

Voltage Detector IC Series for Automotive

Free Delay Time Setting CMOS Voltage Detector IC Series

BD52Exxx-M series BD53Exxx-M series

General Description

Rohm's BD52Exxx and BD53Exxx series are highly accurate, low current consumption Voltage Detector ICs with a capacitor controlled time delay. The line up includes BD52Exxx devices with N-channel open drain output and BD53Exxx devices with CMOS output. The devices are available for specific detection voltages ranging from 2.3V to 6.0V in increments of 0.1V.

Features

- Delay Time Controlled by external Capacitor
- Two output types(N-channel open drain and CMOS output)
- Ultra-low current consumption
- Very small, lightweight and thin package
- Package SSOP5 is similar to SOT-23-5(JEDEC)
- AEC-Q100 Qualified

Key Specifications

■ Detection voltage: 2.3V to 6.0V (Typ.)

0.1V steps

■ High accuracy detection voltage: ±1.0%

■ Ultra-low current consumption: 0.95µA (Typ.)

Package

SSOP5:

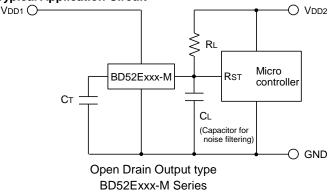


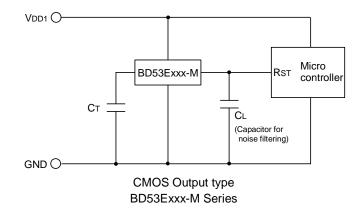
2.90mm x 2.80mm x 1.25mm

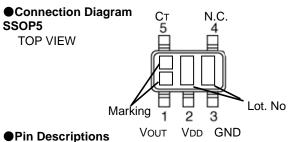
Applications

Circuits using microcontrollers or logic circuits that require a reset for automotive applications (car navigation, car audio, meter panel, exterior lamp etc.)

Typical Application Circuit



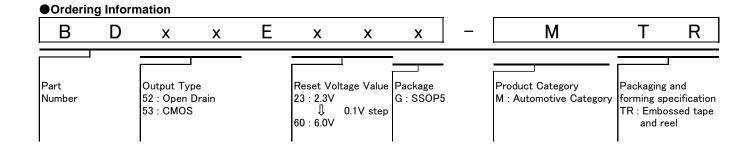




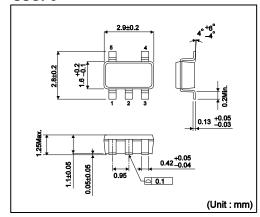
	SSOP5				
PIN No.	Symbol	Function			
1	Vout	Reset Output			
2	Vdd	Power Supply Voltage			
3	GND	GND			
4	N.C.	Unconnected Terminal			
F		Capacitor connection terminal for			

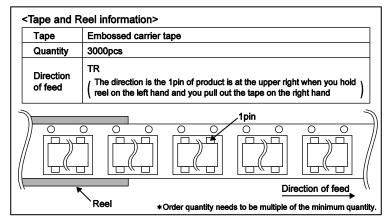
OProduct structure: Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays

