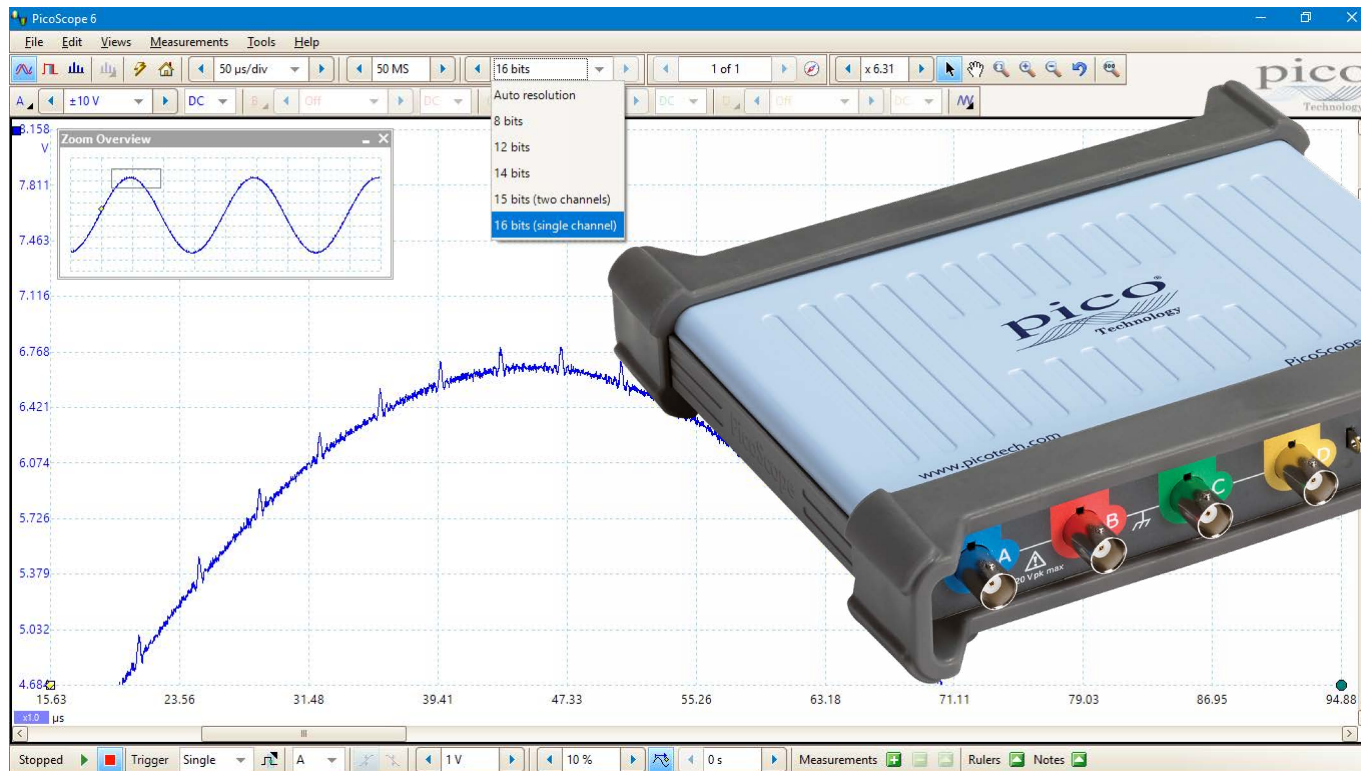


DRAFT



PicoScope® 5000D Series

FlexRes® oscilloscopes and MSOs



The complete all-rounders

- FlexRes® flexible 8 to 16-bit hardware resolution
- Up to 200 MHz analog bandwidth
- 1 GS/s sampling at 8-bit resolution
- 500 MS/s sampling at 12-bit resolution
- 62.5 MS/s sampling at 16-bit resolution
- Up to 512 MS capture memory
- 16 digital channels (on MSO models)
- 130 000 waveforms per second
- Built-in arbitrary waveform generator
- Serial decoding as standard (18 protocols)
- Up to 200 MHz spectrum analyzer

DRAFT

www.picotech.com

Introduction

PicoScopes include advanced features such as mask limit testing, serial decoding, advanced triggering, automatic measurements, math channels (including the ability to plot frequency and duty cycle against time), XY mode and segmented memory. The PicoScope 5000D Series also benefits from Pico's award-winning DeepMeasure™ feature and FlexRes® flexible resolution.

Today's electronic designs employ a wide range of signal types: analog, digital, serial (both high- and low-speed), parallel, audio, video, power distribution and so on. All need to be debugged, measured and validated to ensure that the device under test (DUT) is functioning correctly and within specification.

To handle this variety of signal types, PicoScope 5000D Series FlexRes® oscilloscopes provide 8 to 16 bits of vertical resolution, with up to 200 MHz bandwidth and 1 GS/s sampling speed. You select the most appropriate hardware resolution for the requirements of each measurement.

Other key features of the PicoScope 5000D Series include:

- Deep capture memory – from 128 million to 512 million samples
- 2 or 4 analog channels
- Mixed-signal models add 16 digital channels
- Serial decoding – analyze 18 protocols
- USB 3.0 connection for continuous high-speed data streaming
- Small, light and portable

Supported by the free and regularly updated PicoScope 6 software, these devices offer an ideal, cost-effective package for many applications, including design, research, test, education, service and repair.

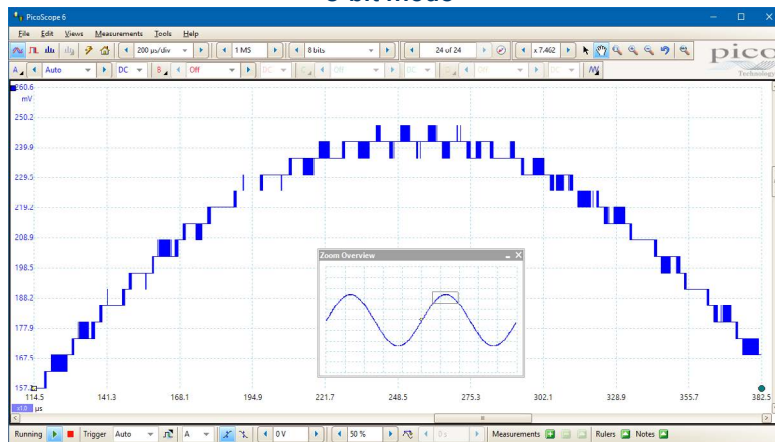
What is FlexRes®?

Pico FlexRes® flexible resolution oscilloscopes allow you to reconfigure the scope hardware to increase either the sampling rate or the resolution.

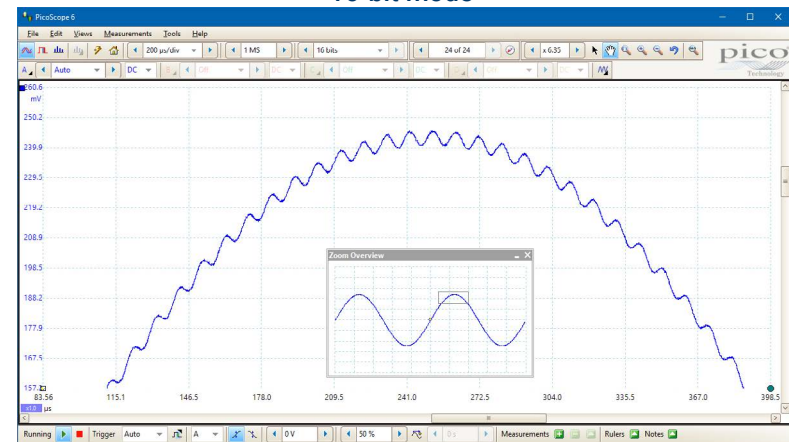
This means you can reconfigure the hardware to be either a fast (1 GS/s) 8-bit oscilloscope for looking at digital signals or a high-resolution 16-bit oscilloscope for audio work and other analog applications.

Whether you're capturing and decoding fast digital signals or looking for distortion in sensitive analog signals, FlexRes® oscilloscopes are the answer.

8-bit mode



16-bit mode



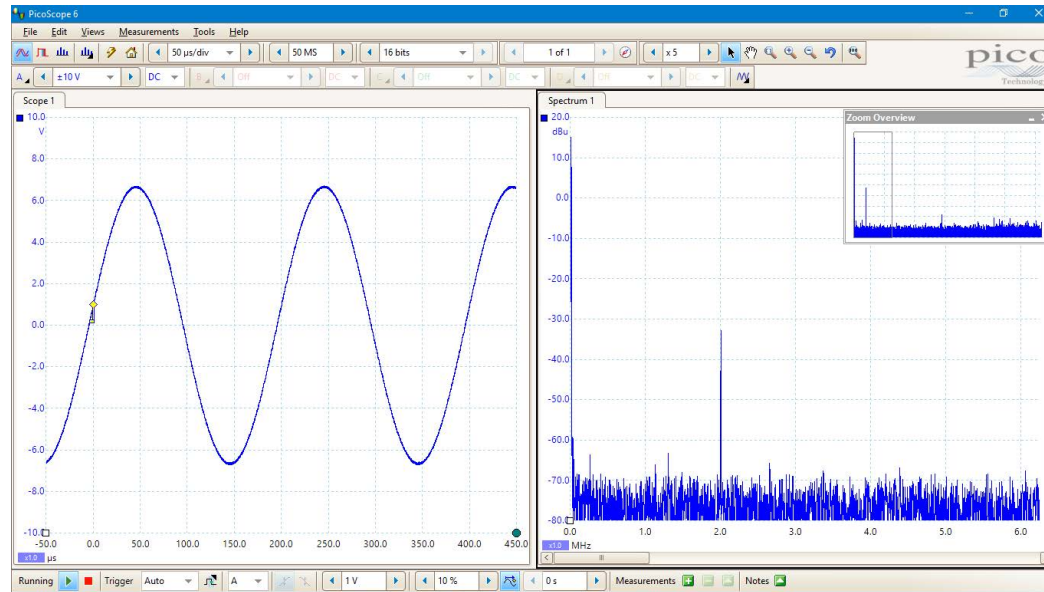
DRAFT

Advanced display

PicoScope software dedicates the majority of the display area to the waveform, ensuring that the maximum amount of data is visible at all times. The size of the display is only limited by the size of your computer's monitor, so even with a laptop, the viewing area is much bigger, with much higher resolution, than that of a benchtop scope.

