RFB
OSS SEL	<b>Output Select Sleep SElect</b>	Disabled B2  OSS <b>(Default)</b> No jumper	Enabled B2  OSS	B2  OSS
RDS	<b>Reciever Output Drive Strength</b>	Low drive strength B3  RDS <b>(Default)</b>	High drive strength B3  RDS	B3  RDS

		No jumper		
LF_MODE	<b>Low Frequency MODE</b> Used only when SSCG is enabled otherwise this pin is a don't care	PCLK $\geq$ 20MHz B4  LFM <b>(Default)</b> No jumper	PCLK $<$ 20MHz B4  LFM	B4  LFM
CONFIG[1:0]	<b>CONFIG</b> uration control See datasheet for settings	B6  CF1 B7  CF0 <b>(Default)</b> No jumper	B6  CF1 B7  CF0 : B6  CF1 B7  CF0	B6  CF1 B7  CF0

JP4: Output Lock Monitor

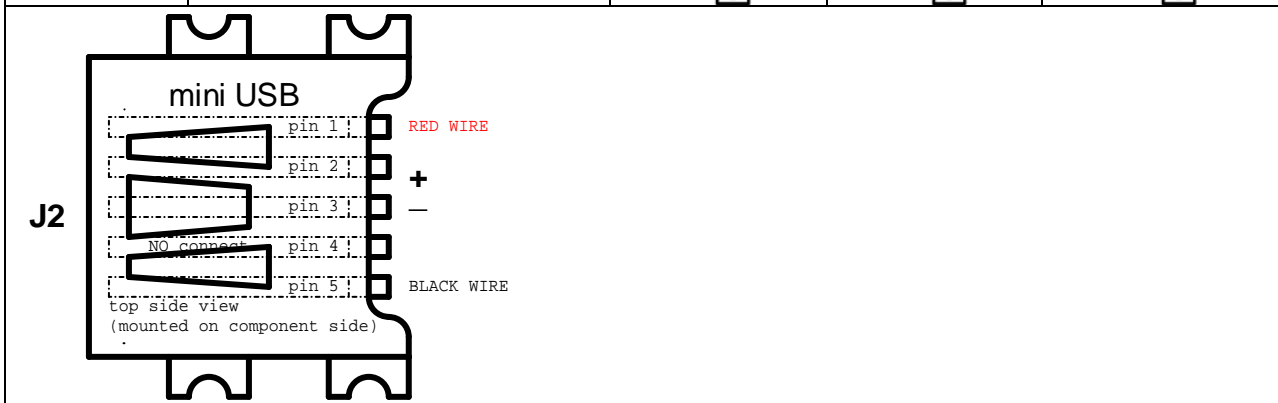
Reference	Description	Output = L	Output = H	JP4
LOCK (JP9)	Receiver PLL LOCK <b>Note:</b> <b>DO NOT PUT A SHORTING JUMPER IN JP4.</b>	Unlocked LOCK LED2 JP9	Locked LOCK LED2 JP9	LOCK LED2 JP9

JP3: Output Pass Monitor

Reference	Description	Output = L	Output = H	JP3
PASS (JP8)	BIST PASS <b>Note:</b> <b>DO NOT PUT A SHORTING JUMPER IN JP3.</b>	Unlocked PASS LED1 JP8	PASS LED1 JP8	PASS LED1 JP8

JP1, JP2: USB Red and Black wire

Reference	Description	VDD	VSS	OPEN
JP11	Power wire in USB cable thru J2 (and J3 not mounted) connector Jumper RED to VSS – recommended  <i>Note: Normally VDD in USB application</i>	Red wire tied to VDD  JP11 VDD RED VSS	Red wire tied to VSS <b>(Default)</b>  JP11 VDD RED VSS	Red wire floating (not recommended)  JP11 VDD RED VSS
JP12	Power wire in USB cable thru J2 (and J3 not mounted) connector Jumper BLACK to VSS – recommended  <i>Note: Normally VSS in USB application</i>	Black wire tied to VDD  JP12 VDD BLK VSS	Black wire tied to VSS <b>(Default)</b>  JP12 VDD BLK VSS	Black wire floating (not recommended)  JP12 VDD BLK VSS



## Rx LVDS Pinout and LVCMOS by Connector

The following three tables illustrate how the Rx outputs are mapped to the IDC connector P1, the mini USB LVDS connector J2, and the mini USB LVDS connector J5 pinouts. Note – labels are also printed on the demo boards for both the LVDS inputs and LVCMOS outputs.

<b>P1</b>			
<b>LVCMOS OUTPUT</b>			
<b>pin no.</b>	<b>name</b>	<b>name</b>	<b>pin no.</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>R0</b>	GND	2
3	R1	GND	4
5	R2	GND	6
7	R3	GND	8
9	R4	GND	10
11	R5	GND	12
13	R6	GND	14
15	R7	GND	16
17	G0	GND	18
19	G1	GND	20
21	G2	GND	22
23	G3	GND	24
25	G4	GND	26
27	G5	GND	28
29	G6	GND	30
31	G7	GND	32
33	B0	GND	34
35	B1	GND	36
37	B2	GND	38
39	B3	GND	40
41	B4	GND	42
43	B5	GND	44
45	B6	GND	46
47	B7	GND	48
49	HS	GND	50
51	VS	GND	52
53	DE	GND	54
55	PCLK	GND	56

<b>J2</b>	
<b>(topside)</b>	
<b>LVDS OUTPUT</b>	
<b>pin no.</b>	<b>name</b>
<b>1</b>	JP5
2	RIN+
3	RIN-
4	NC
5	JP6

<b>J5</b>	
<b>(bottom side)</b>	
<b>(not mounted)</b>	
<b>LVDS OUTPUT</b>	
<b>pin no.</b>	<b>name</b>
5	JP6
4	NC
3	RIN-
2	RIN+
<b>1</b>	JP5

# BOM (Bill of Materials) De-serializer Demo PCB:

DS90UR906 Rx Demo Board - Board Stackup Revised: Friday, September 18, 2009

DS90UR906 Rx Demo Board Revision: 2

Bill Of Materials September 18,2009 18:25:53

Item	Qty	Reference	Part	PCB Footprint	Comments	MFR	MFR Part#
2	6	C3,C7,C21, C29,C30,C34	0.1uF	CAP/HDC- 0603	CAP .1UF ±10% 25V CERAMIC X7R 0603	Panasonic	ECJ-1VB1E104K
3	5	C4,C8,C22, C25,C31	0.01uF	CAP/HDC- 0603	CAP CERAMIC .01UF 100V X7R 0603	KEMET	C0603C103K1RACTU
4	4	C5,C6,C15,C16	0.1uF	CAP/HDC- 0603	CAP CERAMIC .1UF 50V X7R 0603	Panasonic	ECJ-1VB1H104K
5	2	C11,C14	22uF	CAP/N 3528- 21_EIA	CAP TANTALUM 22UF 25V 20% SMD	nichicon	F931E226MNC
6	2	C12,C17	2.2uF	CAP/HDC- 1206	CAPACITOR TANT 2.2UF 20V 10% SMD	KEMET	T491B225K020AT
7	2	C18,C13	0.1uF	CAP/EIA-B 3528-21	CAP .10UF 50V CERAMIC X7R 1206	KEMET	C1206C104K5RACTU
8	6	C19,C20,C24, C28,C32,C33	22uF	CAP/HDC- 0402	CAPACITOR TANT 22UF 16V 20% SMD	Kemet	T494B226M016AT
10	1	C26	4.7µF	CAP/HDC- 0402	CAP CERAMIC 4.7UF 6.3V X5R 0402	Panasonic	ECJ-0EB0J475M
11	2	C35,C36	5pF	CAP/HDC- 0201	CAP CERAMIC 5.0PF 25V NP0 0201	Panasonic	ECJ-ZEC1E050C
12	2	JP1,JP16	2-Pin Header	Header/2P	CONN HEADER VERT .100 2POS 30AU	AMP/Tyco	87220-2
13	3	JP2,JP17,JP18	3-Pin Header	Header/3P	CONN HEADER VERT .100 3POS 15AU	AMP/Tyco	87224-3
16	2	JP11,JP12	3-Pin Header	Header/3P	CONN HEADER VERT .100 3POS 15AU.	AMP/Tyco	87224-3
19	1	J2	mini USB 5pin	mini_B USB surface mount	CONN RECEPT MINI USB2.0 5POS.	Hirose Molex/ Waldom Electronics Corp	UX60-MB-5ST
20	1	J3	IDC1X4	IDC-1x4 CON/	CONN HEADER 4POS .100 VERT GOLD	Johnson Lumex Opto/ Components Inc	22-11-2042
21	2	J4,J5	BANANA	BANANA-S	BANANA-female (non-insulated)	Johnson Lumex Opto/ Components Inc	108-0740-001
26	1	LED1	0402 Orange LED	0402 SMT 0603	LED ORN/CLEAR 610NM 0402 SMD	LITE-ON INC	SML-LX0402SOC-TR
27	1	LED2	0603 Green LED	0603 (Super Thin)	LED GREEN CLEAR THIN 0603 SMD	INC	LTST-C191KGKT
28	1	P1	HEADER 28x2	2x28 0.1" RES/HDC- 0603	CONN HEADER VERT 56POS .100 30AU. Cut 60 POS or use AMP part #2-87215-9.	AMP/TYCO	3-87215-0
32	4	R31,R37, R38,R39	10K	RES/HDC- 0603	RES 10.0K OHM 1/10W 1% 0603 SMD	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF1002V
37	8	R40,R43,R44,R45, R46,R47,R59,R60	0 Ohm, 0402	RES/HDC- 0402	RES ZERO OHM 1/16W 5% 0402 SMD	Panasonic	ERJ-2GEJ0R00X
40	3	R56,R57,R58	0 ohm	RES/HDC- 0201	RES 0.0 OHM 1/20W 5% 0201 SMD.	Panasonic	ERJ-1GE0R00C
41	2	R62,R61	4.7K	RES/HDC- 0603	RES 4.7K OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ472V
42	1	S1	SW DIP-3	DIP-6	SWITCH DIP EXTENDED SEALED 3POS	Grayhill	78B03ST
43	1	U1	DS90UR906	60ld LLP Surface Mount	DO NOT PURCHASE, National will supply.	National	DS90UR906
46	1	VR3	SVR50K	4mm Square	TRIMPOT 50K OHM 4MM CERMET SMD	Bourns	3224W-1-503E