output delay time



SSOP5





●Lineup

Output Type	(Open Drain	CMOS		
Detection Voltage	Marking	Part Number	Marking	Part Number	
6.0V	Ph	BD52E60	Ud	BD53E60	
5.9V	Pg	BD52E59	Uc	BD53E59	
5.8V	Pf	BD52E58	Ub	BD53E58	
5.7V	Pe	BD52E57	Ua	BD53E57	
5.6V	Pd	BD52E56	Ry	BD53E56	
5.5V	Pc	BD52E55	Rr	BD53E55	
5.4V	Pb	BD52E54	Rp	BD53E54	
5.3V	Pa	BD52E53	Rn	BD53E53	
5.2V	Ny	BD52E52	Rm	BD53E52	
5.1V	Nr	BD52E51	Rk	BD53E51	
5.0V	Np	BD52E50	Rh	BD53E50	
4.9V	Nn	BD52E49	Rg	BD53E49	
4.8V	Nm	BD52E48	Rf	BD53E48	
4.7V	Nk	BD52E47	Re	BD53E47	
4.6V	Nh	BD52E46	Rd	BD53E46	
4.5V	Ng	BD52E45	Rc	BD53E45	
4.4V	Nf	BD52E44	Rb	BD53E44	
4.3V	Ne	BD52E43	Ra	BD53E43	
4.2V	Nd	BD52E42	Qy	BD53E42	
4.1V	Nc	BD52E41	Qr	BD53E41	
4.0V	Nb	BD52E40	Qp	BD53E40	
3.9V	Na	BD52E39	Qn	BD53E39	
3.8V	My	BD52E38	Qm	BD53E38	
3.7V	Mr	BD52E37	Qk	BD53E37	
3.6V	Мр	BD52E36	Qh	BD53E36	
3.5V	Mn	BD52E35	Qg	BD53E35	
3.4V	Mm	BD52E34	Qf	BD53E34	
3.3V	Mk	BD52E33	Qe	BD53E33	
3.2V	Mh	BD52E32	Qd	BD53E32	
3.1V	Mg	BD52E31	Qc	BD53E31	
3.0V	Mf	BD52E30	Qb	BD53E30	
2.9V	Me	BD52E29	Qa	BD53E29	
2.8V	Md	BD52E28	Ру	BD53E28	
2.7V	Mc	BD52E27	Pr	BD53E27	
2.6V	Mb	BD52E26	Pp	BD53E26	
2.5V	Ma	BD52E25	Pn	BD53E25	
2.4V	Ly	BD52E24	Pm	BD53E24	
2.3V	Lr	BD52E23	Pk	BD53E23	

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Limits	Unit	
Power Supply Voltage		V_{DD} -GND	-0.3 to +10	V	
Nch Open Drain Output		\ <i>\</i>	GND-0.3 to +10	\/	
Output Voltage	CMOS Output		V_{OUT}	GND-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Output Current		lo	80	V	
Power	*1*2		D4	540	m) \ \
Dissipation SSOP5		Pd	540	mW	
Operating Temperature		Topr	-40 to +105	°C	
Ambient Storage Temperature		Tstg	-55 to +125	°C	

^{*1} Reduced by 5.4mW/°C when used over 25°C.

● Electrical characteristics (Unless Otherwise Specified Ta=-40 to 105°C)

Doromotor	Condition			Limit			l lmia
Parameter	Symbol Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
		VDD=H→L, RL=470kΩ *1		VDET(T) ×0.99	VDET(T)	VDET(T) ×1.01	
			Ta=+25°C	2.475	2.5	2.525	
		VDET=2.5V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	2.418	-	2.584	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	2.404	-	2.597	
			Ta=+25°C	2.970	3.0	3.030	
		VDET=3.0V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	2.901	-	3.100	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	2.885	-	3.117	
Detection Voltage	V_{DET}		Ta=+25°C	3.267	3.3	3.333	V
Dotoclor Vollago	• DE I	VDET=3.3V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	3.191	-	3.410	V
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	3.173	-	3.428	
			Ta=+25°C	4.158	4.2	4.242	
		VDET=4.2V	Ta=-40°C to 85°C	4.061	-	4.341	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	4.039	-	4.364	
		VDET=4.8V	Ta=+25°C	4.752	4.8	4.848	
			Ta=-40°C to 85°C	4.641	-	4.961	
			Ta=85°C to 105°C	4.616	-	4.987	
		VDD=VDET-0.2V	V _{DET} =2.3-3.1V	-	0.80	2.40	μΑ
0: '' 0			V _{DET} =3.2-4.2V	-	0.85	2.55	
Circuit Current when ON	IDD1		V _{DET} =4.3-5.2V	-	0.90	2.70	
			V _{DET} =5.3-6.0V	-	0.95	2.85	
		2 VDD=VDET+2.0V	V _{DET} =2.3-3.1V	-	0.75	2.25	μA
0: "0 0==			V _{DET} =3.2-4.2V	-	0.80	2.40	
Circuit Current when OFF	IDD2		V _{DET} =4.3-5.2V	-	0.85	2.55	
			V _{DET} =5.3-6.0V	-	0.90	2.70	
0 " 1/1" D		VoL≤0.4V, Ta=25 t	ol≤0.4V, Ta=25 to 105°C, RL=470kΩ		-	-	
Operating Voltage Range	VOPI	VoL≤0.4V, Ta=-40 to 25°C, RL=470kΩ		1.20	-	-	V
'Low' Output Voltage (Nch)	Vol	VDD=1.5V, ISINK = 0.4 mA, VDET=2.3-6.0V		-	-	0.5	
		VDD=2.4V, ISINK = 2.0 mA, VDET=2.7-6.0V		-	-	0.5	V
		VDD=4.8V, ISOURCE=0.7 mA, VDET(2.3V to 4.2V)		VDD-0.5	-	-	V
'High' Output Voltage (Pch)	Vон	VDD=6.0V, ISOURCE=0.9 mA, VDET(4.3V to 5.2V)		VDD-0.5	-	-	
	,		=1.1 mA, VDET(5.3V to 6.0V)	VDD-0.5	-	-	1