With such a large display area available, you can create a customizable split-screen display and view multiple channels or different views of the same signal at the same time – the software can even show multiple oscilloscope and spectrum analyzer views at once. Each view has separate zoom, pan and filter settings, for ultimate flexibility.

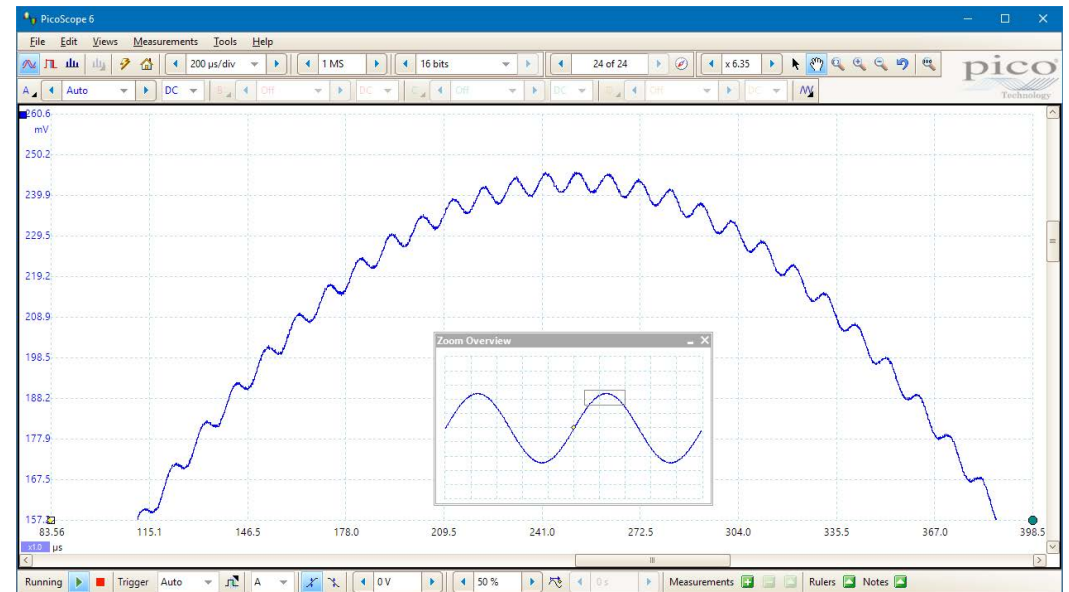
You can control the PicoScope software using a mouse, touchscreen or customizable keyboard shortcuts.



Low-level signals

With its 16-bit resolution, the PicoScope 5000D Series can magnify low-level signals at high zoom factors. This allows you to view and measure features such as noise and ripple superimposed on larger DC or low-frequency voltages.

Additionally, you can use the Lowpass Filtering controls on each channel independently, to hide noise and reveal the underlying signal.



DRAFT

High bandwidth, high sampling rate

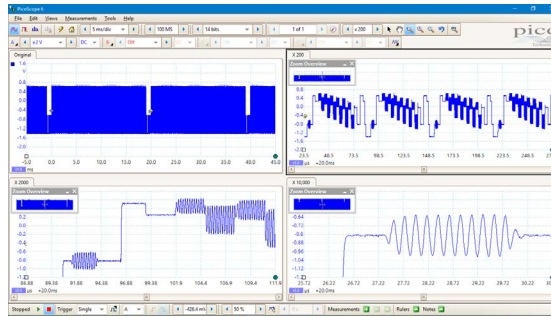
Most USB-powered oscilloscopes have real-time sampling rates of only 100 or 200 MS/s, but the PicoScope 5000D Series offers up to 1 GS/s, and a maximum bandwidth of 200 MHz. Equivalent time sampling (ETS) mode can be used to further boost the sampling rate to 10 GS/s for a more detailed view of repetitive signals.

Deep capture memory

PicoScope 5000D Series oscilloscopes have waveform capture memories ranging from 128 megasamples to 512 megasamples – many times larger than competing scopes. Deep memory enables the capture of long-duration waveforms at maximum sampling speed. In fact, the PicoScope 5000D Series can capture waveforms over 500 ms long with 1 ns resolution. In contrast, the same 500 ms waveform captured by an oscilloscope with a 10 megasample memory would have just 50 ns resolution.

Deep memory can be useful in other ways too: PicoScope lets you divide the capture memory into a number of segments, up to a maximum of 10 000. You can set up a trigger condition to store a separate capture in each segment, with as little as 1 μ s dead time between captures. Once you have acquired the data, you can step through the memory one segment at a time until you find the event you are looking for.

Powerful tools are included to allow you to manage and examine all of this data. As well as functions such as mask limit testing and color persistence mode, the PicoScope 6 software enables you to zoom into your waveform by a factor of several million. The Zoom Overview window allows you to easily control the size and location of the zoom area. Other tools, such as the waveform buffer, serial decoding and hardware acceleration work with the deep memory, making the PicoScope 5000D some of the most powerful on the market.



DRAFT DeepMeasure

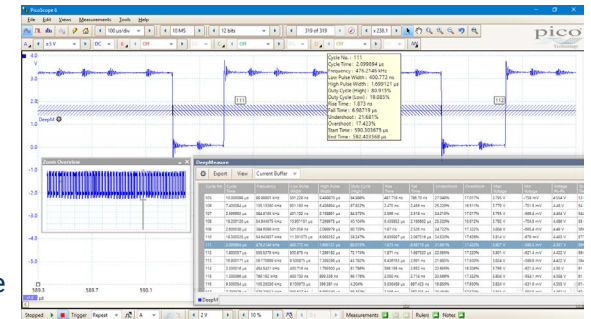
PicoScopes DeepMeasure™ tool uses deep memory to analyze every cycle contained in each triggered waveform acquisition. It displays the results in a table, with the parameter fields shown in columns and waveform cycles shown in rows: you can easily sort the results by any parameter and correlate them with the waveform display.

The current version of the tool includes twelve parameters per cycle, and can display up to a million cycles. Parameters include cycle time, frequency, pulse width, duty cycle, rise and fall time, overshoot, undershoot, max voltage and min voltage. Start and end times relative to the trigger are given for each cycle.

Waveform buffer and navigator

Ever spotted a glitch on a waveform, but by the time you've stopped the scope it's gone? With PicoScope you no longer need to worry about missing glitches or other transient events. PicoScope can store the last 10 000 waveforms in its circular waveform buffer.

The buffer navigator provides an efficient way of navigating and searching through waveforms, effectively letting you turn back time. When carrying out a mask limit test, you can also set the navigator to show only mask fails, enabling you to find any glitches quickly.

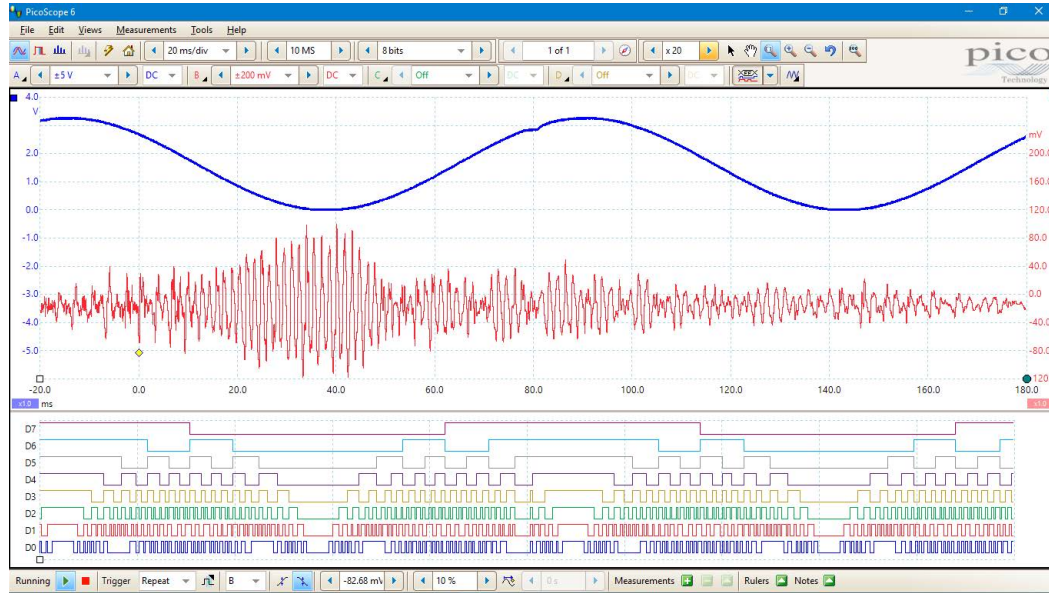


DRAFT

Mixed-signal models

The PicoScope 5000D MSO models add 16 digital channels to the 2 or 4 analog channels, enabling you to accurately time-correlate analog and digital channels. Digital channels may be grouped and displayed as a bus, with each bus value displayed in hex, binary or decimal or as a level (for DAC testing). You can set advanced triggers across both the analog and digital channels.