## Typical Connection and Test Equipment

The following is a list of typical test equipment that may be used to generate signals for the TX inputs:

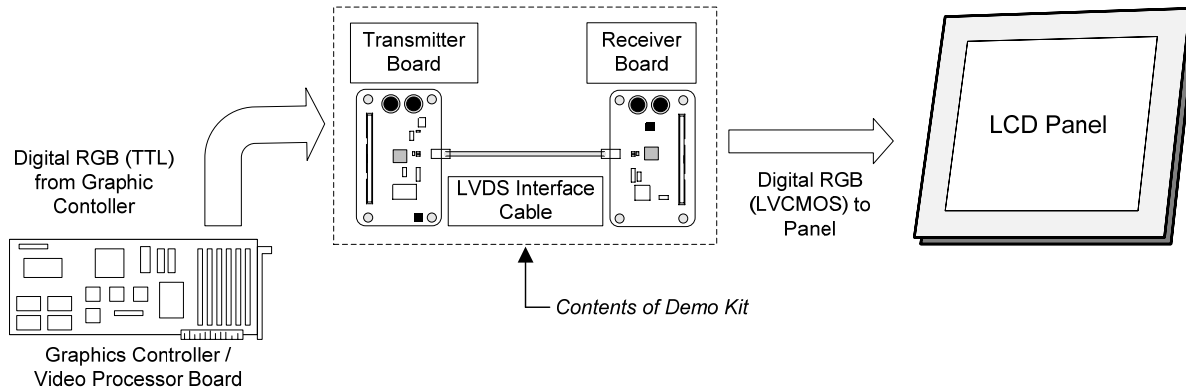
- 1) Digital Video Source – for generation of specific display timing such as Digital Video Processor or Graphics Controller with digital RGB (1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS) output.
- 2) Astro Systems VG-835 - This video generator may be used for video signal sources for 6/8-bit Digital 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS/RGB.
- 3) Any other signal / video generator that generates the correct input levels as specified in the datasheet.
- 4) Optional – Logic Analyzer or Oscilloscope

The following is a list of typical test equipment that may be used to monitor the output signals from the RX:

- 1) LCD Display Panel which supports digital RGB (1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS) inputs.
- 2) National Semiconductor DS90UR905 Serializer (Tx)
- 3) Optional – Logic Analyzer or Oscilloscope
- 4) Any SCOPE with a bandwidth of at least 65MHz for 1.8V/3.3V LVCMOS and/or 1GHz for looking at the differential signal.

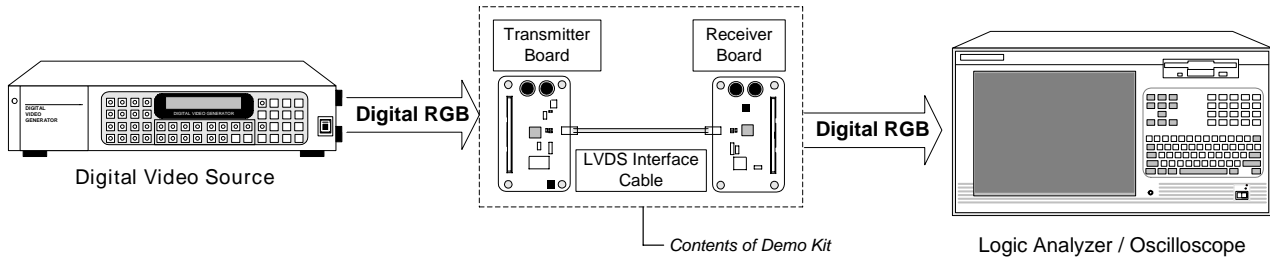
LVDS signals may be easily measured with high impedance / high bandwidth differential probes such as the TEK P6247 or P6248 differential probes.

The picture below shows a typical test set up using a Graphics Controller and LCD Panel.



**Figure 2. Typical SERDES Setup of LCD Panel Application**

The picture below shows a typical test set up using a generator and scope.



**Figure 3. Typical SERDES Test Setup for Evaluation**

# Troubleshooting Demo Setup

**NOTE: The DS90UR905 and DS90UR906 are NOT USB compliant and should not be plugged into a USB device nor should a USB device be plugged into the demo boards.**

If the demo boards are not performing properly, use the following as a guide for quick solutions to potential problems. If the problem persists, please contact the local Sales Representative for assistance.

## QUICK CHECKS:

1. Check that Powers and Grounds are connected to both Tx AND Rx boards.
2. Check the supply voltage (typical 1.8V) and also current draw with both Tx and Rx boards. The Serializer board should draw about 100mA with clock and all data bits switching at 65MHz. The De-serializer board should draw about 120mA with clock and all data bits switching at 65MHz.
3. Verify input clock and input data signals meet requirements (VIL, VIH, tset, thold), Also verify that data is strobed on the selected rising/falling (RFB pin) edge of the clock.
4. Check that the Jumpers and Switches are set correctly.
5. Check that the cable is properly connected.

## TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

<b>Problem...</b>	<b>Solution...</b>
There is only the output clock.	Make sure the data is applied to the correct input pin.
There is no output data.	Make sure data is valid at the input.
No output data and clock.	Make sure Power is on. Input data and clock are active and connected correctly.  Make sure that the cable is secured to both demo boards.
Power, ground, input data and input clock are connected correctly, but no outputs.	Check the Power Down pins of both Serializer and De-serializer boards to make sure that the devices are enabled (/PD=Vcc) for operation. Also check DEN on the Serializer board and REN on the Deserializer board is set HIGH.
The devices are pulling more than 1A of current.	Check for shorts in the cables connecting the TX and RX boards.
After powering up the demo boards, the power supply reads less than 1.8V when it is set to 1.8V.	Use a larger power supply that will provide enough current for the demo boards, a 500mA minimum power supply is recommended.

Note: Please note that the following references are supplied only as a courtesy to our valued customers. It is not intended to be an endorsement of any particular equipment or hardware supplier.

## Equipment References

Digital Video Pattern Generator – Astro Systems VG-835 (or equivalent):

Astro Systems  
425 S. Victory Blvd. Suite A  
Burbank, CA 91502  
Phone: (818) 848-7722  
Fax: (818) 848-7799  
[www.astro-systems.com](http://www.astro-systems.com)

## Extra Component References

TDK Corporation of America  
1740 Technology Drive, Suite 510  
San Jose, CA 95110  
Phone: (408) 437-9585  
Fax: (408) 437-9591  
[www.component.tdk.com](http://www.component.tdk.com)  
Optional EMI Filters – TDK Chip Beads (or equivalent)

## Cable References

The FPD-LINKII interface cable included in the kit is a standard off-the-shelf high-speed USB 2.0 with a 4-pin USB A type on one end and a 5-pin mini USB on the other end and is included for demonstration purposes only.