^{*2} When mounted on ROHM standard circuit board (70mm×70mm×1.6mm, glass epoxy board).

VDET (T): Standard Detection Voltage (2.3V to 6.0V, 0.1V step)
R_L: Pull-up resistor to be connected between VouT and power supply.
Design Guarantee. (Outgoing inspection is not done on all products.)
*1 Guarantee is at Ta=25°C.

● Electrical characteristics (Unless Otherwise Specified Ta=-40 to 105°C) - continued

	,	ymbol Condition		Limit			
Parameter	Symbol			Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Leak Current when OFF	I _{leak}	VDD=VDS=10V *1	-	-	0.1	μA	
		VDD=VDET×1.1, VDET=2.3-2.6V, RL=470kΩ	VDD ×0.30	VDD ×0.40	VDD ×0.60		
		VDD=VDET×1.1, VDET=2.7-4.2V, RL=470kΩ	Vdd	Vdd	VDD	V	
	Vстн		×0.30	×0.45	×0.60		
C _T pin Threshold Voltage		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Vdd	Vdd	VDD		
		VDD=VDET×1.1, VDET=4.3-5.2V, RL=470k Ω	×0.35	×0.50	×0.60		
		VDD=VDET×1.1, VDET=5.3-6.0V, RL=470kΩ	Vdd	Vdd	VDD		
			×0.40	×0.50	×0.60		
Output Delay Resistance	Rст	VDD=VDET×1.1 VCT=0.5V *1	5.5	9	12.5	МΩ	
C nin Outnut Current	lot	VCT=0.1V VDD=0.95V *1	15	40	-		
C _T pin Output Current	ICT	VCT=0.5V VDD=1.5V	150	240	-	μA	
Detection Voltage	\/pc/A_T	Ta=-40°C to 105°C		±100	±360	ppm/°C	
Temperature coefficient	VDE1/Δ1	1a=-40 C to 105 C	-	±100	±300	ррпі/ С	
Hysteresis Voltage	Δ VDET	VDD=L→H→L, RL=470kΩ	VDET	VDET	VDET	V	
Trysteresis voltage	7 ADEL	VUU=L-711-7L, NL=470K12	×0.03	×0.05	×0.08	V	

VDET (T): Standard Detection Voltage (2.3V to 6.0V, 0.1V step)
R_L: Pull-up resistor to be connected between VouT and power supply.
Design Guarantee. (Outgoing inspection is not done on all products.)
*1 Guarantee is at Ta=25°C.