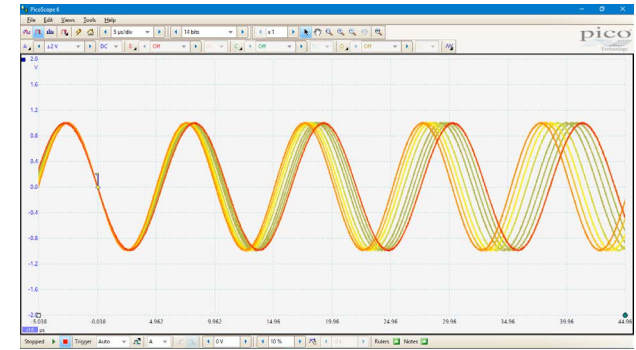
The digital inputs also bring extra power to the serial decoding options. You can decode serial data on all analog and digital channels simultaneously, giving you up to 20 channels of data – for example decoding multiple SPI, I²C, CAN bus, LIN bus and FlexRay signals all at the same time.



DRAFT

Persistence mode

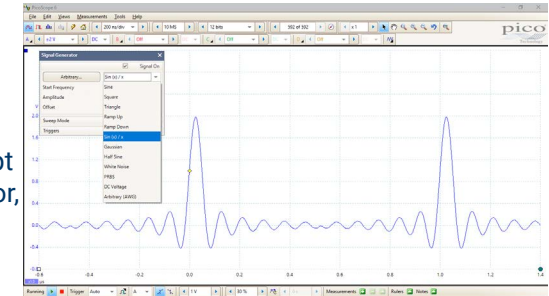
PicoScope's persistence mode options allow you to see old and new data superimposed, with newer waveforms drawn in a brighter color or deeper shade. This makes it easy to spot glitches and dropouts and estimate their relative frequency – useful for displaying and interpreting complex analog signals such as video waveforms and analog modulation signals.



The PicoScope 5000D Series' HAL3 hardware acceleration means that, in Fast Persistence mode, waveform update rates of up to 130 000 waveforms per second are achievable. Color-coding or intensity-grading shows which areas are stable and which are intermittent. Choose between analog intensity, digital color and fast display modes or create your own custom setup.

Arbitrary waveform and function generator

All PicoScope 5000D units have a built-in 14-bit 200 MS/s arbitrary waveform generator (AWG). You can create and adapt arbitrary waveforms using the built-in editor, import them from existing oscilloscope traces, or load a waveform from a spreadsheet



The AWG can also act as a function generator with a range of standard output signals, including sine, square, triangle, DC level, white noise and PRBS.

As well as the basic controls to set level, offset and frequency, more advanced controls allow you to sweep over a range of frequencies. Combined with the spectrum peak hold option, this makes a powerful tool for testing amplifier and filter responses.

Trigger tools allow you to output one or more cycles of a waveform when various conditions are met, such as the scope triggering or a mask limit test failing.

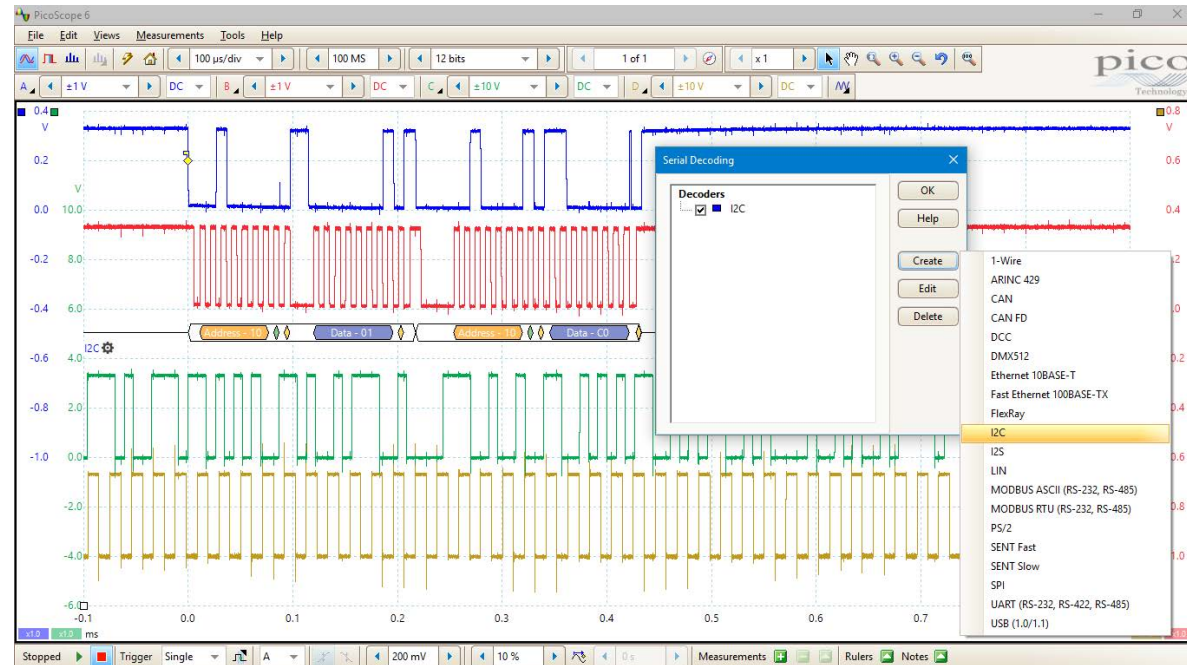
DRAFT

Serial decoding and analysis

With its deep memory, the PicoScope 5000D Series is ideally suited to serial decoding and analysis, which are included as standard.

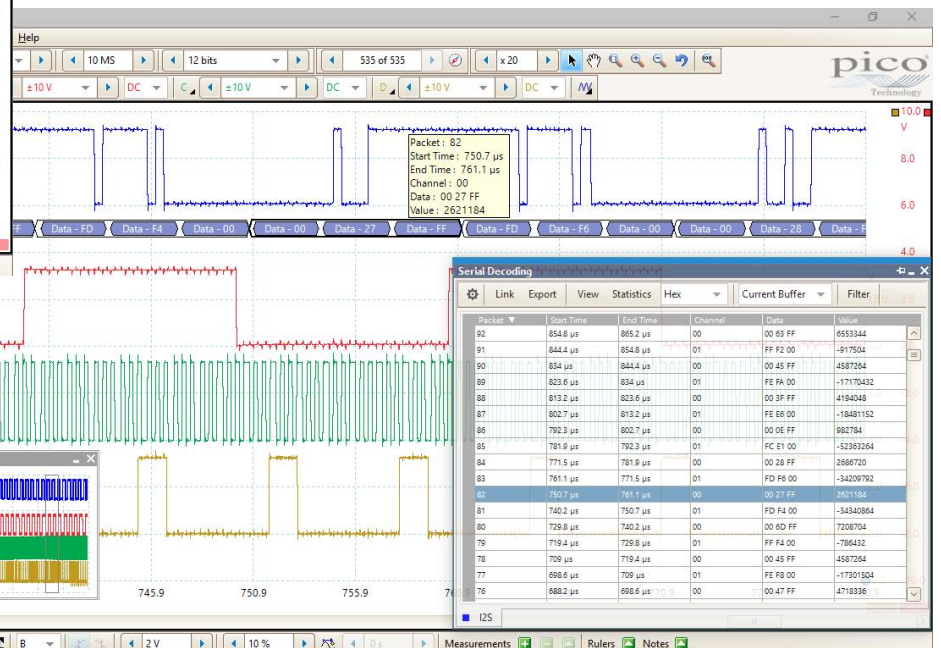
The PicoScope 6 software has support for 18 protocols including I²C, SPI, CAN, RS-232 and Ethernet.

Decoding helps you see what is happening in your design to identify programming and timing errors and check for other signal integrity issues. Timing analysis tools help to show the performance of each design element, identifying parts of the design that need to be improved to optimize overall system performance.



Graph format shows the decoded data (in hex, binary, decimal or ASCII) in a timing diagram format, beneath the waveform on a common time axis, with error frames marked in red. You can zoom in on these frames to investigate noise or distortion, and each packet field is assigned a different color, so the data is easy to read.

Table format shows a list of the decoded frames, including the data and all flags and identifiers. You can set up filtering conditions to display only the frames you are interested in or search for frames with specified properties. The statistics option reveals more detail about the physical layer such as frame times and voltage levels. PicoScope can also import a spreadsheet to decode the data into user-defined text strings.