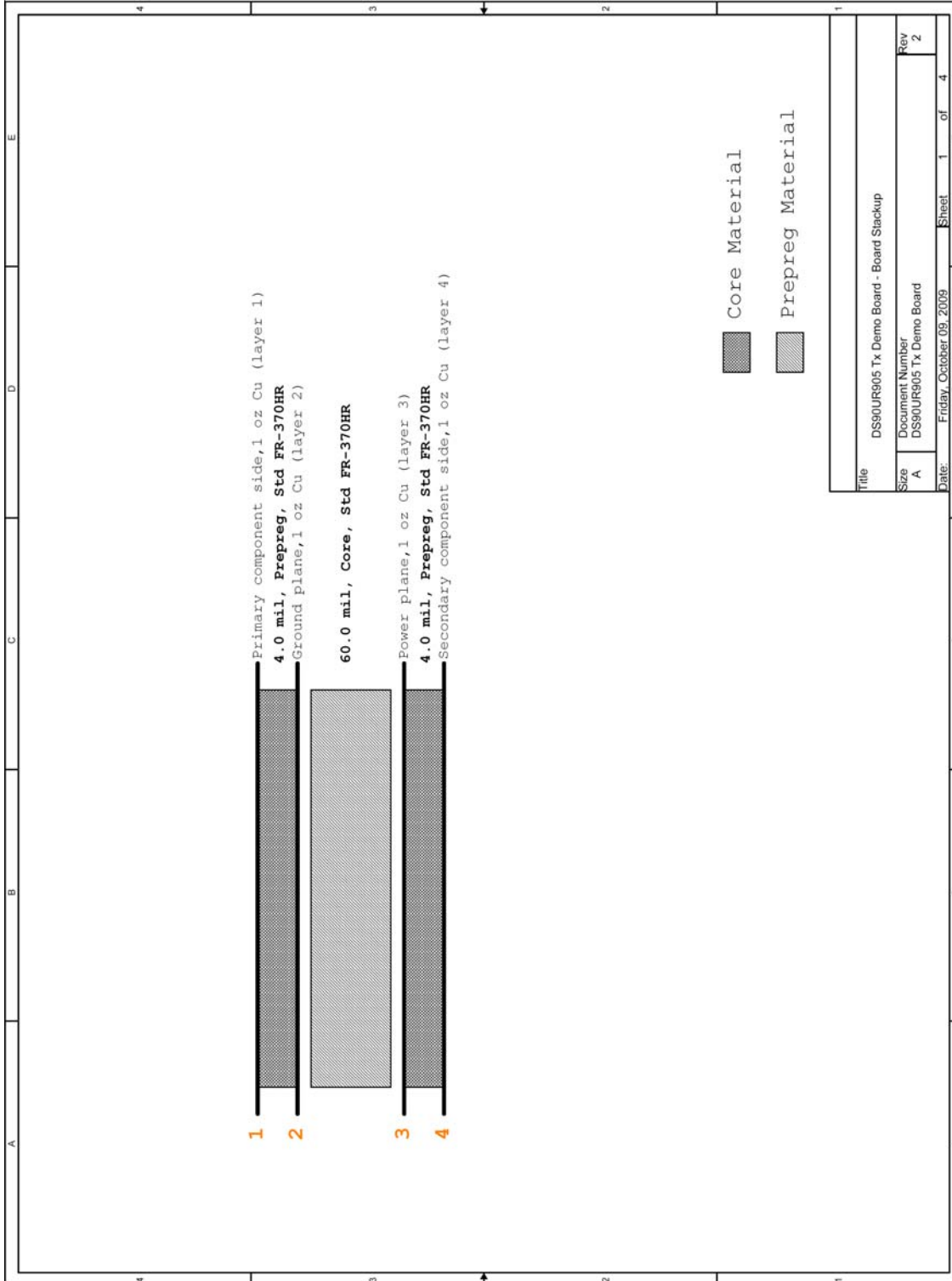
**NOTE: The DS90UR905 and DS90UR906 are NOT USB compliant and should not be plugged into a USB device nor should a USB device be plugged into the demo boards.**

The inclusion of the USB cable in the kit is for:

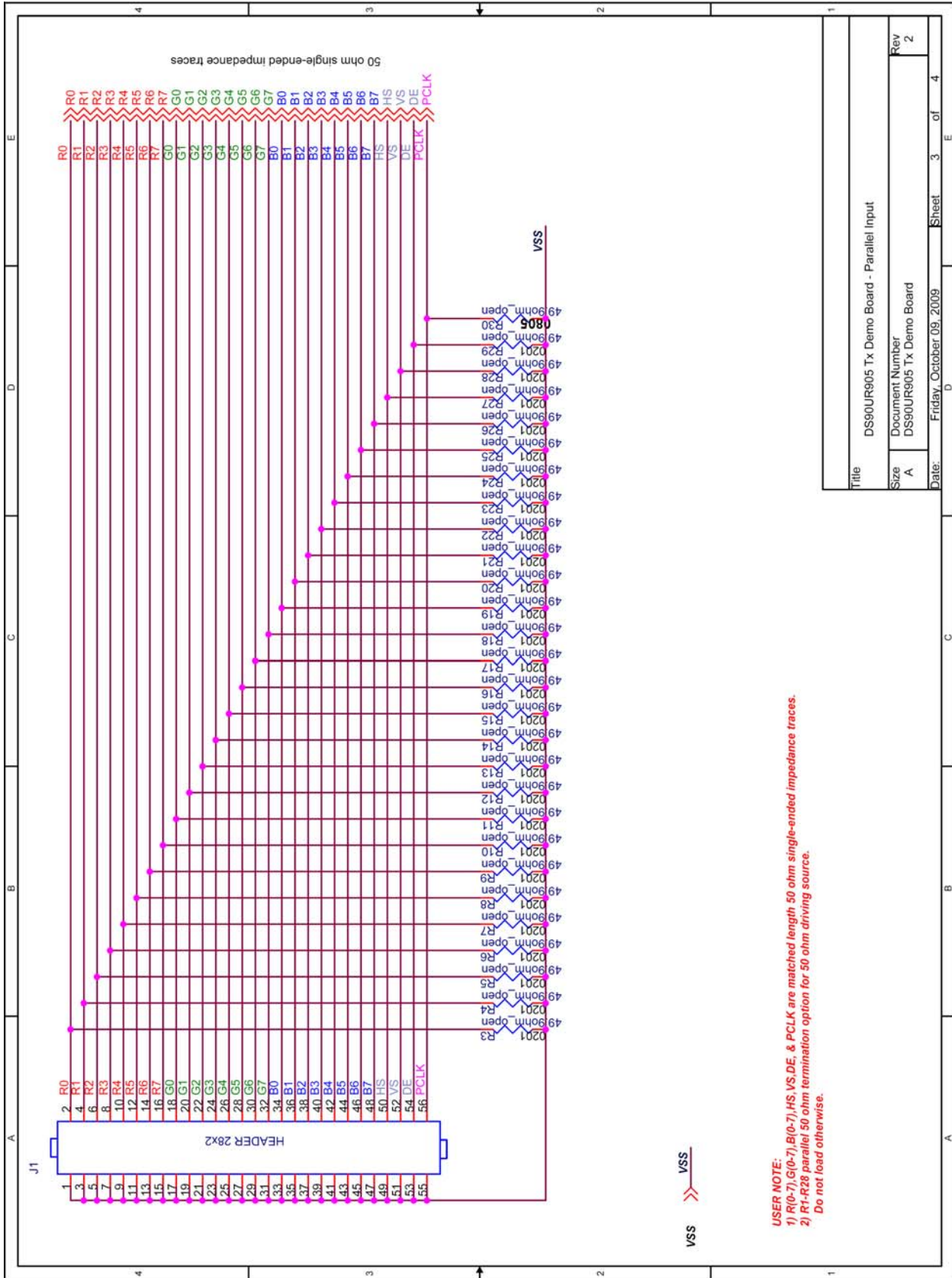
- 1) Demonstrating the robustness of the FPD-LINKII link over ordinary twisted pair data cables.
- 2) Readily available and in different lengths without having custom cables made.

- For optimal performance, we recommend Shielded Twisted Pair (STP) 100Ω differential impedance cable for high-speed data applications.

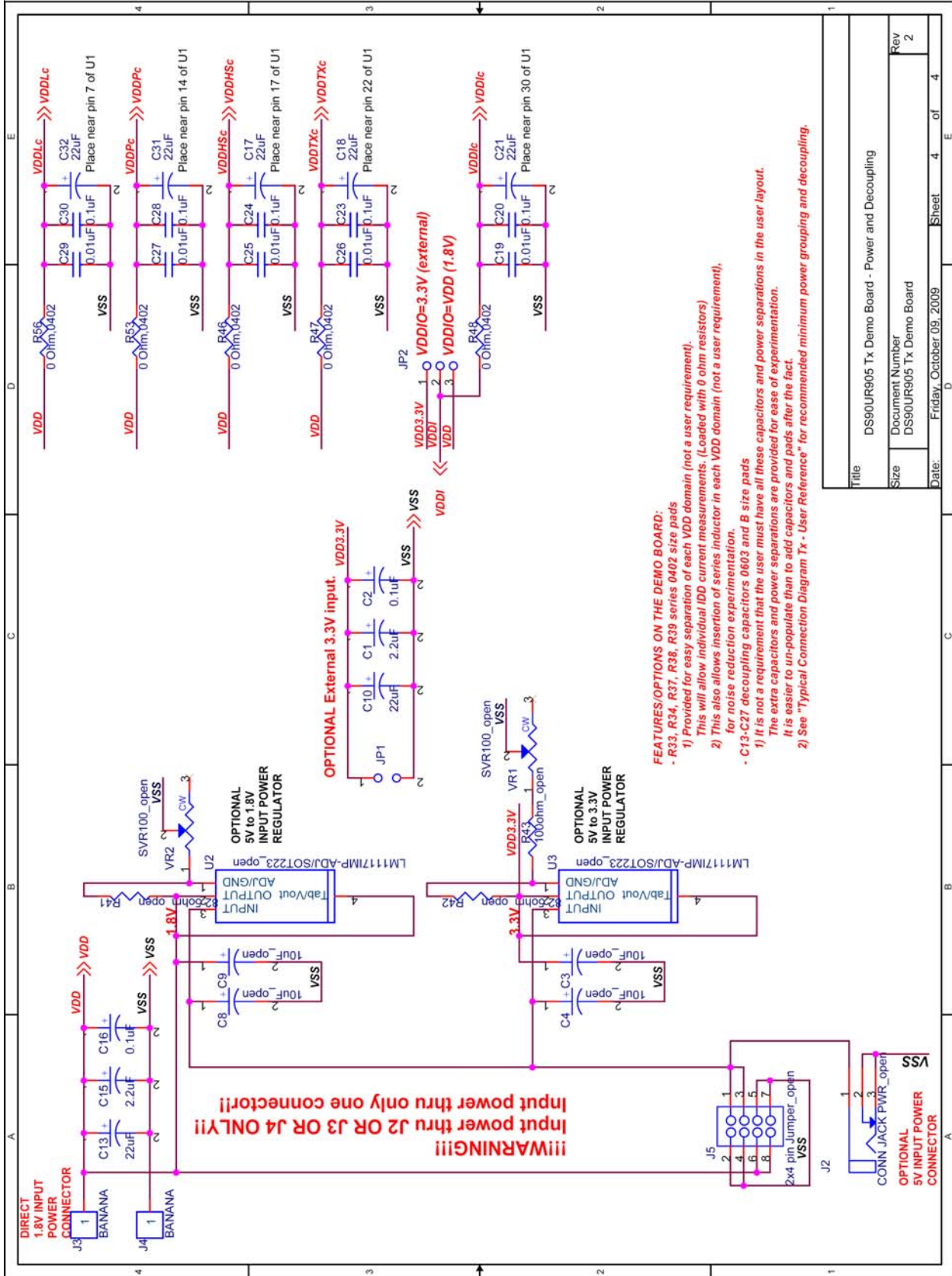
# Appendix Serializer (Tx) Demo PCB Schematic:





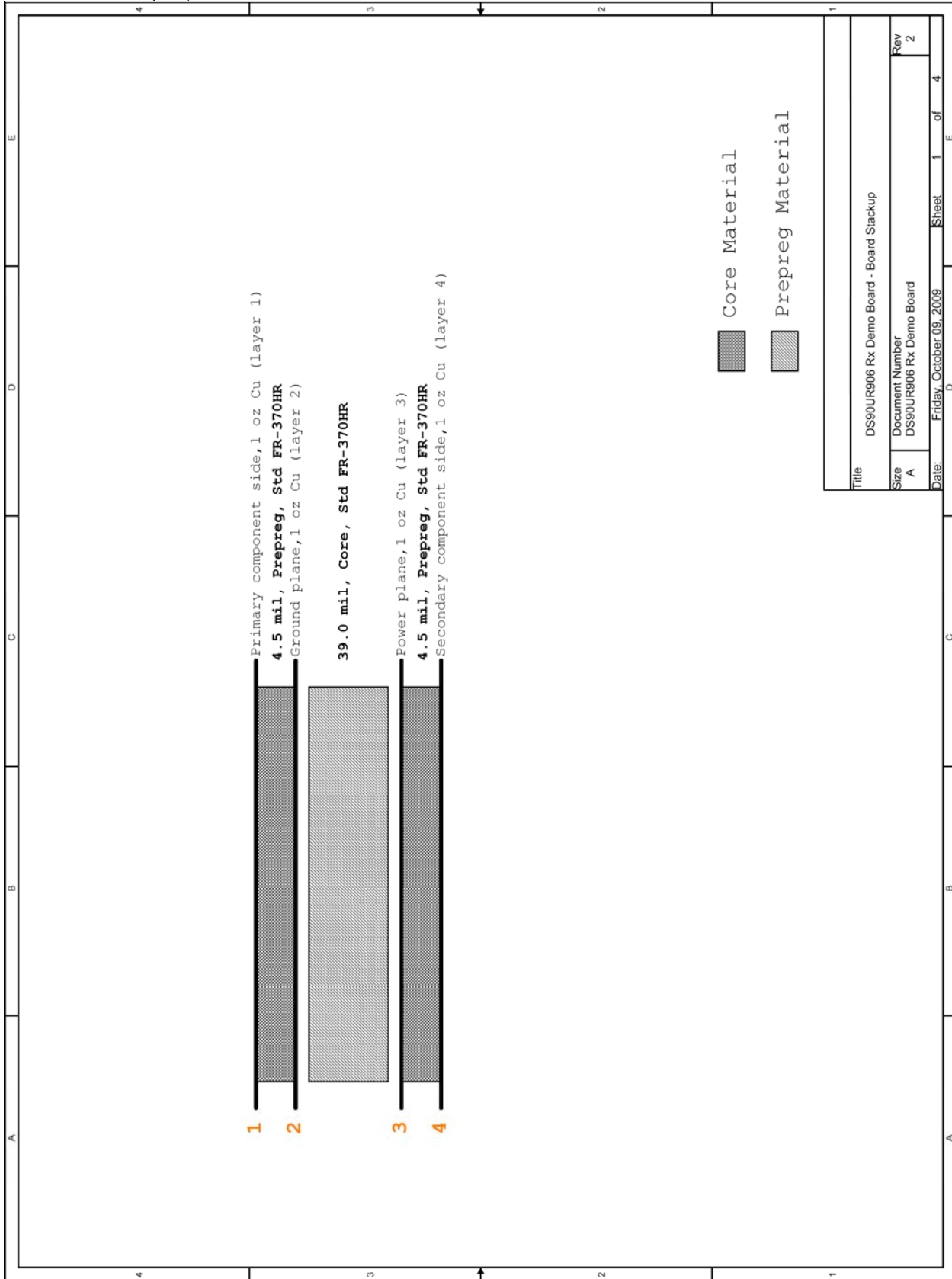


Title		DS90UR905 Tx Demo Board - Parallel Input	
Size	Document Number	Rev	
A	DS90UR905 Tx Demo Board	2	
Date:	Friday, October 09, 2009	Sheet	3 of 4