Block Diagrams

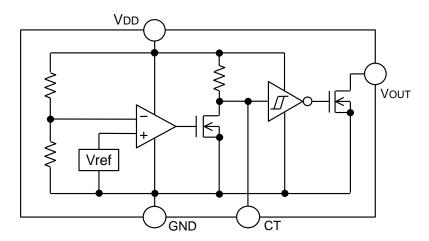


Figure.1 BD52Exxx-M Series

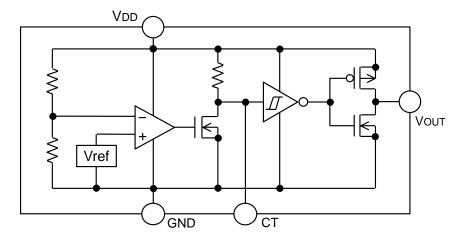


Figure.2 BD53Exxx-M Series

●Typical Performance Curves

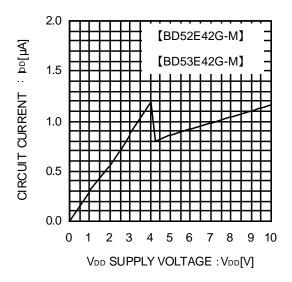


Figure.3 Circuit Current

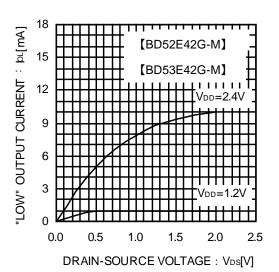


Figure.4 "Low" Output Current

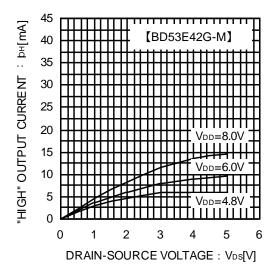


Figure.5 "High" Output Current

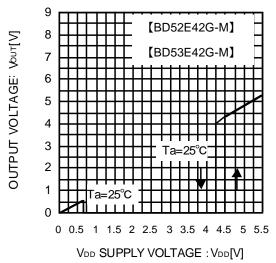


Figure.6 I/O Characteristics

● Typical Performance Curves - continued

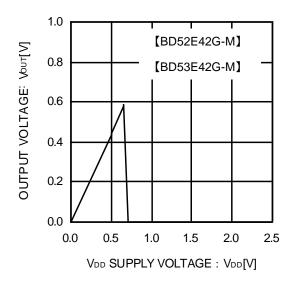


Figure.7 Operating Limit Voltage

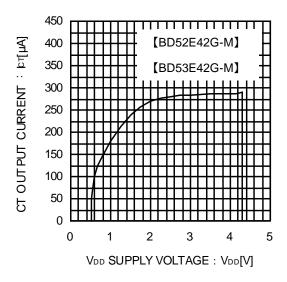


Figure.8 CT Terminal Current

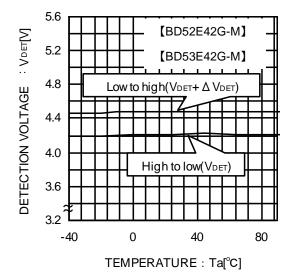


Figure.9 Detection Voltage Release Voltage

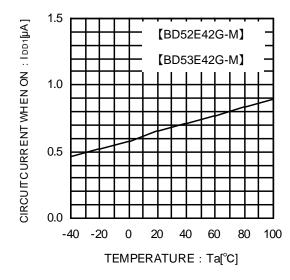


Figure.10 Circuit Current when ON

● Typical Performance Curves - continued

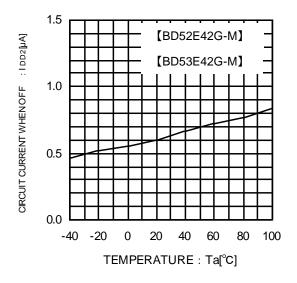


Figure.11 Circuit Current when OFF

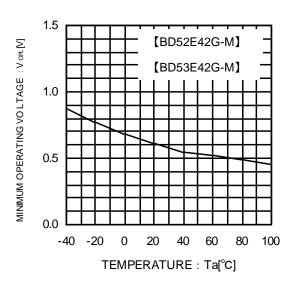


Figure.12 Operating Limit Voltage

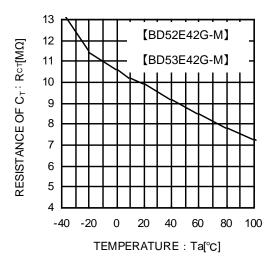


Figure.13 C_T Terminal Circuit Resistance

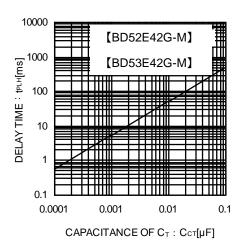
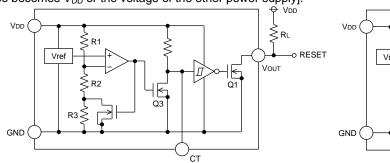


