

Overview

The KEMET ALA Snap-In Capacitors are designed for automotive applications. They can withstand vibration up to 20 G in accordance with the demanding requirements of the Automotive Electronics Council's AEC-Q200 qualification. The ALA8D capacitance values cover a range from 200 to 620 μ F and a voltage range of 400 to 500 V.

Applications

Typical applications for KEMET's ALA8D capacitors are mainly in the field of e-mobility such as on an on-board chargers, inverters or wall boxes.

Benefits

- Designed for automotive usage
- Vibration proof
- AEC-Q200
- Long life, up to 8,000 hours at +105°C (V_R I_R applied)
- High ripple current
- High voltage
- Excellent surge voltage capability
- PET sleeve recognized to UL QMTR2, UL No. E358957
- Optimized designs available upon request



Part Number System

| ALA8D | A | 361 | CE | 450 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Series | Termination | Capacitance Code (μ F) | Size Code | Rated Voltage (VDC) |
| Snap-In Aluminum Electrolytic | See Termination Table | First two digits represent significant figures. Third digit specifies number of zeros. | See Dimension Table | 400 = 400 450 = 450 500 = 500 |

Performance Characteristics

| Item | Performance Characteristics | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Capacitance Range | 200 – 620 μ F | | |
| Rated Voltage | 400 – 500 VDC | | |
| Operating Temperature | –40 to +105°C | | |
| Storage Temperature | –55 to +105°C | | |
| Capacitance Tolerance | \pm 20% at 100 Hz/+20°C | | |
| Operational Lifetime | D (mm) | Rated Voltage and Ripple Current at +105°C (hours) | Rated Voltage at +105°C (hours) |
| | 25 | 6,000 | 10,000 |
| | 30 | 7,000 | 11,000 |
| | 35 | 8,000 | 13,000 |
| End of Life Requirement | UR > 100 VDC Δ C/C < \pm 15%, ESR < 3 x initial ESR value, IL < initial specified limit | | |
| Shelf Life | 2,000 hours at +85°C or 30,000 hours at +40°C 0 VDC | | |
| Leakage Current | I = 0.003 CV or 6,000 (μ A, whichever is smaller) | | |
| | C = rated capacitance (μ F), V = rated voltage (VDC). Voltage applied for 5 minutes at +20°C. | | |
| Vibration Test Specifications | | Procedure | Requirements |
| | D \leq 35 mm | 1.5 mm displacement amplitude or 20 G maximum acceleration. Vibration applied for three directions of 4-hour sessions at 10 – 2,000 Hz. (Capacitor clamped by body.) | No leakage of electrolyte or other visible damage. Deviations in capacitance from initial measurements must not exceed Δ C/C < 5% |
| Standards | AEC-Q200: aluminum electrolytic capacitors IEC 60384-4 long life grade 40/85/56 | | |

Surge Voltage

| Test Condition | Voltage (VDC) | | |
|--|---------------|-----|-----|
| | 400 | 450 | 500 |
| \leq 30 s surge followed by a no load period of 330 s, 1,000 cycles at +85°C | 440 | 495 | 550 |
| \leq 500 ms surge, 100 cycles at 20°C, occurring randomly throughout the life of the capacitor | 520 | 550 | 600 |

Test Method & Performance

| Endurance Life Test | | |
|------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Conditions | Performance | |
| Temperature | +105°C | |
| Test Duration | 2,000 hours | |
| Ripple Current | Rated ripple current in specified table | |
| Voltage | The sum of DC voltage and the peak AC voltage must not exceed the rated voltage of the capacitor | |
| Performance | The following specifications will be satisfied when the capacitor is tested at +20°C: | |
| Capacitance Change | ≥ 400 V | Within 10% of the initial value |
| Equivalent Series Resistance | Does not exceed 150% of the initial value | |
| Leakage Current | Does not exceed leakage current limit | |

