

Preliminary: MYTNA1R86RELA2RA

Document Category: Datasheet

UltraBK[™] 6A DC-DC Converter Module

Product Description

The MYTNA1R86RELA2RA is miniature UltraBK™ called "Ultra Block", an ultra-thin high efficiency integrated power solution that combines a 6A DC/DC converter with components.

This totally integrated module provides up to 90.0% efficiency in a small and thin 10.5mm x 9.0mm x 2.1mm LGA package. Murata's easy-to-use module terminal design allows simple power layout and maximum efficiency by minimizing routing parasitic resistance.

- Wide input voltage 6.0V to 14.4V
- Output voltage 0.7V to 1.8V
- Efficiency up to 90.0% Up to 87.5% Efficiency with 12VIN/1.8VOUT/6A
- Up to 6A
- Ultra-thin/small 10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1mm LGA package

Features

- Power good output
- Over-current and Over-temperature protection
- Remote on/off control
- Output voltage sense

Typical Applications

- PCIe / server applications
- FPGA and DSP
- Datacom / telecom systems
- Distributed bus architectures (DBA)
- Programmable logic and mixed voltage systems



Efficiency

Ta=25°C 12VIN 1.8VOUT

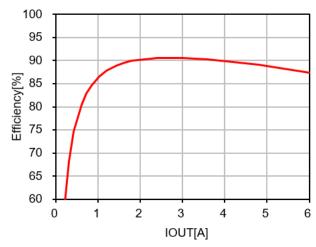


Figure 1. Efficiency Plot

Simplified Application Circuit

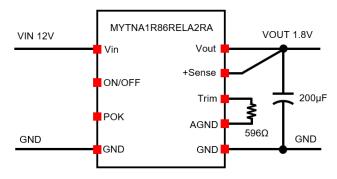


Figure 2. Simplified Circuit Diagram

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INNOVATOR IN ELECTRONICS UltraBK™ 6A DC–DC Converter Module

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (1) (2)

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Vin, ON/OFF Pin ⁽³⁾	-0.3	16	V
Trim ⁽⁴⁾ , POK Pin	-0.3	5.5	V
Storage Temperature	-40	125	°C
Soldering / Reflow temperature ⁽⁵⁾	-	260	°C
ESD Tolerance, HBM ⁽⁶⁾	-	1000	V

Notes:

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may extremely reduce device reliability.
- (2) All voltages are with respect to GND plane.
- (3) Do NOT exceed more than 0.3V from Vin voltage.
- (4) The Trim pin is designed to be connected to GND via a resistor.
- (5) Recommended Reflow profile is written in "Soldering Guidelines".
- (6) Human body model, per the JEDEC standard JS-001-2012.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Recommended Operating Conditions (1)

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	6.0	14.4	V
Ambient Temperature ⁽²⁾	-40	105	°C
Junction Temperature	-40	120	°C
Load Current	0	6	Α

Notes:

- (1) This module should be operated inside the recommended operating conditions. This module has been designed and tested on the assumption that it will be used under the recommended operating conditions. Operating in not recommended condition may reduce reliability of the module.
- (2) See the temperature derating curves in the thermal deratings. However, do not condensate.

Table 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Package Thermal Characteristics (1) (2)

PARAMETER		TYP	UNITS
Θjcb-1	Junction-case-bottom at heat Junction1	10.0	°C/W
Θjcb-2	Junction-case-bottom at heat Junction2	47.3	°C/W
Θjct-1	Junction-case-top a heat Junction1	64.9	°C/W
Θjct-2	Junction-case-top a heat Junction2	53.7	°C/W
Θја	Junction-air	19.9	°C/W

Notes:

- (1) Package thermal characteristics and performance are acquire and reported in according to the JEDEC standard JESD51-12. See "Fig.35" below for more information on our measurement conditions.
- (2) Junction thermal resistance is a function not only of the internal parts, but it is also extremely sensitive to the environment which includes, but is not limited to, board thickness, number of layers, copper weight / routes, and air flow. Attention to the board layout is necessary to realize expected thermal performance.