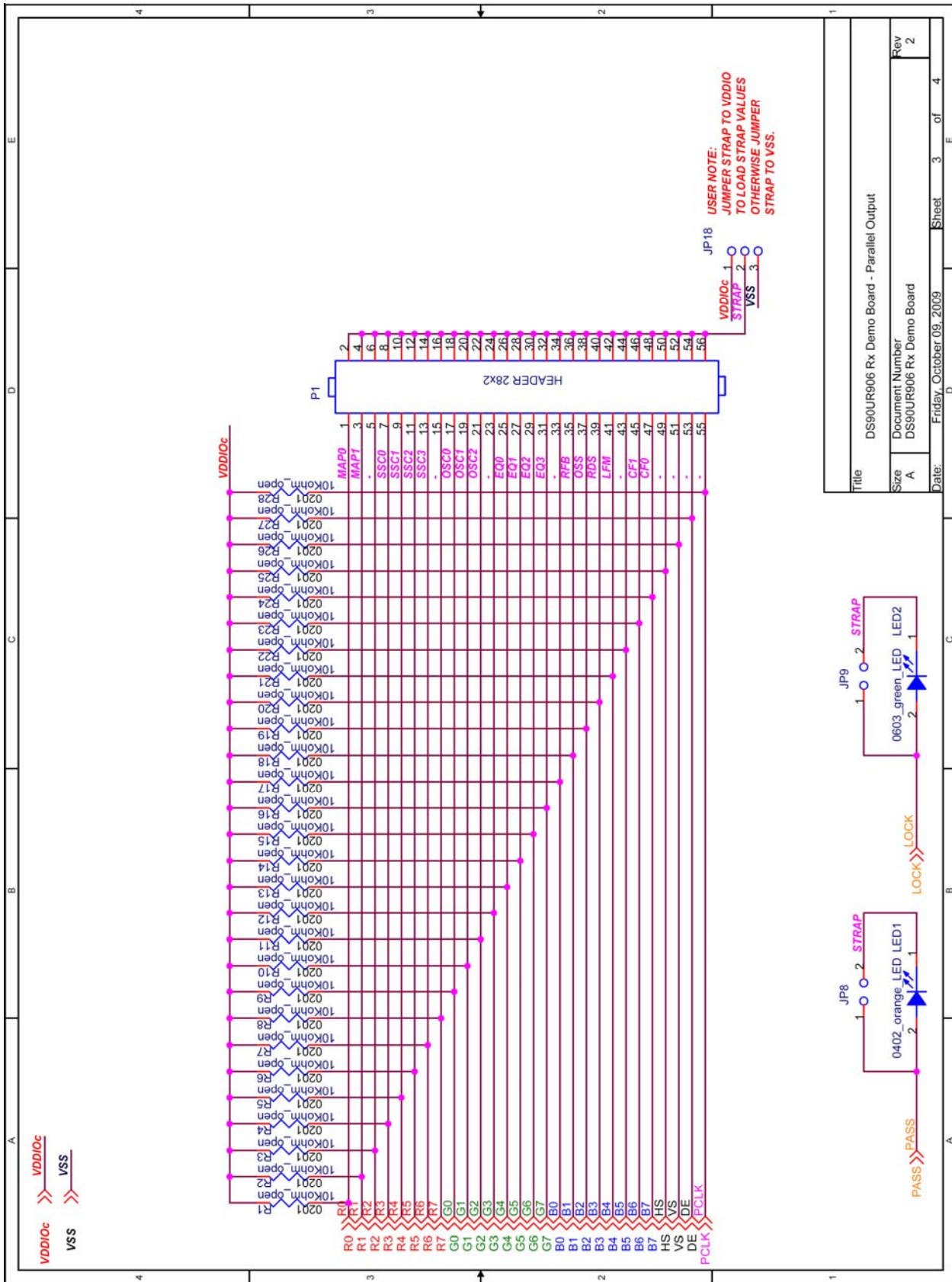




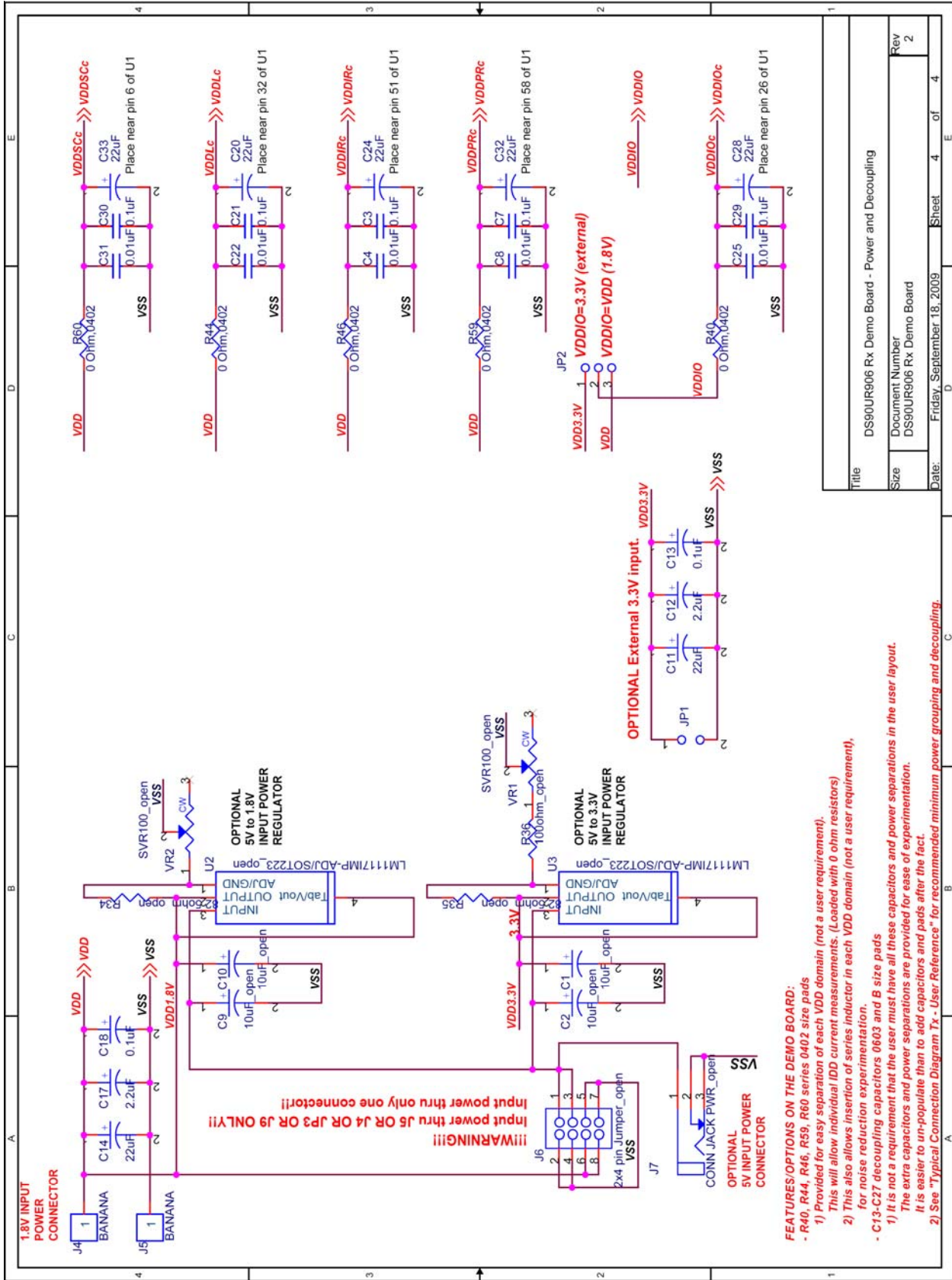
De-serializer (Rx) Demo PCB Schematic:





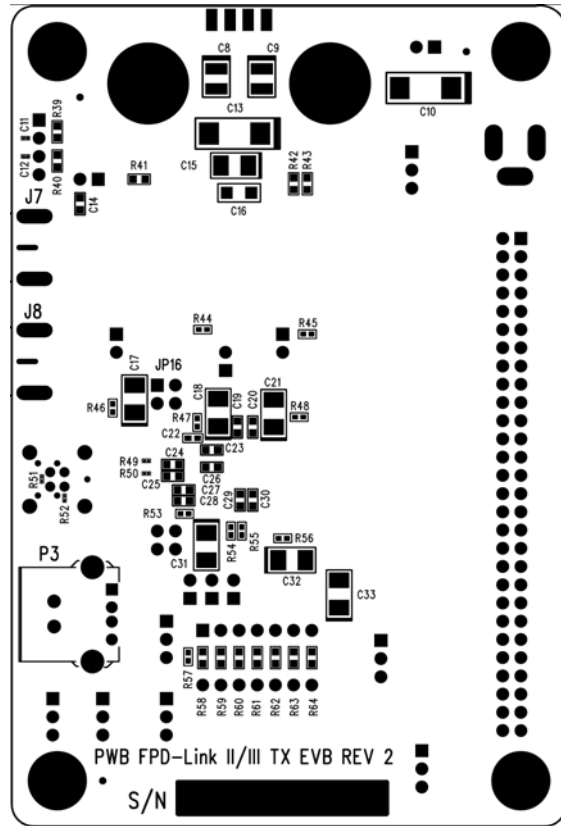
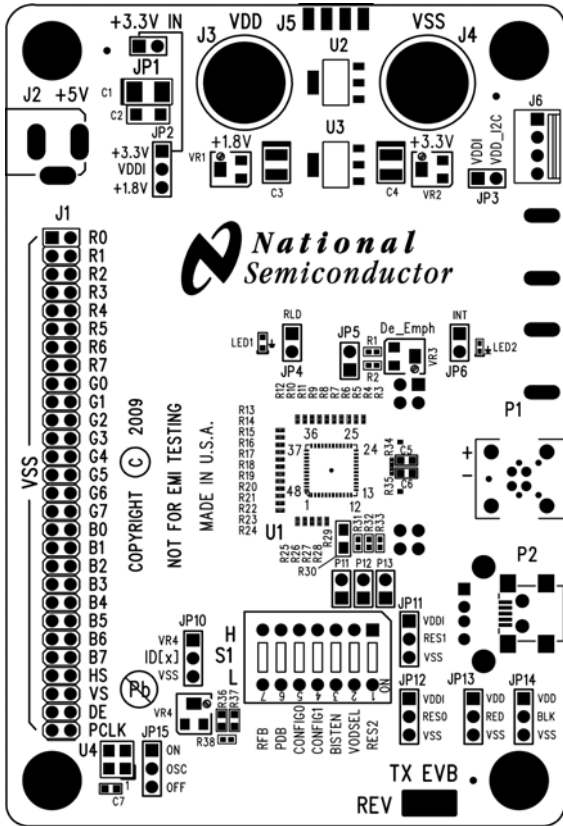


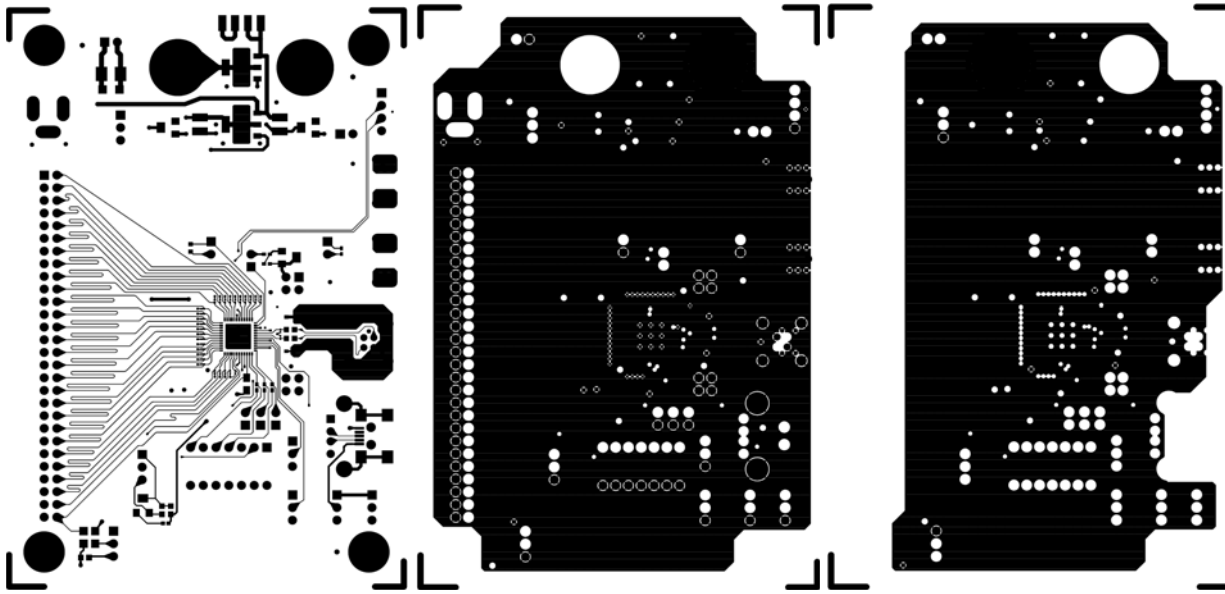
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Size	Document Number	Rev	
A	DS90UR906 Rx Demo Board	2	
Date:		Friday, October 09, 2009	
		Sheet	3 of 4