Dimensions – Millimeters

| Size Code | Dimensions in mm | | Approximate Weight Grams |
|-----------|------------------|----|--------------------------|
| | D | L | |
| | -0/+1 | ±2 | |
| BB | 25 | 30 | 28 |
| BC | 25 | 35 | 30 |
| BD | 25 | 40 | 35 |
| CB | 30 | 30 | 40 |
| CC | 30 | 35 | 45 |
| CD | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| CE | 30 | 45 | 55 |
| CF | 30 | 50 | 60 |
| DB | 35 | 30 | 50 |
| DC | 35 | 35 | 60 |
| DD | 35 | 40 | 65 |
| DE | 35 | 45 | 75 |
| DF | 35 | 50 | 80 |

Note: Dimensions include sleeving

Termination Tables

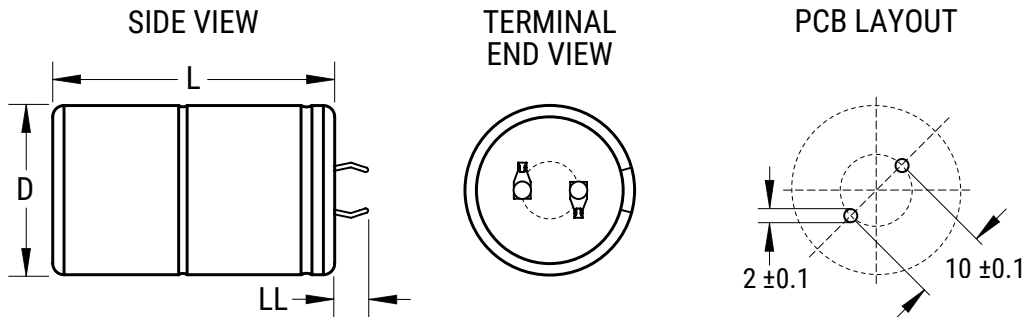
| Termination Code | A | D | F | C | E |
|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Diameter (mm) | | | | | |
| 25 | • | • | • | | |
| 30 | • | • | • | | |
| 35 | • | • | • | • | • |

Mounting: These capacitors are designed to be mounted by their terminations alone and may be used in any position. Dummy pins must be isolated on 4 pin styles.

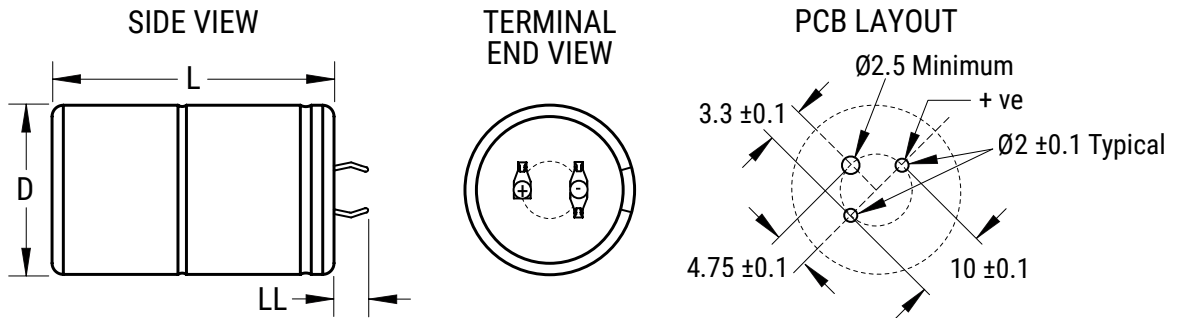
| Termination Code | Termination Style | LL |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----|
| | | ±1 |
| Standard Termination Option | | |
| A | 2 Pin | 6.3 |
| Other Termination Options | | |
| D | 2 Pin | 4 |
| F | 3 Pin | 4 |
| C | 4 Pin | 6.3 |
| E | 4 Pin | 4 |
| Dimensions in mm | | |