Table 3. Package Thermal Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics

VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=6A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in

Figure 30.

DADAMETED	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
PARAMETER INPUT SUPPLY	SYMBUL	CONDITIONS	IVIIIV	TYP	IVIAX	- UNITS
Input Voltage ⁽¹⁾	VIN		6	12	14.4	V
Input Voltage Start-up			_	12	14.4	V
Slew rate ⁽²⁾	VINSR		Note ⁽²⁾	-	150	V/ms
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Threshold High ⁽³⁾	VIUVH		-	-	5.45	V
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Threshold Low ⁽³⁾	VIUVL		4.5	-	-	V
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	VIUVHYS		-	215	-	mV
VIN Current Supply, Switching	IVINSW	No Load	-	25	-	mA
VIN Current Supply, Shutdown	IVINSD	VOUT=0V, ON/OFF=0V,	_	160	_	μA
Remote ON/OFF Control (ON/OF		1001-01, 014,011-01,		100		μ, τ
Threshold High ⁽³⁾	VTREH	Logic ON by pull-up or open of ON/OFF Pin	1.1	-	-	V
Threshold Low ⁽³⁾	VTREL	Logic OFF by pull-down of ON/OFF Pin	-	-	0.4	V
ON/OFF Pin Leakage Current ⁽³⁾	ILEN	VIN=14.4V, ON/OFF=0V, From Vin to ON/OFF	-	-	200	μΑ
CONVERTER	1	FIOH VIII to ON/OFF	I			<u> </u>
		VIN=12.0V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=6A	-	87.5	-	%
Efficiency	EFF	VIN=12.0V, VOUT=1.2V, IOUT=6A	-	85.5	-	%
Charge Pump Switching Frequency		Per a phase.	-	500	-	kHz
Buck Converter Switching Frequency		Per a phase.	-	1000	-	kHz
Start-up Time		VOUT=5% to 95% of VOUT	-	4	-	msec
POWER GOOD (POK Pin)						I
POK Sink Current ⁽³⁾		POK=0.4V	4	-	-	mA
POK Pin Leakage Current ⁽³⁾	ILPG	POK=5V, POK=High	-	-	1	μΑ
POK & Output Under-Voltage		VOUT falling (fault)	-	90	-	
POR & Output Officer-voltage		VOUT rising (good)	-	95	-	% of
POK & Output Over-Voltage		VOUT rising (fault)	-	110	-	VOUT
<u> </u>		VOUT falling (good)	-	105	-	
THERMAL SHUTDOWN	1		1		T	ı
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	TSD	Shutdown operating	-	150	-	°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	TSDHYS		-	20	-	°C
OUTPUT					T	
		9.6V ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V	0.7	-	1.8	V
Output Voltage ⁽⁴⁾	VOUT	7.0V ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V	0.7	-	1.35	V
		6.0V ≤ VIN ≤ 14.4V	0.7		1.0	V
Output Voltage Accuracy (1)(5)		$6.0V \le VIN \le 14.4V$, $0.7V \le VOUT \le 1.8V^{(4)}$	-3	-	+3	%
Output Current ⁽¹⁾	IOUT	0 ≤ IOUT≤ 6A	0	-	6	A
Current Limit Inception			-	11	-	Α
Current Limit Method				Hiccup		
Line Regulation ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾		VIN=min. to max.	-1	-	+1	%
Load Regulation ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾		IOUT=min. to max.	-1	-	+1	%
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation		IOUT=50-100%, SR=1.0A/µs	-	±3.0	-	%
•	 	$6.0V \le VIN \le 14.4V$,				
Ripple and Noise ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾ (20MHz bandwidth)		0.7V ≤ VOUT ≤ 1.8V ⁽⁴⁾ 0 ≤ IOUT≤ 6A	-	-	40	mV pk-pk
External Output Capacitance	COUT		200		2000	μF

VIN=12V, VOUT=1.8V, IOUT=6A, Ta=+25°C, unless otherwise noted. The Electrical Characteristics table is based on the test circuit in Figure 30.