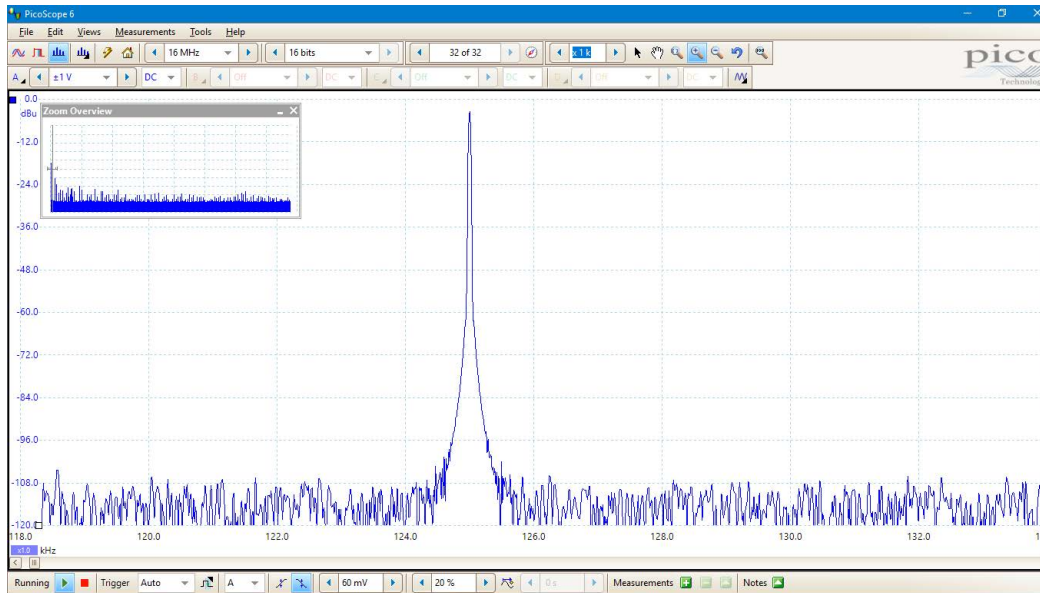
DRAFT

Spectrum analyzer

The spectrum view plots amplitude against frequency and is ideal for finding noise, crosstalk or distortion in signals. PicoScope uses a fast Fourier transform (FFT) spectrum analyzer, which (unlike a traditional swept spectrum analyzer) can display the spectrum of a single, non-repeating waveform.

With a click of a button, you can display a spectrum plot of the active channels, with a maximum frequency of up to 200 MHz. A comprehensive range of settings gives you control over the number of spectrum bins, window functions, scaling (including log/log) and display mode (instantaneous, average or peak-hold).

Display multiple spectrum views with different channel selections and zoom factors, and place these alongside time-domain views of the same data. Choose from a number of automatic frequency-domain measurements to add to the display, including THD, THD+N, SNR, SINAD and IMD. You can apply mask limit testing to a spectrum and can even use the AWG and spectrum mode together to perform swept scalar network analysis.



DRAFT

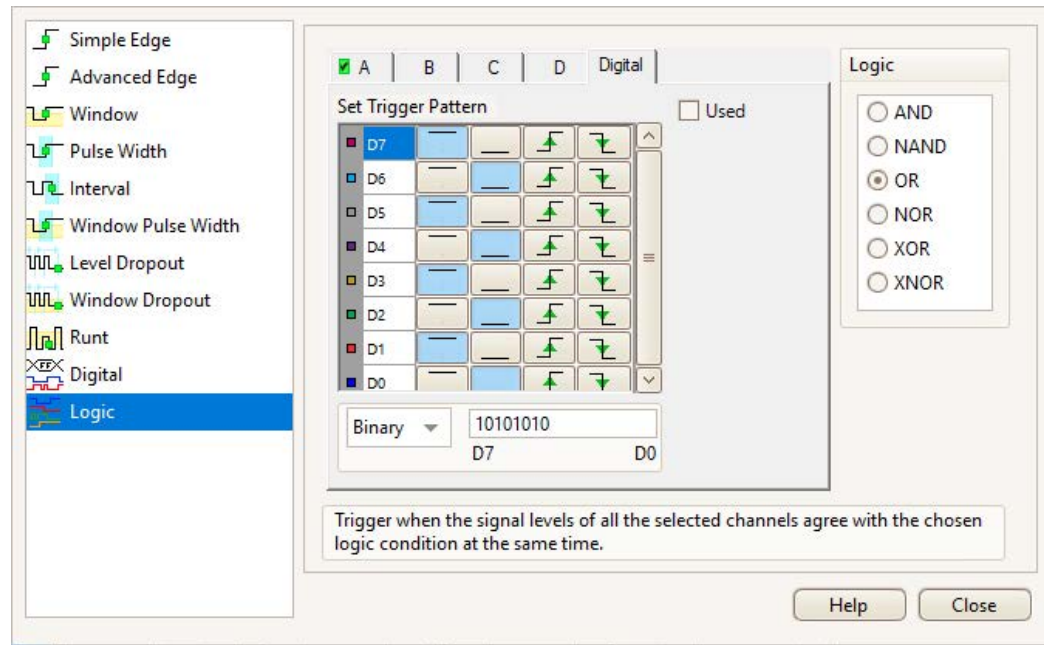
DRAFT

Digital triggering architecture

In 1991, Pico Technology pioneered the use of digital triggering and precision hysteresis using the actual digitized data. Traditionally, digital oscilloscopes have used an analog trigger architecture based on comparators, which can cause time and amplitude errors that cannot always be calibrated out. Additionally, the use of comparators can often limit the trigger sensitivity at high bandwidths and can create a long trigger rearm delay.

Pico's technique of fully digital triggering reduces trigger errors and allows our oscilloscopes to trigger on the smallest signals, even at the full bandwidth, so you can set trigger levels and hysteresis with high precision and resolution.

The digital trigger architecture also reduces the rearm delay. Combined with the segmented memory, this enables you to use rapid triggering to capture 10 000 waveforms in 10 ms in 8-bit mode.

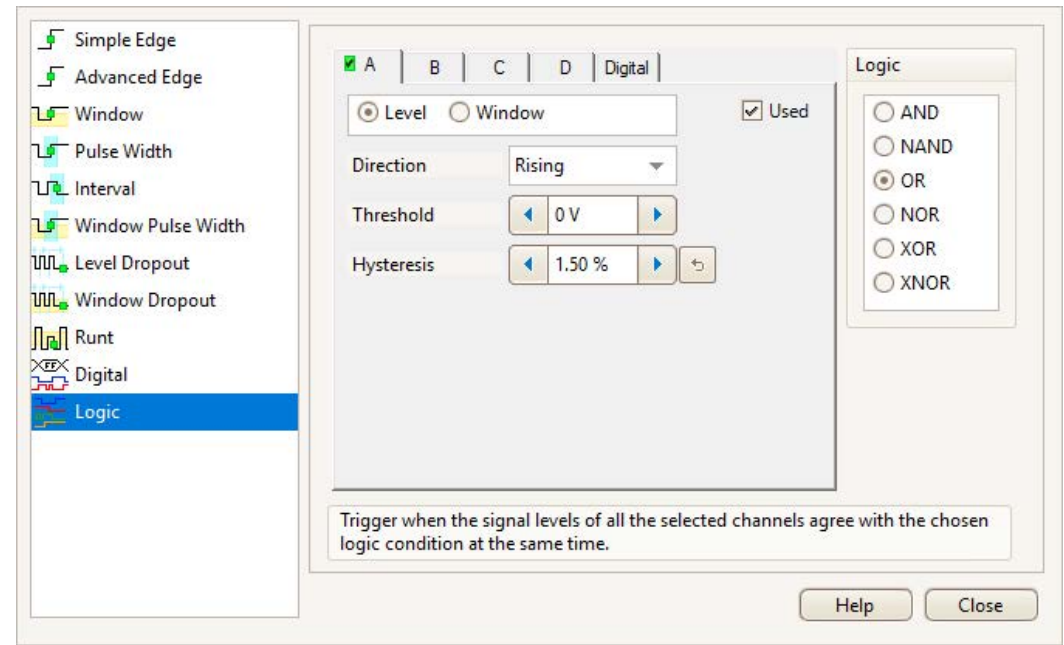


Advanced triggers

The PicoScope 5000D Series offers an industry-leading set of advanced triggers including pulse width, runt pulse, windowed and dropout.

The digital trigger available on MSO models allows you to trigger the scope when any or all of the 16 digital inputs match a user-defined pattern. You can specify a condition for each channel individually, or set up a pattern for all channels at once using a hexadecimal or binary value.

You can also use the logic trigger to combine the digital trigger with an edge or window trigger on any of the analog inputs, for example to trigger on data values in a clocked parallel bus.

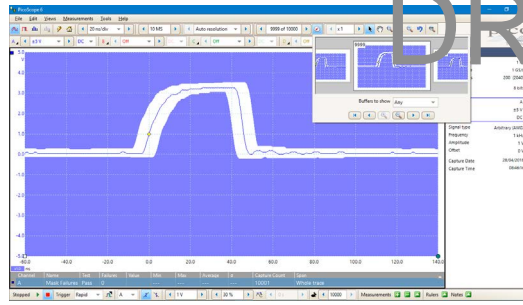


DRAFT

Mask limit testing

Mask limit testing allows you to compare live signals against known good signals, and is designed for production and debugging environments. Simply capture a known good signal, generate a mask around it and then use the alarms to automatically save any waveform (complete with a time stamp) that violates the mask. PicoScope will capture any intermittent glitches and show a failure count in the Measurements window (which you can still use for other measurements). You can also set the waveform buffer navigator to show only mask fails, enabling you to find any glitches quickly.

Mask files are easy to edit (numerically or graphically), import and export, and you can simultaneously run mask limit tests on multiple channels and in multiple viewports.