Termination Tables cont'd

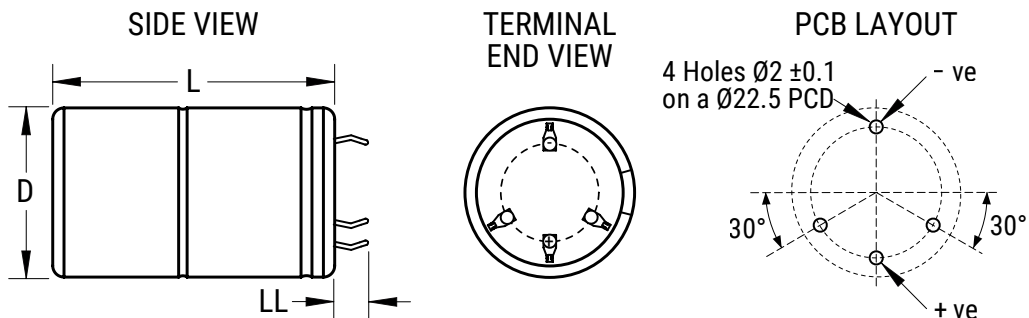
Style A/D



Style F



Style C/E



Shelf Life

The capacitance, ESR and impedance of a capacitor will not change significantly after extended storage periods, however, the leakage current will very slowly increase. KEMET products are particularly stable and allow a shelf life in excess of three years at 40°C. See sectional specification under each product for specific data.

Re-age (Reforming) Procedure

Apply the rated voltage to the capacitor at room temperature for a period of one hour, or until the leakage current has fallen to a steady value below the specified limit. During re-aging, a maximum charging current of twice the specified leakage current or 5 mA (whichever is greater) is suggested.

Reliability

The reliability of a component can be defined as the probability that it will perform satisfactorily under a given set of conditions for a given length of time.

In practice, it is impossible to predict with absolute certainty how any individual component will perform. Therefore, we must utilize probability theory. It is also necessary to clearly define the level of stress involved (e.g., operating voltage, ripple current, temperature and time.) Finally, the meaning of satisfactory performance must be defined by specifying a set of conditions, which determine the end of life of the component.

KEMET provides an online life calculator that can be used to predict hours of life for a given part number in specific application conditions. This can be found at: <https://elc.kemet.com>.

End of Life Definition

Catastrophic failure: short circuit, open circuit or safety vent operation

Parametric Failure:

- Change in capacitance > $\pm 15\%$
- Leakage current > specified limit
- ESR > 3 x initial ESR value

Environmental Compliance

As an environmentally conscious company, KEMET is working continuously with improvements concerning the environmental effects of both our capacitors and their production.

In Europe (RoHS Directive) and in some other geographical areas such as China, legislation has been put in place to prevent the use of some hazardous materials, such as lead (Pb), in electronic equipment. All products in this catalog are produced to help our customers' obligations to guarantee their products and fulfill these legislative requirements. The only material of concern in our products has been lead (Pb), which has been removed from all designs to fulfill the requirement of containing less than 0.1% of lead in any homogeneous material. KEMET will closely follow any changes in legislation worldwide and make any necessary changes in its products, whenever needed.

Some customer segments such as medical, military and automotive electronics may still require the use of lead in electrode coatings. To clarify the situation and distinguish products from each other, a special symbol is used on the packaging labels for RoHS compatible capacitors.

Due to customer requirements, there may appear additional markings such as lead-free (LF), or lead-free wires (LFW) on the label.

Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference

| VDC | Rated Capacitance | Size Code | Case Size | Ripple Current | | ESR Maximum | Impedance Maximum | Part Number | SPQ | MOQ |
|-----|---------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----|-----|
| | 100 Hz 20°C (µF) | | D x L (mm) | 100 Hz 85°C (A) | 10 kHz 85°C (A) | 100 Hz 20°C (mΩ) | 10 kHz 20°C (mΩ) | | | |
| 400 | 270 | CC | 30 x 35 | 1.7 | 4.6 | 558 | 327 | ALA8D(1)271CC400 | 160 | 320 |
| 400 | 360 | CD | 30 x 40 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 420 | 247 | ALA8D(1)361CD400 | 160 | 320 |
| 400 | 390 | DC | 35 x 35 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 394 | 233 | ALA8D(1)391DC400 | 100 | 200 |
| 400 | 430 | CE | 30 x 45 | 2.3 | 6.0 | 353 | 207 | ALA8D(1)431CE400 | 160 | 320 |
| 400 | 470 | CF | 30 x 50 | 2.4 | 6.5 | 322 | 189 | ALA8D(1)471CF400 | 160 | 320 |
| 400 | 470 | DD | 35 x 40 | 2.5 | 6.1 | 327 | 194 | ALA8D(1)471DD400 | 100 | 200 |
| 400 | 560 | DE | 35 x 45 | 2.8 | 6.8 | 275 | 163 | ALA8D(1)561DE400 | 100 | 200 |
| 400 | 620 | DF | 35 x 50 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 248 | 147 | ALA8D(1)621DF400 | 100 | 200 |
| 450 | 240 | CC | 30 x 35 | 1.6 | 4.6 | 566 | 331 | ALA8D(1)241CC450 | 160 | 320 |
| 450 | 300 | CD | 30 x 40 | 1.9 | 5.3 | 454 | 265 | ALA8D(1)301CD450 | 160 | 320 |
| 450 | 360 | CE | 30 x 45 | 2.2 | 5.9 | 379 | 222 | ALA8D(1)361CE450 | 160 | 320 |
| 450 | 360 | DC | 35 x 35 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 386 | 228 | ALA8D(1)361DC450 | 100 | 200 |
| 450 | 430 | CF | 30 x 50 | 2.4 | 6.5 | 318 | 186 | ALA8D(1)431CF450 | 160 | 320 |
| 450 | 430 | DD | 35 x 40 | 2.4 | 5.9 | 323 | 191 | ALA8D(1)431DD450 | 100 | 200 |
| 450 | 510 | DE | 35 x 45 | 2.7 | 6.6 | 273 | 161 | ALA8D(1)511DE450 | 100 | 200 |
| 450 | 560 | DF | 35 x 50 | 3.0 | 7.4 | 248 | 146 | ALA8D(1)561DF450 | 100 | 200 |
| 500 | 200 | CC | 30 x 35 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 1031 | 760 | ALA8D(1)201CC500 | 160 | 320 |
| 500 | 240 | CD | 30 x 40 | 1.8 | 4.2 | 859 | 633 | ALA8D(1)241CD500 | 160 | 320 |
| 500 | 240 | DC | 35 x 35 | 1.8 | 4.3 | 863 | 637 | ALA8D(1)241DC500 | 100 | 200 |
| 500 | 270 | CE | 30 x 45 | 1.9 | 4.6 | 764 | 563 | ALA8D(1)271CE500 | 160 | 320 |
| 500 | 300 | CF | 30 x 50 | 2.0 | 4.8 | 687 | 506 | ALA8D(1)301CF500 | 160 | 320 |
| 500 | 300 | DD | 35 x 40 | 2.0 | 4.7 | 692 | 510 | ALA8D(1)301DD500 | 100 | 200 |
| 500 | 360 | DE | 35 x 45 | 2.4 | 5.5 | 577 | 426 | ALA8D(1)361DE500 | 100 | 200 |
| 500 | 430 | DF | 35 x 50 | 2.7 | 6.1 | 484 | 358 | ALA8D(1)431DF500 | 100 | 200 |
| VDC | Rated Capacitance | Size Code | Case Size | Ripple Current | | ESR | Impedance | Part Number | SPQ | MOQ |

(1) Termination code: See Termination Tables for available options.

Mechanical Data

Polarity & Reversed Voltage

Aluminium electrolytic capacitors manufactured for use in DC applications contain an anode foil and a cathode foil. As such, they are polarized devices and must be connected with the +ve to the anode foil and the -ve to the cathode foil. If this were to be reversed, then the electrolytic process that took place in forming the oxide layer on the anode would be recreated in trying to form an oxide layer on the cathode. In forming the cathode foil in this way, heat would be generated and gas given off within the capacitor, usually leading to catastrophic failure.

The cathode foil already possesses a thin stabilized oxide layer. This thin oxide layer is equivalent to a forming voltage of approximately 2 V. As a result, the capacitor can withstand a voltage reversal of up to 2 V for short periods. Above this voltage, the formation process will commence. Aluminium electrolytic capacitors can also be manufactured for use in intermittent AC applications by using two anode foils in place of one anode and one cathode.

Mounting Position

The capacitor can be mounted upright or inclined to a horizontal position. Special attention should be taken for the safety vent, which ensures that internal gas generated can escape when the pressure reaches a certain value due to overstress or catastrophic failure. All mounting positions must allow the safety vent to work properly.

Insulating Resistance

≥ 100 MΩ at 100 VDC across insulating sleeve.