PARAMETER SYMBOL CONDITIONS MIN TYP MAX UNITS

Notes:

(1) Min/Max specifications are 100% production tested at Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted. Limits over the operating range are guaranteed by design.

(2) See the section of "Limitation of Input Voltage slew rate".

(3) Guaranteed by design.

(4) See the Output Voltage Range of fig.9.

(5) Only statics state.

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics

Pin Configuration

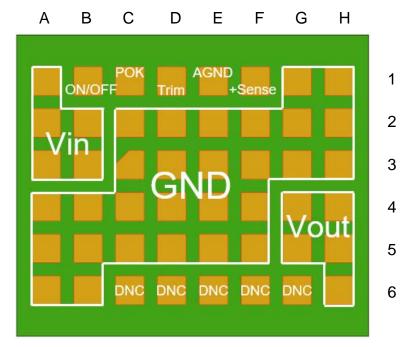


Figure 3. Module Terminal (Top View)

Pin Descriptions

PIN NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION
A1-A3, B2-B3	Vin	Input Voltage pins. Apply input voltage between these pins and GND pins.
A4-A6, B4-B6, C2- C5, D2-D5,E2-E5, F2-F5, G1-G3, H1- H3	GND	Ground pins. Connect to the GND plane.
B1	ON/OFF	Remote ON/OFF pin. This pin is connected to Vin through the internal resistance.
C1	POK	Power Good pin. The function is operated by internal open-drain FET.
C6, D6, E6, F6, G6	DNC	Do not connect pins. Those pins must be left floating individually.
D1	Trim	Trimming pin. Connect to the resistor to adjust to the target output voltage.
E1	AGND	Analog ground pin. Connect to trimming Resistor.
F1	+Sense	Output Voltage Sensing pin. Connect to an output near the load to improve load regulation. This pin must be connected to output near the load, or at the module pins.
G4-G5, H4-H6	Vout	Output pins. Connect the output load between these pins and Ground pins. Place external bypass capacitors as close as possible to these pins to reduce parasitic inductance.

Table 5. Pin Descriptions

Functional Block Diagram

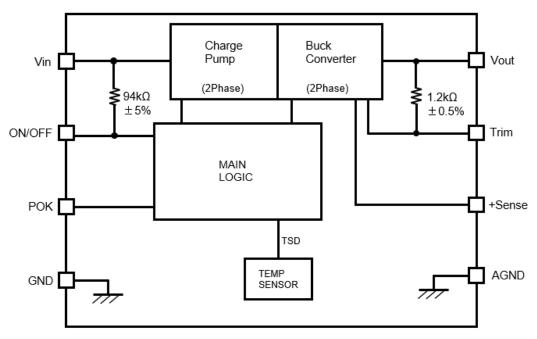
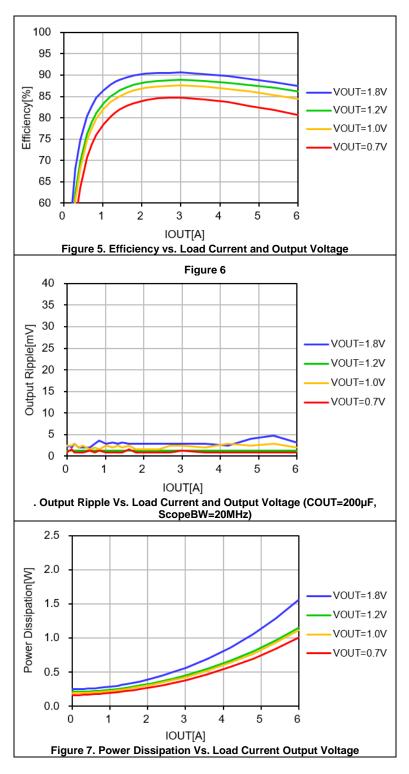
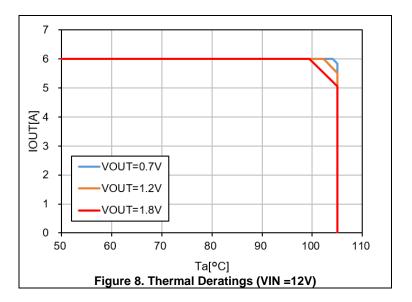