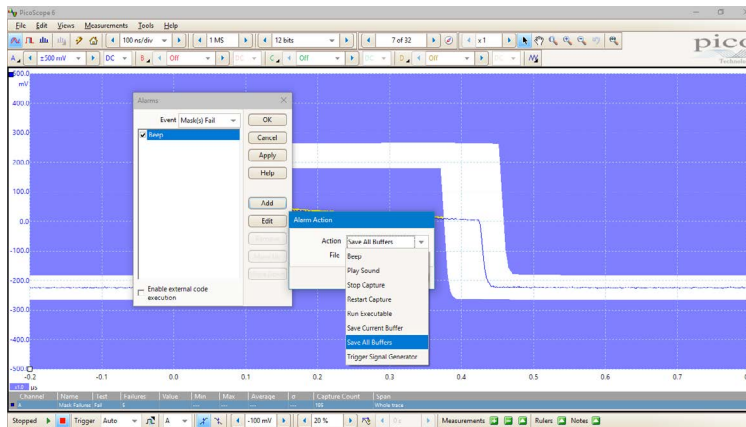
Alarms

You can program PicoScope to execute actions when certain events occur.

The events that can trigger an alarm include mask limit fails, trigger events and buffers full.

PicoScope's actions include saving a file, playing a sound, executing a program and triggering the arbitrary waveform generator.

Alarms, coupled with mask limit testing, help create a powerful and time-saving waveform monitoring tool. Capture a known good signal, generate a mask around it and then use the alarms to automatically save any waveform (complete with a timestamp) that does not meet your specifications.

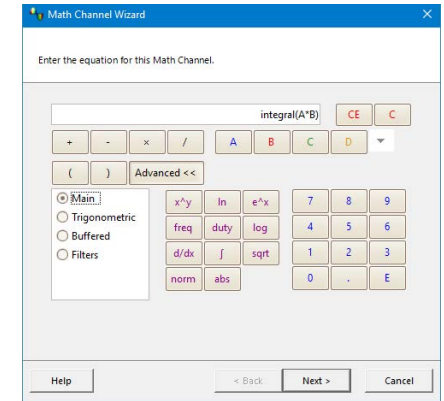


Math channels and filters

With PicoScope 6 you can perform a variety of mathematical calculations on your input signals and reference waveforms. Select simple functions such as addition and inversion, or open the equation editor to create complex functions involving filters (lowpass, highpass, bandpass and bandstop filters), trigonometry, exponentials, logarithms, statistics, integrals and derivatives.

Display up to eight real or calculated channels in each scope view. If you run out of space, just open another scope view and add more.

You can also use math channels to reveal new details in complex signals, for example graphing the changing duty cycle or frequency of your signal over time.



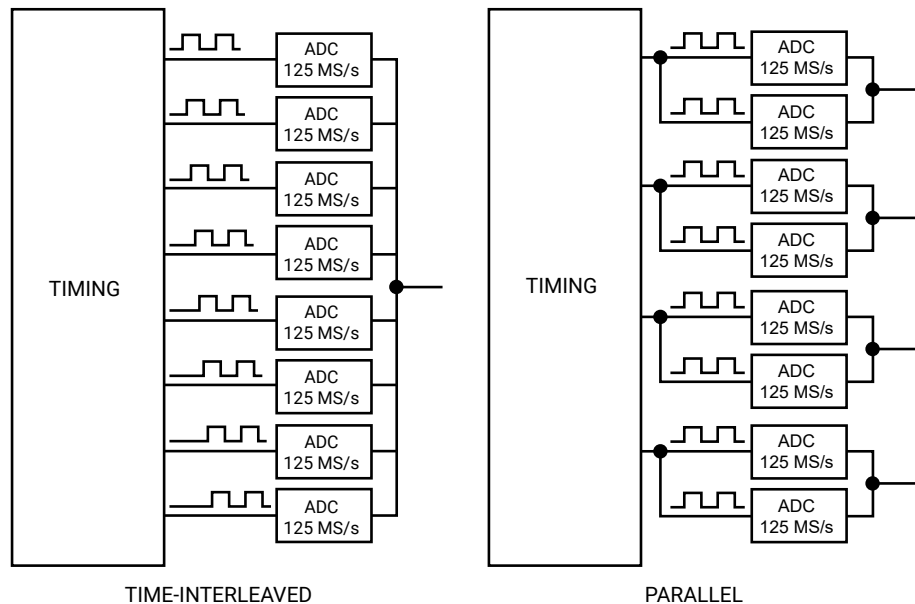
Custom probes

The custom probes feature allows you to correct for gain, attenuation, offsets and nonlinearities in probes, transducers and other sensors, and to measure quantities other than voltages (such as current, power or temperature). Definitions for standard Pico-supplied probes are built in, but you can also create your own using linear scaling or even an interpolated data table, and save them for later use.

FlexRes® – how we do it

Most digital oscilloscopes gain their high sampling rates by interleaving multiple 8-bit ADCs. Despite careful design, the interleaving process introduces errors that always make the dynamic performance worse than the performance of the individual ADC cores. The FlexRes architecture employs multiple high-resolution ADCs at the input channels in different time-interleaved and parallel combinations to optimize either the sampling rate to 1 GS/s at 8 bits, the resolution to 16 bits at 62.5 MS/s, or other combinations in between. Coupled with high signal-to-noise ratio amplifiers and a low-noise system architecture, FlexRes technology enables PicoScope 5000D Series oscilloscopes to capture and display signals up to 200 MHz with a high sampling rate, or lower-speed signals with 256 times more resolution than typical 8-bit oscilloscopes. Resolution enhancement—a digital signal processing technique built into PicoScope—can further increase the effective vertical resolution of the scope to 20 bits.

The PicoScope 6 software lets you choose between setting the resolution manually and leaving the scope in “auto resolution” mode, where the optimal resolution is used for the chosen settings.



DRAFT High signal integrity

Here at Pico, we're proud of the dynamic performance of our products. Careful front-end design and shielding reduces noise, crosstalk and harmonic distortion. Over 25 years of high-resolution oscilloscope design experience leads to improved pulse response and bandwidth flatness.

Sensitivity at 1:1 zoom is an impressive 2 mV/div at the full resolution of the oscilloscope. If you need even more sensitivity then simply switch to high-resolution mode and zoom-in. Combining 14-bit mode and zoom can provide 200 μ V/div sensitivity while still providing more than 8 bits usable resolution.

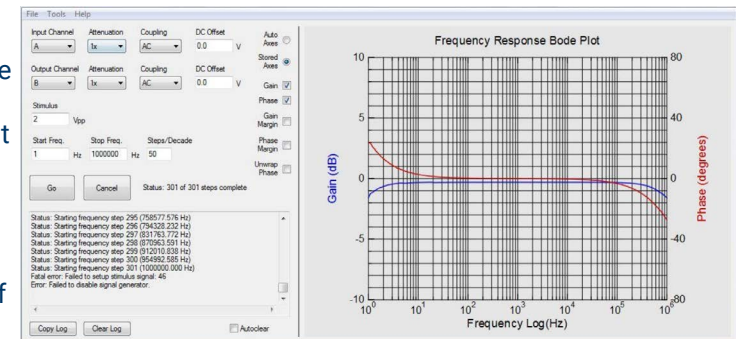


PicoSDK® - write your own apps

Our software development kit, PicoSDK, allows you to write your own software and includes drivers for Windows, macOS and Linux. Example code supplied on our GitHub organization page shows how to interface to third-party software packages such as National Instruments LabVIEW and MathWorks MATLAB.

Amongst other features, the drivers support data streaming, a mode that captures continuous gap-free data directly to your PC at rates of up to 125 MS/s, so you are not limited by the size of your scope's capture memory. Sampling rates in streaming mode are subject to PC specifications and application loading.

There is also an active community of PicoScope users who share both code and whole applications on our Test and Measurement Forum and the PicoApps section of the website. The Frequency Response Analyzer shown here is one of the most popular of these applications.



DRAFT

SuperSpeed USB 3.0 connection

PicoScope 5000D Series oscilloscopes feature a USB 3.0 connection, providing lightning-fast saving of waveforms while retaining compatibility with older USB standards. The PicoSDK® software development kit supports continuous streaming to the host computer at rates up to 125 MS/s.

Kit contents and accessories

Your PicoScope 5000D Series oscilloscope kit contains the following items:

- PicoScope 5000D Series oscilloscope
- 1 x TA155 Pico blue USB 3 cable 1.8 m
- MSO models: 1 x TA136 MSO cable
- MSO models: 2 x TA139 Set of MSO clips
- PicoScope 5x42 models: 2/4 x TA375 probes
- PicoScope 5x43 models: 2/4 x TA375 probes.
- PicoScope 5x44 models: 2/4 x TA386 probes.
- 4-channel models: 1 x PS011 5 V 3.0 A PSU
- Quick start guide



Probes

Your PicoScope 5000D Series oscilloscope kit comes with probes specifically trimmed to match the performance of your oscilloscope. The part numbers for these probes are as follows:

| 60 MHz | 100 MHz | 200 MHz |
|--------|---------|---------|
| TA375 | TA375 | TA386 |

DRAFT

DRAFT

Connections

The front panel of the 2-channel PicoScope 5000D Series oscilloscopes has:

- 2 x BNC analog input channels
- 1 x probe compensation pin
- 1 x BNC external trigger input
- 1 x BNC AWG/function generator output

The rear panel has:

- 1 x ground terminal
- 1 x USB 3.0 port



The front panel of the 2-channel PicoScope 5000D MSO Series oscilloscopes has:

- 2 x BNC analog input channels
- 1 x probe compensation pin
- 16 digital inputs

The rear panel has:

- 1 x BNC AWG/function generator output
- 1 x ground terminal
- 1 x USB 3.0 port



The front panel of the 4-channel PicoScope 5000D Series oscilloscopes has:

- 4 x BNC analog input channels
- 1 x probe compensation pin
- 1 x BNC external trigger input
- 1 x BNC AWG/function generator output

The rear panel has:

- 1 x ground terminal
- 1 x USB 3.0 port
- 1 x DC power input



The front panel of the 4-channel PicoScope 5000D MSO Series oscilloscopes has:

- 4 x BNC analog input channels
- 1 x probe compensation pin
- 16 digital inputs

The rear panel has:

- 1 x BNC AWG/function generator output
- 1 x ground terminal
- 1 x USB 3.0 port
- 1 x DC power input



DRAFT

PicoScope 6 software

The display can be as simple or as complex as you need. Begin with a single view of one channel, and then expand the display to include any number of live channels, math channels and reference waveforms.