Title			
DS90UR906 Rx Demo Board - Power and Decoupling			
Size	Document Number	Rev	
	DS90UR906 Rx Demo Board	2	
Date:	Friday, September 18, 2009	Sheet	4 of 4

# Serializer (Tx) Demo PCB Layout:

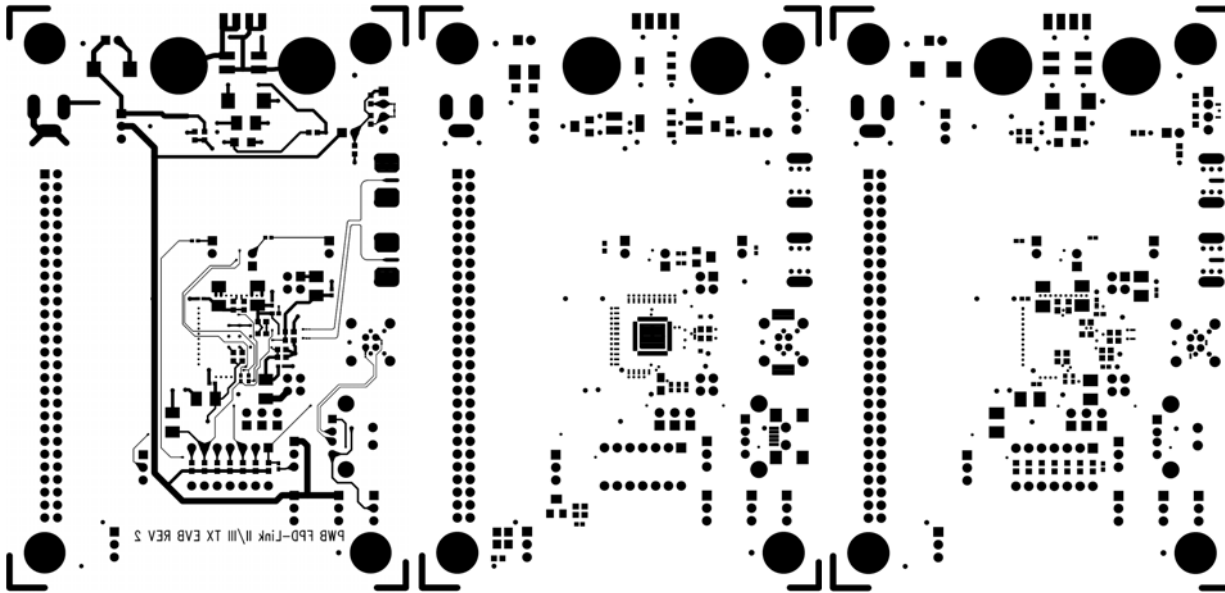




PRIMARY COMPONENT SIDE – LAYER 1

GROUND PLANE (VSS) – LAYER 2

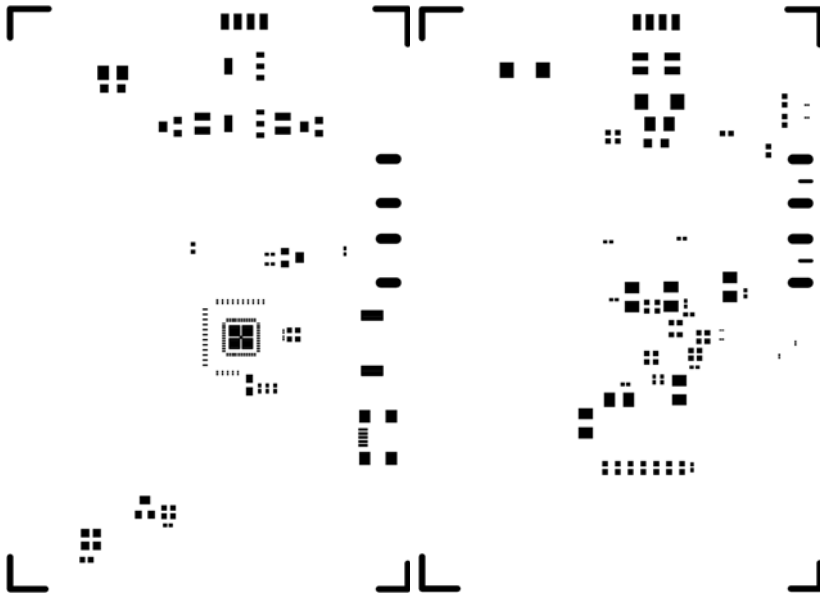
POWER PLANE (VDD) – LAYER 3



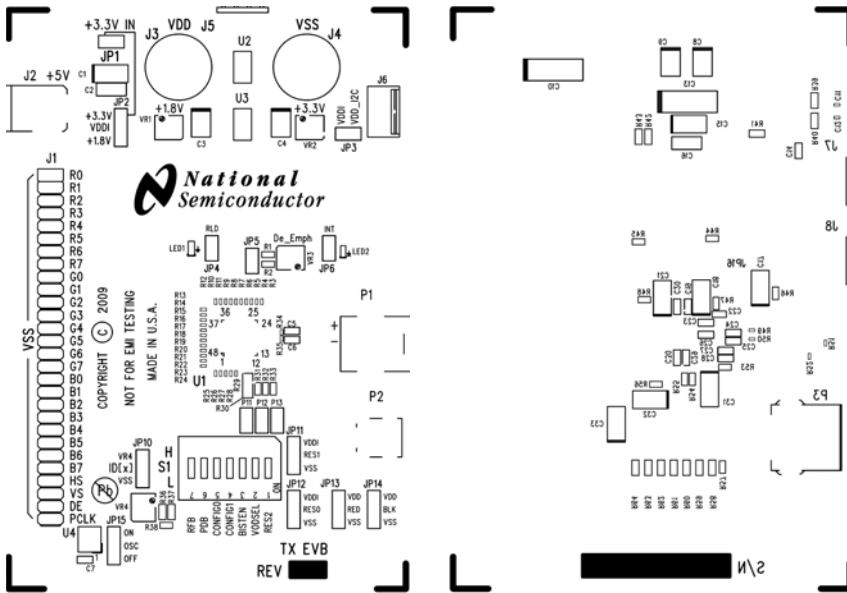
SECONDARY COMP SIDE – LAYER 4

PRIMARY COMP SIDE – SOLDER MASK (LAYER 1)

SECONDARY COMP SIDE – SOLDER MASK (LAYER 4)

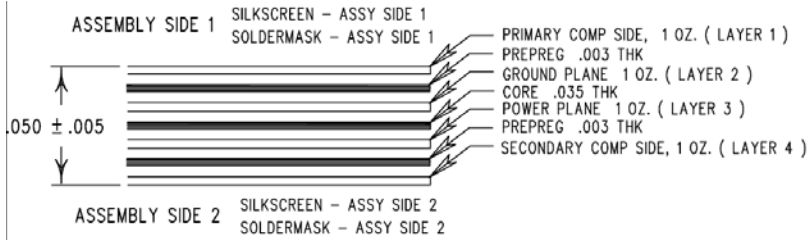


PRIMARY COMP SIDE – SOLDER PASTE (LAYER 1)      SECONDARY COMP SIDE – SOLDER PASTE (LAYER 4)

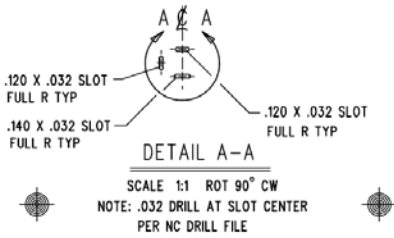


PRIMARY COMP SIDE – SILKSCREEN (LAYER 1)      SILKSCREEN COMP SIDE – SILKSCREEN (LAYER 4)

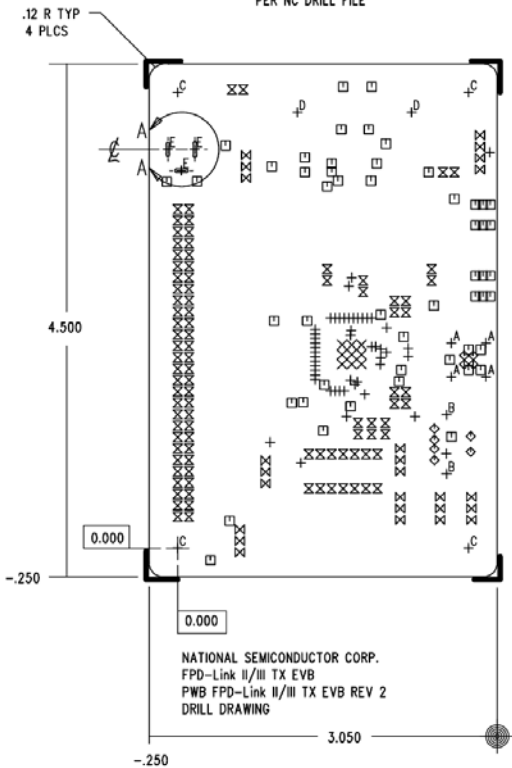
# Serializer (Tx) Demo PCB Stackup:



HOLE CHART				
CODE	SIZE	QTY	PLATED	TOL
+	0.006	49	YES	± .003
×	0.010	9	YES	± .003
□	0.016	51	YES	± .003
◇	0.035	10	YES	± .003
⊗	0.040	94	YES	± .003
⊠	0.043	25	YES	± .003
A	0.065	4	YES	± .003
B	0.091	2	YES	± .003
C	0.156	4	YES	± .004
D	0.265	2	YES	± .005
E	0.032	3	YES	± .003