Figure 4. Functional Block Diagram

Typical Performance Characteristics (VIN=12V Ta=25°C)



Thermal Deratings (Reference Data)

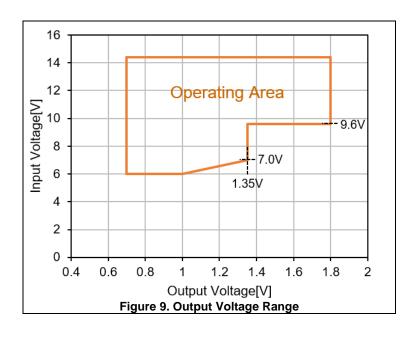


Thermal deratings are evaluated in following condition.

- The product is mounted on 114.5mm x 101.5mm x 1.6mm (Layer1, 4: 2oz Layer2, 3: 1oz copper) FR-4 board.
- · No forced air flow.

Surface temperature of the product: 118.7°C max

Output Voltage Range



Limitation of Input Voltage Slew rate

When starting the module with ramping Input Voltage up, the slew rate of the ramping should be managed for the proper operation. If Input Voltage ramping up is too steep, it would cause charge injection to the internal nodes via parasitic. The maximum slew rate of the Input Voltage ramp up when booting the module with Input Voltage is

specified on the table 4 "Electronic Characteristics".

Similarly, if the VIN slew late is too low compare with VOUT slew rate, it could prevent expected start-up behavior. To avoid hitting the maximum duty cycle operation, the VIN slew rate should satisfy the equation of (eq.1). VINSR_L is minimum of input voltage start-up slew rate.

As a reference, estimated value of the slew rate and start-up time for each output voltage is written in the follow table.

$$VINSR [V/ms] \ge 11/15 \times VOUT[V] - 0.41 \qquad (eq.1)$$

OUTPUT	CALCULATION EXAMPL	E
VOLTAGE(V)	VINSR_L(V/ms)	VIN RISE TIME(ms) (0V to 12V)
1.8	0.91	13.2
1.2	0.47	25.5
1.0	0.32	37.5

Table.6 Minimum input voltage start-up slew rate and start-up time

Detailed Description

The MYTNA1R86RELA2RA is a two-stage DCDC converter that is composed of a dual-phase charge pump-based DCDC converter and a dual-phase synchronous buck DCDC converter. The output voltage range supported from 0.7V to 1.8V (The output voltage range depend on the input voltage.) with load currents of up to 6A and up to 10.8W delivered to the external load. This module isn't designed for the parallel operation.

Output Voltage Adjustment

The output voltage may be adjusted over a limited range by connecting an external trim resistor (Rtrim) between the Trim pin and AGND pin. The Rtrim resistor must be a 1/10W (or larger) precision metal film type,±0.5% accuracy (or better) with low temperature coefficient, ±100 ppm/°C (or better). Mount the resistor close to the converter with very short leads or use a surface mount trim resistor.

Resistor Trim Equation

$$Rtrim[kohm] = \frac{0.7164}{VOUT - 0.597}$$

The equations above are only reference, so please be sure to check the output voltage and adjust Rtrim in user circumstances. To increase or decrease the output voltage, increase or decrease the Rtrim value.