Voltage Proof

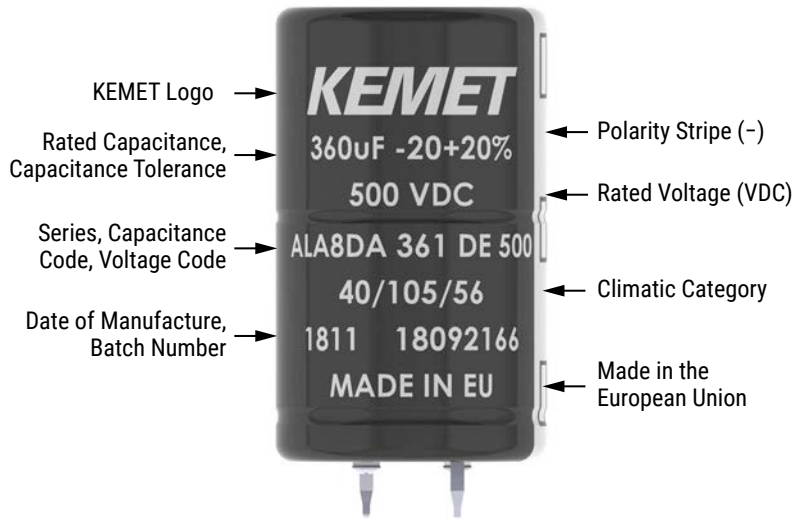
≥ 3,500 VDC across insulating sleeve.

≥ 2,500 VDC across insulating sleeve.

Safety Vent

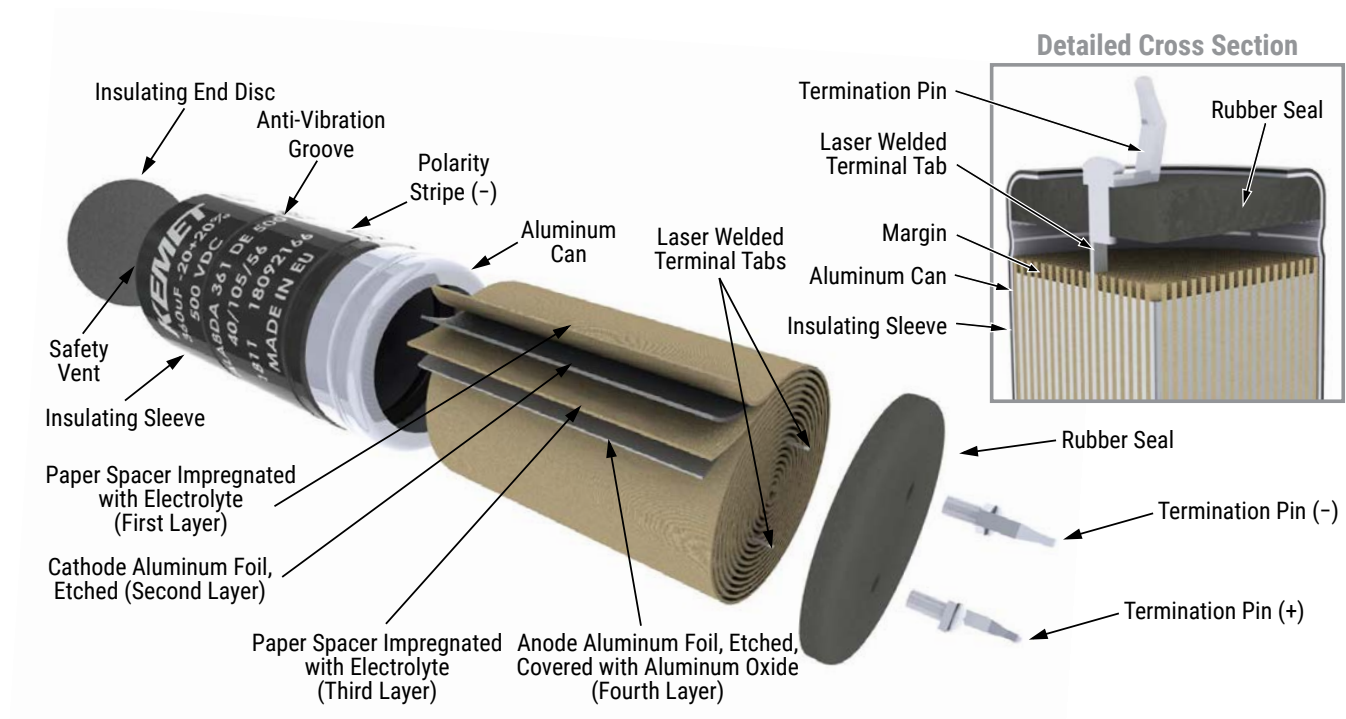
A safety vent for overpressure is featured on the base (opposing end to the terminals). This is a weakened area on the bottom of the can that is designed to relieve build-up of internal pressure due to overstress or catastrophic failure.