THRU HOLE SLOT - SEE DETAIL A-A

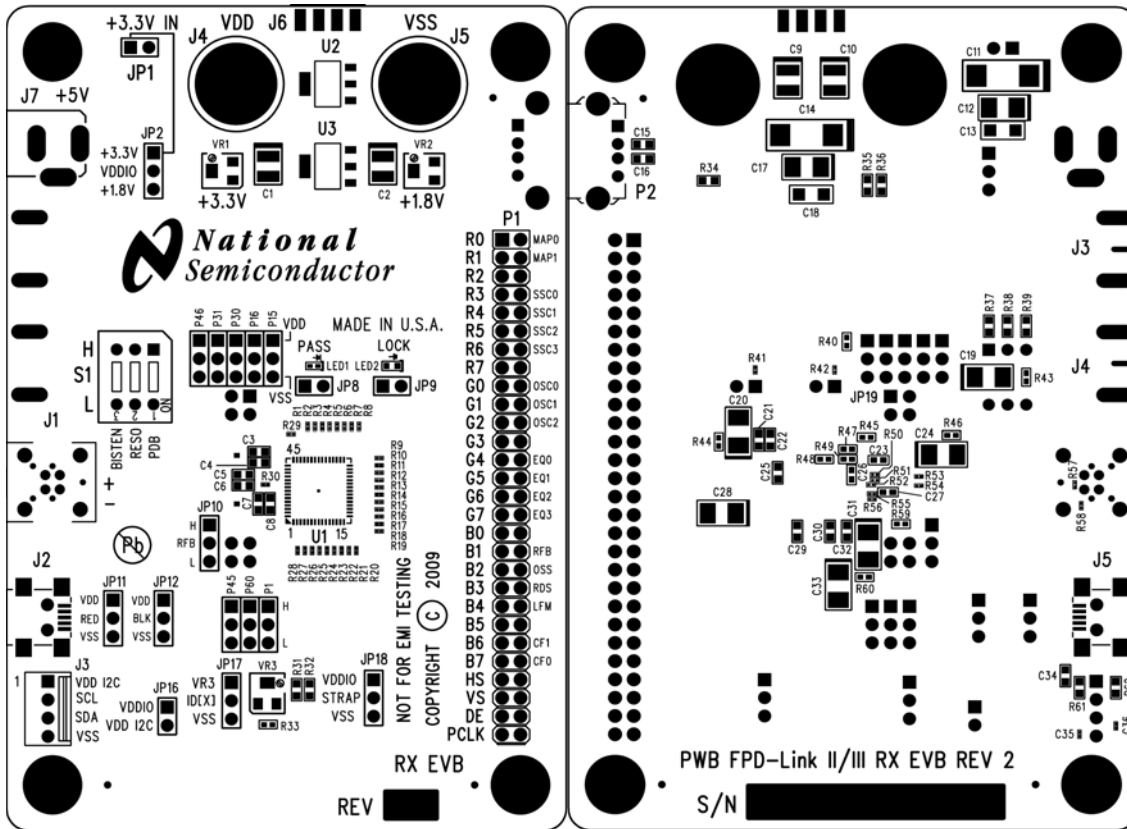


NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

1. PRIMARY COMPONENT SIDE IS SHOWN.
2. DELETED.
3. FABRICATE USING MASTER FILM FPD-Link II/III TX EVB REV 2. USE GERBER FILE B562B0A.PHO FOR BOARD ROUTE.
4. ACCEPTABILITY SHALL BE BASED ON IPC-A-600, CLASS 2
5. MATERIAL: BASE MATERIAL IS ISOLA 410 OR FR-370HR, COLOR GREEN, 0.050 INCH NOM. THICKNESS. COPPER CLADDING SHALL BE 1 OZ.
6. PLATING: ALL HOLES AND CONDUCTIVE SURFACES SHALL BE PLATED WITH A MIN. OF .001 INCH COPPER. EXPOSED PADS / TRACES SHALL BE PLATED .000030 MIN GOLD OVER NICKEL, .000150 MIN.
7. FABRICATION TOLERANCES:  
END PRODUCT CONDUCTOR WIDTHS AND LAND DIAMETERS SHALL NOT VARY MORE THAN .002 INCH FROM THE 1:1 DIMENSIONS OF THE MASTER PATTERN. THE CONDUCTIVE PATTERN SHALL BE POSITIONED SO THAT THE LOCATION OF ANY LAND SHALL BE WITHIN .010 INCH DIAMETER TO THE TRUE POSITION OF THE HOLE IT CIRCUMSCRIBES THE MINIMUM ANNULAR RING SHALL BE .002 INCH. BOW AND TWIST SHALL NOT EXCEED .010 INCH PER INCH.
8. SOLDERMASK BOTH SIDES PER IPC-SM-840, TYPE A, CLASS B. COLOR-GREEN. THERE SHALL BE NO SOLDERMASK ON ANY LAND.
9. SILKSCREEN THE LEGEND ON BOTH SIDES USING NON CONDUCTIVE EPOXY INK, COLOR-WHITE. THERE SHALL BE NO INK ON ANY LAND.
10. THE .005 TRACES (LAYER 1) TO BE 50 OHM SINGLE ENDED IMPEDANCE AND THE DIELECTRIC REFERENCED IN BOARD STACK DETAIL IS SUGESTED. HOWEVER, TRACE WIDTHS AND OR DIELECTRIC THICKNESS MAY BE MICRO-MODIFIED IN ORDER TO FABRICATE BOARDS TO THE REQUIRED IMPEDANCE NOMINALS TO A TOLERANCE OF +/- 10%.