Figure.14 Delay Time (t_{PLH}) and C_T Terminal External Capacitance

Application Information

Explanation of Operation

For both the open drain type (Figure.15) and the CMOS output type (Figure.16), the detection and release voltages are used as threshold voltages. When the voltage applied to the V_{DD} pins reaches the applicable threshold voltage, the V_{OUT} terminal voltage switches from either "High" to "Low" or from "Low" to "High". Please refer to the Timing Waveform and Electrical Characteristics for information on hysteresis. Because the BD52Exxx-M series uses an open drain output type, it is necessary to connect a pull-up resistor to V_{DD} or another power supply if needed [The output "High" voltage (V_{OUT}) in this case becomes V_{DD} or the voltage of the other power supply].



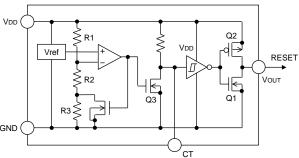


Figure.15 (BD52Exxx-MType Internal Block Diagram)

Figure.16 (BD53Exxx-MType Internal Block Diagram)

Setting of Detector Delay Time

It is possible to set the delay time at the rise of VDD using a capacitor connected to the Ct terminal.

Delay time at the rise of V_{DD} t_{PLH}: Time until when Vout rise to 1/2 of V_{DD} after V_{DD} rise up and beyond the release voltage($V_{DET} + \Delta V_{DET}$)

$$t_{PLH} = -C_{CT} \times R_{CT} \times In \left(\begin{array}{c} V_{DD} - V_{CTH} \\ \hline V_{DD} \end{array} \right)$$

C_{CT}: C_T pin Externally Attached Capacitance

R_{CT}: C_T pin Internal Impedance (Please refer to Electrical Characteristics.)

V_{CTH}: C_T pin Threshold Voltage (Please refer to Electrical Characteristics.)

In: Natural Logarithm

Reference Data of Falling Time (tPHL) Output

Examples of Falling Time (tPHL) Output

Part Number	t _{РНL} [µs] -40°С	t _{PHL} [µs] ,+25°C	t _{PHL} [µs],+105°C
BD52E27G-M	30.8	30	28.8
BD53E27G-M	26.8	26	24.8

^{*}This data is for reference only.

The figures will vary with the application, so confirm actual operating conditions before use.

Timing Waveforms

Example: the following shows the relationship between the input voltage VDD, the C_T Terminal Voltage VCT and the output voltage VOUT when the input power supply voltage VDD is made to sweep up and sweep down (The circuits are those in Figure.15 and 16).

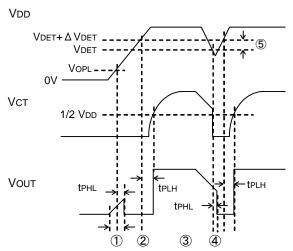


Figure.17 Timing Waveform

- \bigcirc When the power supply is turned on, the output is unstable from after over the operating limit voltage (VoPL) until tPHL. Therefore it is possible that the reset signal is not outputted when the rise time of V_{DD} is faster than tPHL.
- When VDD is greater than VOPL but less than the reset release voltage (VDET+ Δ VDET), the C_T terminal (VCT) and output (VOUT) voltages will switch to L.
- ③ If VDD exceeds the reset release voltage (VDET+ Δ VDET), then VOUT switches from L to H (with a delay due to the C_T terminal).
- 4 If VDD drops below the detection voltage (VDET) when the power supply is powered down or when there is a power supply fluctuation, VOUT switches to L (with a delay of tPHL).
- $^{(5)}$ The potential difference between the detection voltage and the release voltage is known as the hysteresis width (Δ VDET). The system is designed such that the output does not toggle with power supply fluctuations within this hysteresis width, preventing malfunctions due to noise.