Marking



*Print shown is representative of the data included on the sleeve. Actual appearance can be continuous print style.

Construction



Construction Data

The manufacturing process begins with the anode foil being electrochemically etched to increase the surface area and then “formed” to produce the aluminum oxide layer. Both the anode and cathode foils are then interleaved with absorbent paper and wound into a cylinder. During the winding process, aluminum tabs are attached to each foil to provide the electrical contact.

The deck, complete with terminals, is attached to the tabs and then folded down to rest on top of the winding. The complete winding is impregnated with electrolyte before being housed in a suitable container, usually an aluminum can, and sealed. Throughout the process, all materials inside the housing must be maintained at the highest purity and be compatible with the electrolyte.

Each capacitor is aged and tested before being sleeved and packed. The purpose of aging is to repair any damage in the oxide layer and thus reduce the leakage current to a very low level. Aging is normally carried out at the rated temperature of the capacitor and is accomplished by applying voltage to the device while carefully controlling the supply current. The process may take several hours to complete.

Damage to the oxide layer can occur due to variety of reasons:

- Slitting of the anode foil after forming
- Attaching the tabs to the anode foil
- Minor mechanical damage caused during winding

A sample from each batch is taken by the quality department after completion of the production process. This sample size is controlled by the use of recognized sampling tables defined in BS 6001.

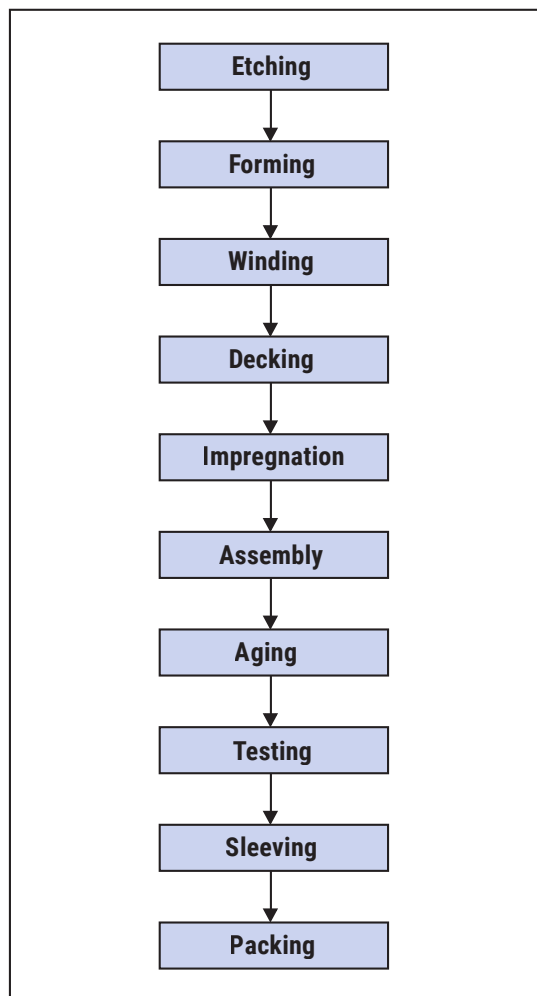
The following tests are applied and may be varied at the request of the customer. In this case the batch, or special procedure, will determine the course of action.

Electrical:

- Leakage current
- Capacitance
- ESR
- Impedance
- Tan Delta

Mechanical/Visual:

- Overall dimensions
- Torque test of mounting stud
- Print detail
- Box labels
- Packaging, including packed quantity



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