In the table below, the estimated resistance is given at limited condition. Do not exceed the specified limits of the output voltage range restricted by input voltage or the converter's maximum power rating when applying these resistors. Also, avoid high noise at the trim pin. However, to prevent instability, you should never connect any capacitors between trim pin and GND pin.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V)	CALCULATED(OHM)	EXAMPLE OF Rtrim (OHM) (E24 RESISTOR VAULE)
-------------------	-----------------	--

0.70	6955.3	6.8k+160
0.80	3529.1	3.3k+220
0.90	23644	2.2k+160
1.00	1777.7	1.6k+180
1.10	1424.3	1.3k+120
1.20	1188.1	680+510
1.30	1019.1	510+510
1.35	951.4	820+130
1.40	892.2	560+330
1.50	793.4	750+43
1.60	714.3	680+33
1.70	649.5	620+30
1.80	595.5	560+36

Table 7. Output Voltage and Rtrim Value

Output Voltage Remote Sense Function

The MYTNA1R86RELA2RA has a sense pin, +Sense, for this function. The function is capable of compensating for the voltage drop in the wiring by connecting the sense pin to the load point. The upper limit of the compensating by sense function depends on the maximum voltage allowed to the Vout pin (within range of the Output Voltage Accuracy). The sense trace should be as short as possible and shielded by the GND line or something else to reduce noise susceptibility.

The recommended sense line length is within 10cm for output voltage stability. Do NOT connect sense pin to the output of the additional LC filter that sits between the Vout pin and +Sense pin. If the remote sense is not needed, the +Sense pin should be shorted to the Vout pin.

Remote Enable Function

The MYTNA1R86RELA2RA has an enable input pin, ON/OFF, which is designed to be compatible with typical low voltage digital I/O levels so that it can be easily driven by an external controller. The ON/OFF pin logic is high active and connected to the VIN though internal resistors. So if external power sequencing or control is not required, the ON/OFF pin can be left open.

Soft start Function

The MYTNA1R86RELA2RA has an exquisite soft start function. This function prevents too large of an input rush current and output voltage overshoot. When the function is operating, the converter is controlled in discontinuous current mode (DCM), so the output ripple voltage may be larger than steady-state behavior which is in continuous current mode (CCM). If the input voltage drops and the operating state deviates from the operation area of fig.9, you should discharge the input voltage below the VIUVL and then restart.

This soft start function is also compatible with pre-bias start-up. However the converter cannot prevent reverse current except during soft start, so the output must NOT be connected to a circuit that has a voltage higher than the output voltage setting.

Power Good Operation

MYTNA1R86RELA2RA has an open-drain "power good" pin, POK. The POK pin must be pulled up externally, though a resistor to a voltage of ≦5.5V. MYTNA1R86RELA2RA will hold the POK pin low during soft start, VOUT is outside of the regulation or when the fault condition is detected and being handled. Please note that the POK function will not work when the module is inactive. Therefore, the POK pin will be high impedance when VIN is below VIUVH or the module disabled.

The power good function is activated after soft start has finished. If the VOUT becomes within +5% to -5% of the target value, internal comparators detect the power good state and the power good signal becomes high. After that, if the VOUT rises outside of +10% or falls outside of -10% of the target value, the power good signal becomes low.

Power good function is a flag that indicates the output voltage status and internal protection status. If the POK pin isn't high for a long time from start-up, there are some abnormal situation occur in inside the module or external environment.

So, we recommend monitoring POK pin and reset the module and output load in abnormal.

Protections

MYTNA1R86RELA2RA provides extensive and robust protection against input and output faults and over-temperature conditions, as summarized in the following table.

FAULT MODE	PROTECTION	FAULT RESPONSE	FAULT DETECTION TIME
VIN Under-Voltage	Under voltage Lock out	Power-on reset	Immediate (V _{IN} falling)
Over Load	Over current protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	1ms
Output Short	Short circuit protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	Immediate
Over Temperature	Over temperature protection	POK de-asserted; Enter hiccup mode	160µs

Table 8. Fault Protection Detection Time and Responses

The protection does not guarantee the module operation within the recommended operating conditions. Even if the protection is operating, it may be exceed the conditions, and thus may reduce the reliability of the module.

Over Current Protection and Short Circuit Protection

MYTNA1R86RELA2RA provides output over current protection and short circuit protection for load fault. When the converter load current exceeds the over current threshold for the detection time, the converter output is shut down. Following the shutdown, the converter periodically tries to recover by the startup sequence. This mode is called "hiccup" mode and continues until the load current decreases to under the over current threshold. When hiccup mode releases, the converter returns to normal operation.