Circuit Applications

1) Examples of a common power supply detection reset circuit

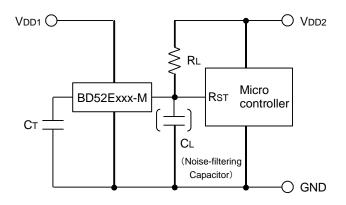


Figure.18 Open Drain Output Type

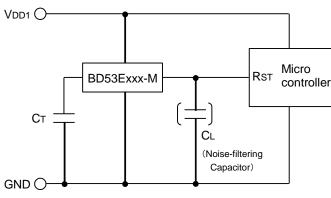


Figure.19 CMOS Output Type

Application examples of BD52Exxx series (Open Drain output type) and BD53Exxx series (CMOS output type) are shown below.

CASE1: Power supply of the microcontroller (V_{DD2}) differs from the power supply of the reset detection (V_{DD1}).

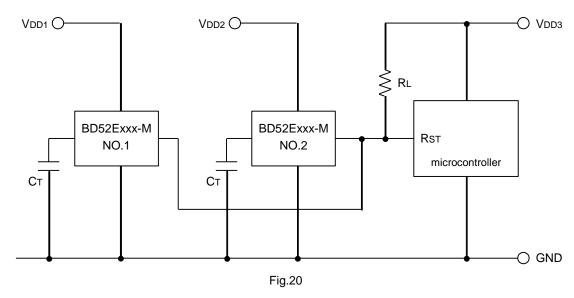
Use an open drain output type (BD52Exxx) with a load resistance R_L attached as shown Figure.18.

CASE2: Power supply of the microcontroller (V_{DD1}) is the same as the power supply of the reset detection (V_{DD1}). Use a CMOS output type (BD53Exxx) device or open drain output type (BD52Exxx) device with a pull up resistor attached between the output and V_{DD1} .

When a capacitance C_L for noise filtering is connected to the V_{OUT} pin (the reset signal input terminal of the microcontroller), please take into account the waveform of the rise and fall of the output voltage (V_{OUT}).

Please refer to Operational Notes for recommendations on resistor and capacitor values.

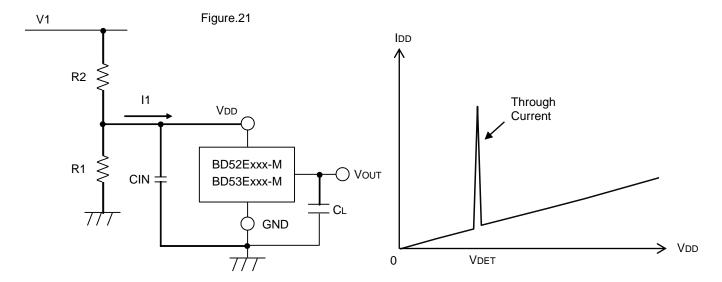
2) The following is an example of a circuit application in which an OR connection between two types of detection voltage resets the microcontroller.



To reset the microcontroller when many independent power supplies are used in the system, OR connect an open drain output type (BD52Exxx-M series) to the microcontroller's input with pull-up resistor to the supply voltage of the microcontroller (V_{DD3}) as shown in Fig. 20. By pulling-up to V_{DD3} , output "High" voltage of micro-controller power supply is possible.

3) Examples of the power supply with resistor dividers

In applications wherein the power supply voltage of an IC comes from a resistor divider circuit, an in-rush current will flow into the circuit when the output level switches from "High" to "Low" or vice versa. In-rush current is a sudden surge of current that flows from the power supply (VDD) to ground (GND) as the output logic changes its state. This current flow may cause malfunction in the systems operation such as output oscillations, etc.



When an in-rush current (I1) flows into the circuit (Refer to Fig. 21) at the time when output switches from "Low" to "High", a voltage drop of I1xR2 (input resistor) will occur in the circuit causing the VDD supply voltage to decrease. When the VDD voltage drops below the detection voltage, the output will switch from "High" to "Low". While the output voltage is at "Low" condition, in-rush current will stop flowing and the voltage drop will be reduced. As a result, the output voltage will switches again from "Low" to "High" which causes an in-rush current and a voltage drop. This operation repeats and will result to oscillation.