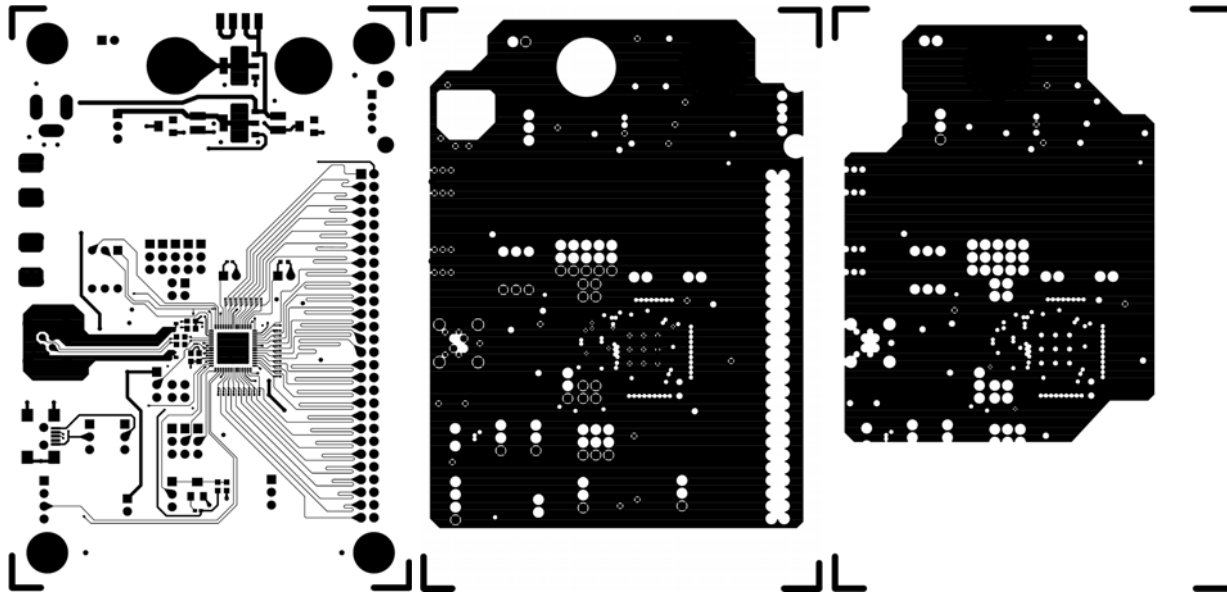


# Deserializer (Rx) Demo PCB Layout:



TOP VIEW

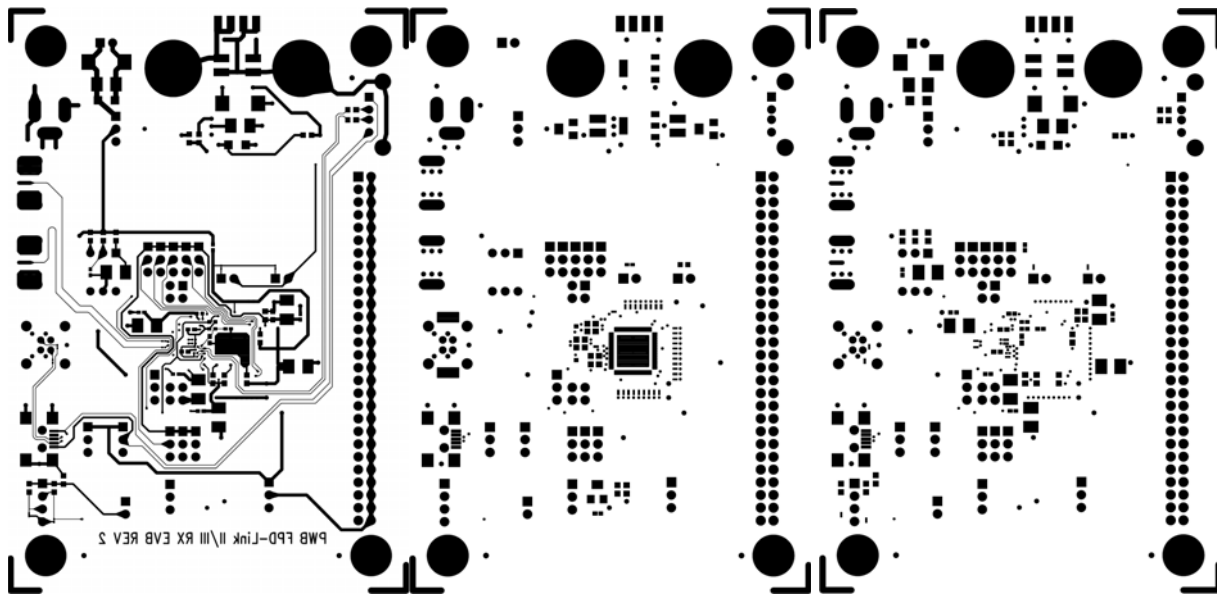
BOTTOMSIDE VIEW



PRIMARY COMPONENT SIDE - LAYER 1

GROUND PLANE (VSS) - LAYER 2

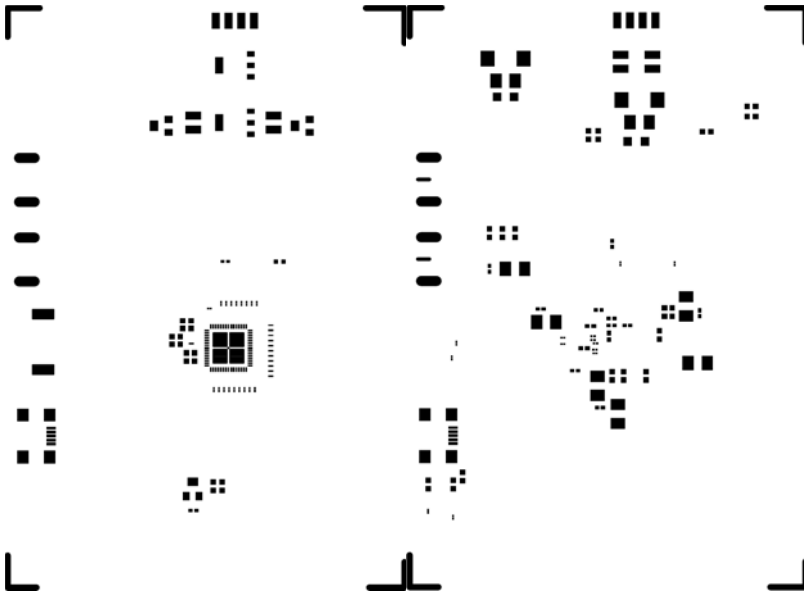
POWER PLANE (VDD) - LAYER 3



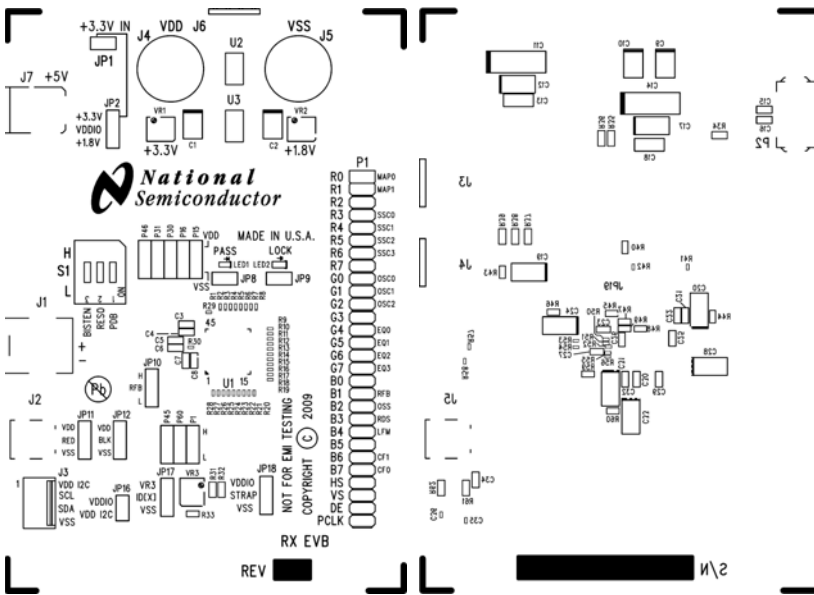
SECONDARY COMP SIDE - LAYER 4

PRIMARY COMP SIDE - SOLDER MASK (LAYER 1)

SECONDARY COMP SIDE - SOLDER MASK (LAYER 4)

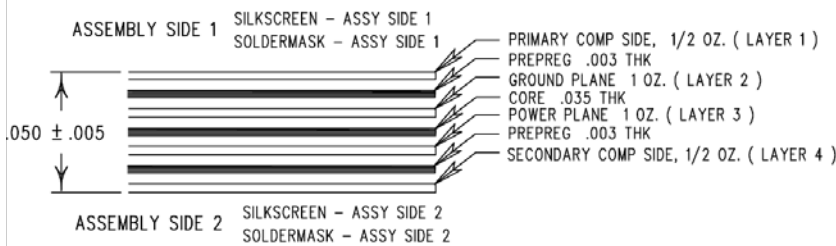


PRIMARY COMP SIDE – SOLDER PASTE (LAYER 1) SECONDARY COMP SIDE – SOLDER PASTE (LAYER 4)

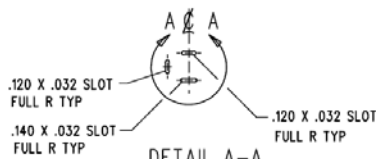


PRIMARY COMP SIDE – SILKSCREEN (LAYER 1) SILKSCREEN COMP SIDE – SILKSCREEN (LAYER 4)

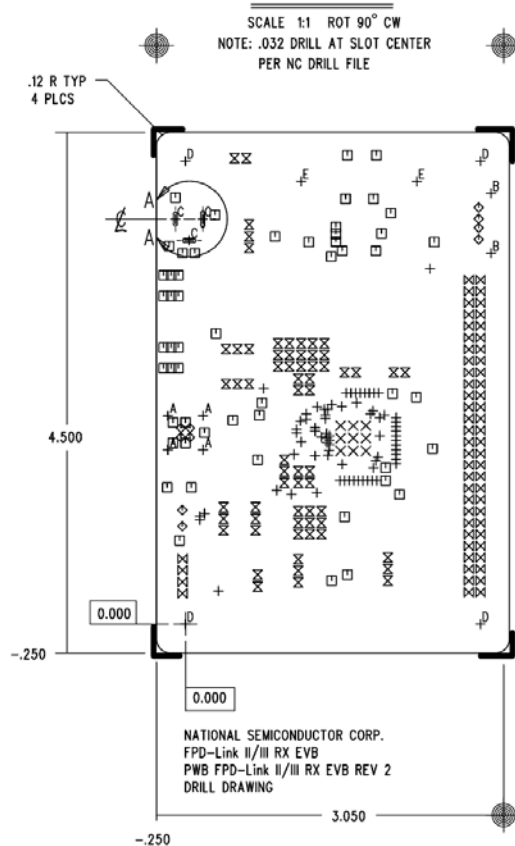
# Deserializer (Rx) Demo PCB Stackup:



HOLE CHART				
CODE	SIZE	QTY	PLATED	TOL
+	0.006	73	YES	± .003
×	0.010	9	YES	± .003
□	0.016	54	YES	± .003
◇	0.036	10	YES	± .003
⊗	0.040	64	YES	± .003
⊠	0.043	60	YES	± .003
A	0.065	4	YES	± .003
B	0.091	2	YES	± .003
C	0.032	3	YES	± .003
D	0.156	4	YES	± .004
E	0.265	2	YES	± .005



THRU HOLE SLOT - SEE DETAIL A-A



NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

1. PRIMARY COMPONENT SIDE IS SHOWN.
2. DELETED.
3. FABRICATE USING MASTER FILM FPD-Link II/III RX EVB REV 2. USE GERBER FILE B571B0A.PHO FOR BOARD ROUTE.
4. ACCEPTABILITY SHALL BE BASED ON IPC-A-600, CLASS 2
5. MATERIAL: BASE MATERIAL IS ISOLA 410 OR FR-370HR, COLOR GREEN, 0.050 INCH NOM. THICKNESS. COPPER CLADDING SHALL BE 1 OZ.
6. PLATING: ALL HOLES AND CONDUCTIVE SURFACES SHALL BE PLATED WITH A MIN. OF .001 INCH COPPER. EXPOSED PADS / TRACES SHALL BE PLATED .000030 MIN GOLD OVER NICKEL, .000150 MIN.
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11. PCB MUST BE MADE OF US RECOGNIZED MATERIAL AND TRACEABLE FOR 94V-0 MINIMUM FLAMMABILITY RATING AND MANUFACTURED BY A UL RECOGNIZED PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD SUPPLIER. PCB MUST BE PERMANENTLY MARKED WITH UL RECOGNIZED MANUFACTURER'S LOGO AND TYPE CODE AS DESIGNATED IN THE UL RECOGNIZED DIRECTORY.

NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP.  
FPD-Link II/III RX EVB  
PWB FPD-Link II/III RX EVB REV 2  
DRILL DRAWING

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