Auto setup button:

Configures the collection time and voltage range for clear display of signals.

Channel options:

Filtering, offset, resolution enhancement, custom probes and more.

Oscilloscope controls:

Controls such as voltage range, scope resolution, channel enable, timebase and memory depth.

Movable axes:

The vertical axes can be dragged up and down. This feature is particularly useful when one waveform is obscuring another. There's also an **Auto Arrange Axes** command.

Zoom overview:

Click and drag for quick navigation in zoomed views.

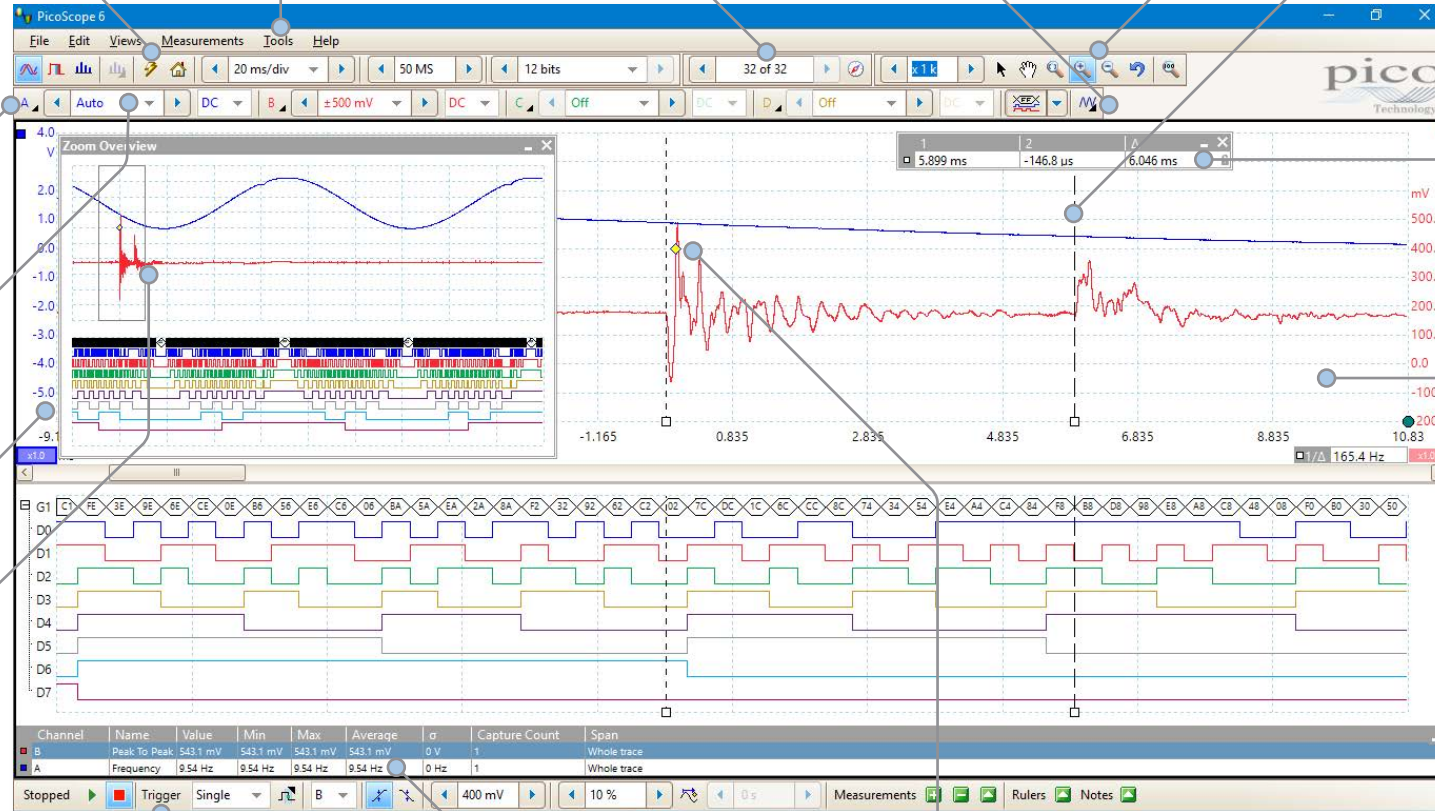
Tools: Including serial decoding, reference channels, macro recorder, alarms and mask limit testing.

Waveform replay tools: PicoScope automatically records up to 10,000 of the most recent waveforms. You can quickly scan through to look for intermittent events, or use the **Buffer Navigator** to search visually.

Signal generator: Generates standard signals or arbitrary waveforms. Includes frequency sweep mode.

Zoom and pan tools: PicoScope allows a zoom factor of several million, which is necessary when working with the deep memory of the 5000D Series scopes.

Rulers: Each axis has two rulers that can be dragged across the screen to make quick measurements of amplitude, time and frequency.



Ruler legend: Absolute and differential ruler measurements are listed here.

Views: PicoScope is carefully designed to make the best use of the display area. You can add new scope and spectrum views with automatic or custom layouts.

Trigger toolbar: Quick access to main controls, with advanced triggers in a pop-up window.

Automatic measurements: Display calculated measurements for troubleshooting and analysis. You can add as many measurements as you need on each view. Each measurement includes statistical parameters showing its variability.

Trigger marker: Drag the yellow diamond to adjust trigger level and pre-trigger time.

DRAFT

DRAFT

| PicoScope 5000D Series Technical Specifications | PicoScope 5242D and 5242D MSO 2-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5243D and 5243D MSO 2-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5244D and 5244D MSO 2-channel, 200 MHz | PicoScope 5442D and 5442D MSO 4-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5443D and 5443D MSO 4-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5444D and 5444D MSO 4-channel, 200 MHz |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Vertical (analog) | | | | | | |
| Analog input channels | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Input type | Single-ended, BNC connector | | | | | |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | 60 MHz | 100 MHz | 200 MHz | 60 MHz | 100 MHz | 200 MHz |
| Rise time (calculated) (8 to 15-bit modes) | 5.8 ns | 3.5 ns | 1.75 ns | 5.8 ns | 3.5 ns | 1.75 ns |
| Bandwidth limiter | 20 MHz, selectable | | | | | |
| Vertical resolution* | 8, 12, 14, 15 or 16 bits | | | | | |
| LSB size* (quantization step size) | 8 bits: < 0.6% of input range 12 bits: < 0.04% of input range 14 bits: < 0.01% of input range 15 bits: < 0.005% of input range 16 bits: < 0.0025% of input range * ±20 mV range: hardware resolution is reduced by 1-bit in 14-bit mode and above * ±10 mV range: hardware resolution is reduced by 1-bit in 12-bit mode, and by 2 bits in 14-bit mode and above | | | | | |
| Enhanced vertical resolution | Hardware resolution + 4 bits | | | | | |
| Input ranges | ±10 mV to ±20 V full scale, in 11 ranges | | | | | |
| Input sensitivity | 2 mV/div to 4 V/div (10 vertical divisions) | | | | | |
| Input coupling | AC / DC | | | | | |
| Input characteristics | 1 MΩ 13.5 ±1 pF | | | | | |
| DC accuracy | ±1% of full scale | | | | | |
| Analog offset range (vertical position adjust) | ±250 mV (10, 20, 50, 100, 200 mV ranges), ±2.5 V (500 mV, 1 V, 2 V ranges), ±20 V (5, 10, 20 V ranges) | | | | | |
| Gain accuracy | Over 15 to 30 °C after 1 hr warmup: 12 to 16 bits: ±0.5% of signal ±1 LSB 8 bits: ±2% of signal ±1 LSB | | | | | |
| Offset accuracy* | Over 15 to 30 °C after 1 hour warm-up: ±10 mV to ±200 mV ranges: ±0.5 mV (or ±1 LSB if larger) ±500 mV to ±2 V ranges: ±5 mV (or ±1 LSB if larger) ±5 V to ±20 V ranges: ±50 mV (or ±1 LSB if larger) * Offset accuracy can be improved by using the "zero offset" function in PicoScope 6. | | | | | |
| Analog offset control accuracy | ±1% of offset setting, additional to basic DC offset accuracy | | | | | |
| Overvoltage protection | ±100 V (DC + AC peak) | | | | | |

DRAFT

DRAFT

| PicoScope 5000D Series Technical Specifications | PicoScope 5242D and 5242D MSO 2-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5243D and 5243D MSO 2-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5244D and 5244D MSO 2-channel, 200 MHz | PicoScope 5442D and 5442D MSO 4-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5443D and 5443D MSO 4-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5444D and 5444D MSO 4-channel, 200 MHz |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|