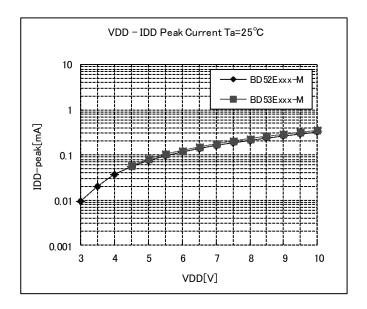


Figure.22 IDD Peak Current vs. Power Supply Voltage

The figures will vary with the application, so please confirm actual operating conditions before use.

^{*} This data is for reference only.

Operational Notes

1) Absolute maximum ratings

Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

2) Ground Voltage

The voltage of the ground pin must be the lowest voltage of all pins of the IC at all operating conditions. Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

3) Recommended operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

4) Bypass Capacitor for Noise Rejection

To help reject noise, put a 1µF capacitor between VDD pin and GND and 1000pF capacitor between VOUT pin and GND. Be careful when using extremely big capacitor as transient response will be affected.

5) Short between pins and mounting errors

Be careful when mounting the IC on printed circuit boards. The IC may be damaged if it is mounted in a wrong orientation or if pins are shorted together. Short circuit may be caused by conductive particles caught between the pins.

6) Operation under strong electromagnetic field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

- 7) The V_{DD} line impedance might cause oscillation because of the detection current.
- 8) A V_{DD} to GND capacitor (as close connection as possible) should be used in high V_{DD} line impedance condition.
- 9) Lower than the mininum input voltage puts the Vout in high impedance state, and it must be VDD in pull up (VDD) condition.

10) External parameters

The recommended value of R_L Resistor is $50k\Omega$ to $1M\Omega$. The recommended value of C_T Capacitor is over 100pF to 0.1 μ F. There are many factors (board layout, etc) that can affect characteristics. Please verify and confirm using practical applications.

11) Power on reset operation

Please note that the power on reset output varies with the V_{DD} rise time. Please verify the behavior in the actual operation.

12) Testing on application boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

13) Rush current

When power is first supplied to the IC, rush current may flow instantaneously. It is possible that the charge current to the parasitic capacitance of internal photo diode or the internal logic may be unstable. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of GND wiring, and routing of connections.

14) C_T pin discharge

Due to the capabilities of the C_T pin discharge transistor, the C_T pin may not completely discharge when a short input pulse is applied, and in this case the delay time may not be controlled. Please verify the actual operation.

Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment (Note 1), aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JÁPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CLACCIII	CLASS II b	СГУССШ
CLASSIV	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ

- 2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
 - [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
 - [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
- 3. Our Products are not designed under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
 - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

- 1. All information and data including but not limited to application example contained in this document is for reference only. ROHM does not warrant that foregoing information or data will not infringe any intellectual property rights or any other rights of any third party regarding such information or data. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for infringement of any intellectual property rights or other damages arising from use of such information or data.:
- 2. No license, expressly or implied, is granted hereby under any intellectual property rights or other rights of ROHM or any third parties with respect to the information contained in this document.

Other Precaution

- 1. This document may not be reprinted or reproduced, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of ROHM.
- 2. The Products may not be disassembled, converted, modified, reproduced or otherwise changed without prior written consent of ROHM.
- 3. In no event shall you use in any way whatsoever the Products and the related technical information contained in the Products or this document for any military purposes, including but not limited to, the development of mass-destruction weapons.
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General Precaution

- 1. Before you use our Products, you are requested to care fully read this document and fully understand its contents. ROHM shall not be in an y way responsible or liable for failure, malfunction or accident arising from the use of a ny ROHM's Products against warning, caution or note contained in this document.
- 2. All information contained in this docume nt is current as of the issuing date and subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using ROHM's Products, please confirm the latest information with a ROHM sale s representative.
- 3. The information contained in this doc ument is provided on an "as is" basis and ROHM does not warrant that all information contained in this document is accurate an d/or error-free. ROHM shall not be in an y way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties resulting from inaccuracy or errors of or concerning such information.

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BD52E33G-M - Web Page

Distribution Inventory

Part Number	BD52E33G-M
Package	SSOP5
Unit Quantity	3000
Minimum Package Quantity	3000
Packing Type	Taping
Constitution Materials List	inquiry
RoHS	Yes