Vertical (digital channels) – D MSO models only

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Input channels | 16 channels (2 ports of 8 channels each) |
| Input connector | 2.54 mm pitch, 10 x 2 way connector |
| Maximum input frequency | 100 MHz (200 Mbit/s) |
| Minimum detectable pulse width | 5 ns |
| Input impedance | 200 kΩ ±2% 8 pF ±2 pF |
| Input dynamic range | ±20 V |
| Threshold range | ±5 V |
| Threshold grouping | Two independent threshold controls. Port 0: D0 to D7, Port 1: D8 to D15 |
| Threshold selection | TTL, CMOS, ECL, PECL, user-defined |
| Threshold accuracy | < ±350 mV including hysteresis |
| Threshold hysteresis | < ±250 mV |
| Minimum input voltage swing | 500 mV peak to peak |
| Channel-to-channel skew | 2 ns, typical |
| Minimum input slew rate | 10 V/μs |
| Overvoltage protection | ±100 V (DC + AC peak) |

Horizontal

| | 8-bit mode | 12-bit mode | 14-bit mode | 15-bit mode** | 16-bit mode** |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Max. sampling rate | | | | | |
| Any 1 channel* | 1 GS/s | 500 MS/s | 125 MS/s | 125 MS/s | 62.5 MS/s |
| Any 2 channels* | 500 MS/s | 250 MS/s | 125 MS/s | 125 MS/s | |
| Any 3 or 4 channels* | 250 MS/s | 125 MS/s | 125 MS/s | | |
| More than 4 channels* | 125 MS/s | 62.5 MS/s | 62.5 MS/s | | |

**"Channel" means any analog channel or 8-bit digital port

**Any number of 8-bit digital ports can be used in 15-bit and 16-bit modes without affecting the maximum sampling rate.

| | | | | | | |
|---|----------|--------|---------|----------|--------|---------|
| Maximum equivalent sampling rate (repetitive signals; 8-bit mode only) | 2.5 GS/s | 5 GS/s | 10 GS/s | 2.5 GS/s | 5 GS/s | 10 GS/s |
|---|----------|--------|---------|----------|--------|---------|

| | |
|---|---|
| Maximum sampling rate (continuous USB streaming into PC memory) | USB3, using PicoScope 6: 15 to 20 MS/s (split between enabled channels, PC dependent, available sample rates vary by resolution) USB3, using API: 125 MS/s (8-bit) or 62.5 MS/s (12 to 16 bit) (split between enabled channels, PC dependent) USB2, using PicoScope 6: 8 to 10 MS/s (split between enabled channels, PC dependent, available sample rates vary by resolution) USB2, using API: ~30 MS/s (8-bit) or ~15 MS/s (12 to 16 bit) (split between enabled channels, PC dependent) USB1.1 (not recommended) : ~1 MS/s (8-bit) or ~0.5 MS/s (12 to 16 bit) using PicoScope 6 or supplied API (split between enabled channels, PC dependent) |
|---|---|

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Timebase ranges (real time) | 1 ns/div to 5000 s/div in 39 ranges |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|

DRAFT

DRAFT

| PicoScope 5000D Series Technical Specifications | PicoScope 5242D and 5242D MSO 2-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5243D and 5243D MSO 2-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5244D and 5244D MSO 2-channel, 200 MHz | PicoScope 5442D and 5442D MSO 4-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5443D and 5443D MSO 4-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5444D and 5444D MSO 4-channel, 200 MHz |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Timebase ranges (ETS) | 60 MHz models: 2 ns/div to 5000 s/div in 38 ranges 100 MHz models: 1 ns/div to 5000 s/div in 39 ranges 200 MHz models: 500 ps/div to 5000 s/div in 40 ranges | | | | | |
| Buffer memory** (8-bit) | 512 MS | | | | | |
| Buffer memory** (≥ 12-bit) | 256 MS | | | | | |
| Buffer memory*** (continuous streaming) | 100 MS in PicoScope software | | | | | |
| Waveform buffer (no. of segments) | 10 000 in PicoScope software | | | | | |
| Waveform buffer (no. of segments) when using PicoSDK (8 bits) | 250 000 | 500 000 | 1 000 000 | 250 000 | 500 000 | 1 000 000 |
| Waveform buffer (no. of segments) when using PicoSDK (12 to 16 bits) | 125 000 | 250 000 | 500 000 | 125 000 | 250 000 | 500 000 |
| Initial timebase accuracy | ±50 ppm (0.005%) | ±2 ppm (0.0002%) | ±2 ppm (0.0002%) | ±50 ppm (0.005%) | ±2 ppm (0.0002%) | ±2 ppm (0.0002%) |
| Timebase drift | ±5 ppm/year | ±1 ppm/year | ±1 ppm/year | ±5 ppm/year | ±1 ppm/year | ±1 ppm/year |
| Sample jitter | 3 ps RMS, typical | | | | | |
| ADC sampling | Simultaneous on all enabled channels | | | | | |
| **Shared between active channels | | | | | | |
| ***Driver buffering up to available PC memory when using supplied API. No limit on duration of capture. | | | | | | |
| Dynamic performance (typical analog channels) | | | | | | |
| Crosstalk | Better than 400:1 up to full bandwidth (equal voltage ranges) | | | | | |
| Harmonic distortion | 8-bit: < -60 dB at 100 kHz full scale input. 12-bit or higher: < -70 dB at 100 kHz full scale input. | | | | | |
| SFDR | 8 to 12-bit modes: 60 dB at 100 kHz full scale input. 14 to 16-bit modes: 70 dB at 100 kHz full scale input. | | | | | |
| Noise | <120 µV RMS 8-bit mode <110 µV RMS 12-bit mode <100 µV RMS 14-bit mode <85 µV RMS 15-bit mode <70 µV RMS 16-bit mode | | | | | |
| Bandwidth flatness | (+0.3 dB, -3 dB) from DC to full bandwidth | | | | | |
| Triggering (main specifications) | | | | | | |
| Source | Analog channels, plus: MSO models: Digital D0 to D15. Other models: Ext trigger | | | | | |

DRAFT

| PicoScope 5000D Series Technical Specifications | PicoScope 5242D and 5242D MSO 2-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5243D and 5243D MSO 2-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5244D and 5244D MSO 2-channel, 200 MHz | PicoScope 5442D and 5442D MSO 4-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5443D and 5443D MSO 4-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5444D and 5444D MSO 4-channel, 200 MHz |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Trigger modes | None, auto, repeat, single, rapid (segmented memory) | | | | | |
| Advanced trigger types (analog channels) | Edge, window, pulse width, window pulse width, dropout, window dropout, interval, runt, logic. | | | | | |
| Trigger types (analog channels, ETS) | Rising or falling edge ETS trigger available on ChA only, 8-bit mode only. | | | | | |
| Trigger sensitivity (analog channels) | Digital triggering provides 1 LSB accuracy up to full bandwidth of scope. | | | | | |
| Trigger sensitivity (analog channels, ETS) | At full bandwidth: typical 10 mV p-p | | | | | |
| Trigger types (digital inputs) | MSO models only: Edge, pulse width, dropout, interval, logic, pattern, mixed signal. | | | | | |
| Maximum pre-trigger capture | Up to 100% of capture size | | | | | |
| Maximum post-trigger delay | Zero to 4 billion samples, settable in 1 sample steps (delay range on fastest timebase of 0 – 4 s in 1 ns steps) | | | | | |
| Trigger rearm time | 8-bit, typical: 1 μ s on fastest timebase 8 to 12 bit: < 2 μ s max on fastest timebase 14 to 16 bit: < 3 μ s max on fastest timebase | | | | | |
| Maximum trigger rate | 10 000 waveforms in a 10 ms burst, 8-bit mode | | | | | |
| External trigger input – not MSO models | | | | | | |
| Analog trigger | Yes | | | | | |
| Connector type | Front panel BNC | | | | | |
| Trigger types | Edge, pulse width, dropout, interval, logic | | | | | |
| Input characteristics | 1 M Ω 13.5 pF \pm 1 pF | | | | | |
| Bandwidth | 60 MHz | 100 MHz | 200 MHz | 60 MHz | 100 MHz | 200 MHz |
| Threshold range | \pm 5 V | | | | | |
| External trigger threshold accuracy | \pm 1% of full scale | | | | | |
| External trigger sensitivity | 200 mV p-p | | | | | |
| Coupling | DC | | | | | |
| Overvoltage protection | \pm 100 V (DC + AC peak) | | | | | |
| Function generator | | | | | | |
| Standard output signals | Sine, square, triangle, DC voltage, ramp up, ramp down, sinc, gaussian, half-sine | | | | | |
| Pseudorandom output signals | White noise, selectable amplitude and offset within output voltage range. Pseudorandom binary sequence (PRBS), selectable high and low levels within output voltage range, selectable bit rate up to 10 Mb/s | | | | | |

DRAFT

DRAFT

| PicoScope 5000D Series Technical Specifications | PicoScope 5242D and 5242D MSO 2-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5243D and 5243D MSO 2-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5244D and 5244D MSO 2-channel, 200 MHz | PicoScope 5442D and 5442D MSO 4-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5443D and 5443D MSO 4-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5444D and 5444D MSO 4-channel, 200 MHz |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Output frequency range | DC to 20 MHz (<2 dB into 50 Ω) sine Up to 10 MHz all other waveforms | | | | | |
| Standard signal frequency | 0.025 Hz to 20 MHz (< 1.5 dB into 50 Ω) | | | | | |
| Sweep modes | Up, down, dual with selectable start / stop frequencies and increments | | | | | |
| Triggering | Can trigger a counted number of waveform cycles or frequency sweeps (from 1 to 4 billion) from the scope trigger, external trigger or from software. Can also use the external trigger to gate the signal generator output. | | | | | |
| Output frequency accuracy | Oscilloscope timebase accuracy ± output frequency resolution | | | | | |
| Output frequency resolution | < 25 mHz (0.025 Hz) | | | | | |
| Output voltage range | ±2 V | | | | | |
| Output voltage adjustments | Signal amplitude and offset adjustable in approx 0.3 mV steps within overall ±2 V range | | | | | |
| Amplitude flatness | < 2 dB to 20 MHz, typical | | | | | |
| DC accuracy | ±1% of full scale | | | | | |
| SFDR | > 70 dB, 10 kHz full scale sine wave | | | | | |
| Output resistance | 50 Ω ±2% | | | | | |
| Connector type | BNC(f) | | | | | |
| Overvoltage protection | ±20 V | | | | | |
| Arbitrary waveform generator | | | | | | |
| AWG update rate | 200 MHz | | | | | |
| AWG buffer size | 32 kS | | | | | |
| AWG resolution | 14 bits (output step size approx 0.25 mV) | | | | | |
| AWG bandwidth | > 20 MHz | | | | | |
| AWG rise time (10% to 90%) | <10 ns (50 Ω load) | | | | | |
| Additional AWG specifications including sweep modes, triggering, frequency accuracy and resolution, voltage range, DC accuracy and output characteristics are as the function generator. | | | | | | |
| Probe compensation pin | | | | | | |
| Output characteristics | 600 Ω | | | | | |
| Output frequency | 1 kHz | | | | | |
| Output level | 3 V peak to peak, typical | | | | | |
| Overvoltage protection | 10 V | | | | | |

DRAFT

| PicoScope 5000D Series Technical Specifications | PicoScope 5242D and 5242D MSO 2-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5243D and 5243D MSO 2-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5244D and 5244D MSO 2-channel, 200 MHz | PicoScope 5442D and 5442D MSO 4-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5443D and 5443D MSO 4-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5444D and 5444D MSO 4-channel, 200 MHz |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Spectrum analyzer | | | | | | |
| Frequency range | DC to 60 MHz | DC to 100 MHz | DC to 200 MHz | DC to 60 MHz | DC to 100 MHz | DC to 200 MHz |
| Display modes | Magnitude, average, peak hold | | | | | |
| Windowing functions | Rectangular, Gaussian, triangular, Blackman, Blackman-Harris, Hamming, Hann, flat-top | | | | | |
| Number of FFT points | Selectable from 128 to 1 million in powers of 2 | | | | | |
| Math channels | | | | | | |
| Functions | -x, x+y, x-y, x*y, x/y, x^y, sqrt, exp, ln, log, abs, norm, sign, sin, cos, tan, arcsin, arccos, arctan, sinh, cosh, tanh, delay, average, frequency, derivative, integral, min, max, peak, duty, highpass, lowpass, bandpass, bandstop | | | | | |
| Operands | A, B, C, D (input channels), T (time), reference waveforms, pi | | | | | |
| Automatic measurements | | | | | | |
| Scope mode | AC RMS, true RMS, frequency, cycle time, duty cycle, DC average, falling rate, rising rate, low pulse width, high pulse width, fall time, rise time, minimum, maximum, peak to peak | | | | | |
| Spectrum mode | Frequency at peak, amplitude at peak, average amplitude at peak, total power, THD %, THD dB, THD+N, SFDR, SINAD, SNR, IMD | | | | | |
| Statistics | Minimum, maximum, average, standard deviation | | | | | |
| Serial decoding | | | | | | |
| Protocols | 1-Wire, ARINC 429, CAN & CAN-FD, DCC, DMX512, Ethernet 10Base-T and 100Base-TX, FlexRay, I ² C, I ² S, LIN, PS/2, MODBUS, SENT, SPI, UART (RS-232 / RS-422 / RS-485), and USB 1.1 | | | | | |
| Mask Limit Testing | | | | | | |
| Statistics | Pass/fail, failure count, total count | | | | | |
| Display | | | | | | |
| Interpolation | Linear or sin(x)/x | | | | | |
| Persistence modes | Digital color, analog intensity, custom, fast | | | | | |
| General | | | | | | |
| PC connectivity | USB 3.0 SuperSpeed (USB 2.0 compatible) | | | | | |
| Power requirements | Powered from single USB 3.0 port | | | AC adaptor supplied. Can run in 2-channel mode (plus MSO channels if fitted) powered by USB 3 or charging port supplying 1.2 A. | | |
| Dimensions | 190 x 170 x 40 mm including connectors | | | | | |
| Weight | < 0.5 kg | | | | | |

DRAFT

DRAFT

| PicoScope 5000D Series Technical Specifications | PicoScope 5242D and 5242D MSO 2-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5243D and 5243D MSO 2-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5244D and 5244D MSO 2-channel, 200 MHz | PicoScope 5442D and 5442D MSO 4-channel, 60 MHz | PicoScope 5443D and 5443D MSO 4-channel, 100 MHz | PicoScope 5444D and 5444D MSO 4-channel, 200 MHz |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Temperature range | Operating: 0 to 40 °C minimum 15 to 30 °C for quoted accuracy* Storage: -20 to 60 °C. *1h warmup time | | | | | |
| Humidity range | Operating: 5 to 80 %RH non-condensing Storage: 5 to 95 %RH non-condensing | | | | | |
| Environment | Up to 2000 m altitude | | | | | |
| Safety approvals | Designed to EN 61010-1:2010 AC adaptor: CE, FCC, UL, Level VI efficiency | | | | | |
| EMC approvals | Tested to EN61326-1:2013 and FCC Part 15 Subpart B | | | | | |
| Environmental approvals | RoHS and WEEE compliant | | | | | |
| Software | PicoScope 6 and SDK for all supported platforms. Example programs for supported languages / development environments. | | | | | |
| PC requirements | Operating system: Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10. 32-bit and 64-bit versions. Beta software is also available for 64-bit Linux and macOS | | | | | |
| | Processor, memory and disk space: as required by the operating system | | | | | |
| | Port(s): USB 3.0 or USB 2.0 | | | | | |
| Accessories included | 1 x TA155 Pico blue USB 3 cable 1.8 m MSO models: 1 x TA136 MSO cable MSO models: 2 x TA139 Set of MSO clips 60 MHz models: 2/4 x TA375 probes 100 MHz models: 2/4 x TA375 probes. 200 MHz models: 2/4 x TA386 probes. 4-ch models: 1 x PS011 5 V 3.0 A AC adaptor Quick start guide | | | | | |
| Software languages | Simplified Chinese, Czech, Danish, Dutch, English, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Hungarian, Italian, Japanese, Korean, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Russian, Spanish, Swedish, Turkish | | | | | |

DRAFT

DRAFT

Ordering information

| Order code | Model number | Description | USD* | EUR* | GBP* |
|------------|---------------------|---|------|------|------|
| PQ143 | PicoScope 5242D | 60 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ149 | PicoScope 5242D MSO | 60 MHz 2-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ144 | PicoScope 5243D | 100 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ150 | PicoScope 5243D MSO | 100 MHz 2-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ145 | PicoScope 5244D | 200 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ151 | PicoScope 5244D MSO | 200 MHz 2-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ146 | PicoScope 5442D | 60 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ152 | PicoScope 5442D MSO | 60 MHz 4-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ147 | PicoScope 5443D | 100 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ153 | PicoScope 5443D MSO | 100 MHz 4-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ148 | PicoScope 5444D | 200 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope | | | |
| PQ154 | PicoScope 5444D MSO | 200 MHz 4-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope | | | |

* Prices are correct at the time of publication. Sales taxes not included. Please contact Pico Technology for the latest prices before ordering.

More oscilloscopes in the PicoScope range...

PicoScope 2000 Series
Ultra-compact and handheld



PicoScope 4000 Series
High precision 12 to 16 bits



PicoScope 6000 Series
High performance Up to 1 GHz



PicoScope 9000 Series
Sampling scopes and TDR to 20 GHz



UK global headquarters:

Pico Technology
James House
Colmworth Business Park
St. Neots
Cambridgeshire
PE19 8YP
United Kingdom
☎ +44 (0) 1480 396 395
☎ +44 (0) 1480 396 296
✉ sales@picotech.com

North America regional office:

Pico Technology
320 N Glenwood Blvd
Tyler
Texas 75702
United States
☎ +1 800 591 2796
☎ +1 620 272 0981
✉ sales@picotech.com

Asia-Pacific regional office:

Pico Technology
Room 2252, 22/F, Centro
568 Hengfeng Road
Zhabei District
Shanghai 200070
PR China
☎ +86 21 2226-5152
✉ pico.china@picotech.com

Errors and omissions excepted. *Pico Technology* and *PicoScope* are internationally registered trademarks of Pico Technology Ltd. *LabVIEW* is a trademark of National Instruments Corporation. *Linux* is the registered trademark of Linus Torvalds, registered in the U.S. and other countries. *macOS* is a trademark of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries. *MATLAB* is a registered trademark of The MathWorks, Inc. *Windows* and *Excel* are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

MM093.en-1. Copyright © 2018 Pico Technology Ltd. All rights reserved.



www.picotech.com



Pico Technology



@LifeAtPico



@picotechnologyLtd



Pico Technology



@picotech

DRAFT