Short circuit protection is incorporated for times when more rapidly shutdown is needed as output short. When the converter load current exceeds the short circuit threshold, the converter shuts down immediately and operates in hiccup mode until the load current decreases to under the short circuit threshold. When the hiccup mode releases, the converter returns to normal operation.

Over Temperature Protection

MYTNA1R86RELA2RA includes an integrated temperature sensor to protect the system from overheating. Once the converter detects over temperature longer than 160µsec, the output is turned off to reduce the power dissipation of the module. When the temperature drops below the hysteresis limit, the output is turned on again. If the underlying cause of the over-temperature fault is not cleared, the system enters into hiccup mode until the fault condition is removed.

Soldering Guidelines

Murata recommends the specifications below when installing this converter. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Your production environment may differ, therefore, thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

REFLOW SOLDER OPETRATIONS FOR SURFACE MOUNT PRODUCTS		
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:		
Preheat Temperature	Less than 1°C per second	
Time over Liquidus	45 to 75 seconds	
Maximum Peak Temperature	260°C	
Cooling Rate Less than 3°C per second		
For Sn/Pb based solder:		
Preheat Temperature	Less than 1°C per second	
Time over Liquidus	60 to 75 seconds	
Maximum Peak Temperature	235°C	
Cooling Rate	Less than 3°C per second	

Table 9. Reflow Guidelines for Sn/Ag/Cu solders and Sn/Pb solders

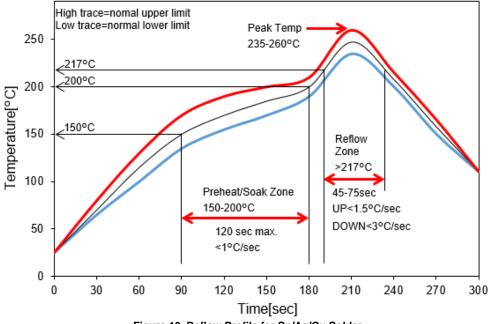


Figure 10. Reflow Profile for Sn/Ag/Cu Solder

Pb-free Solder Processes

For Pb-free solder processes, the product is qualified for MSL 3 according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020C. During reflow, the module must not exceed 260°C at any time.

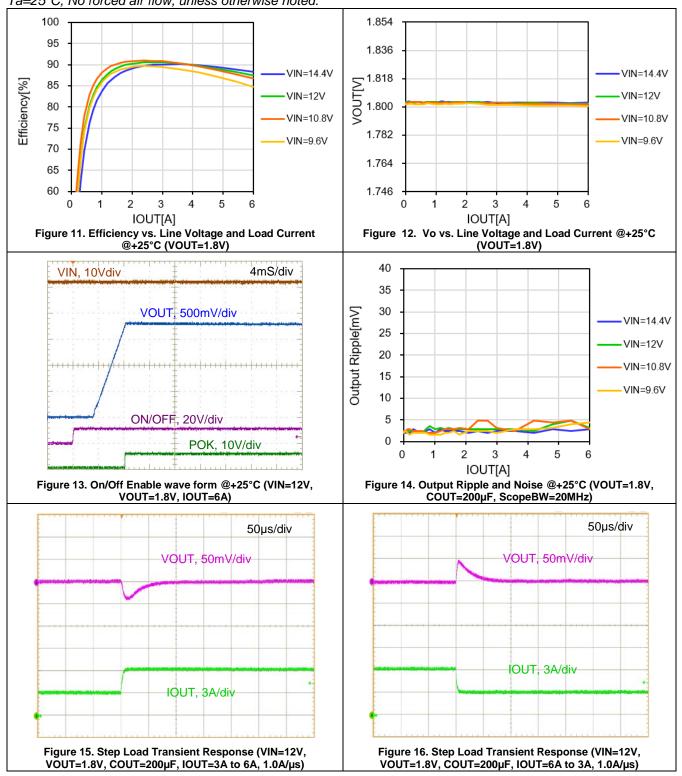
Dry Pack Information

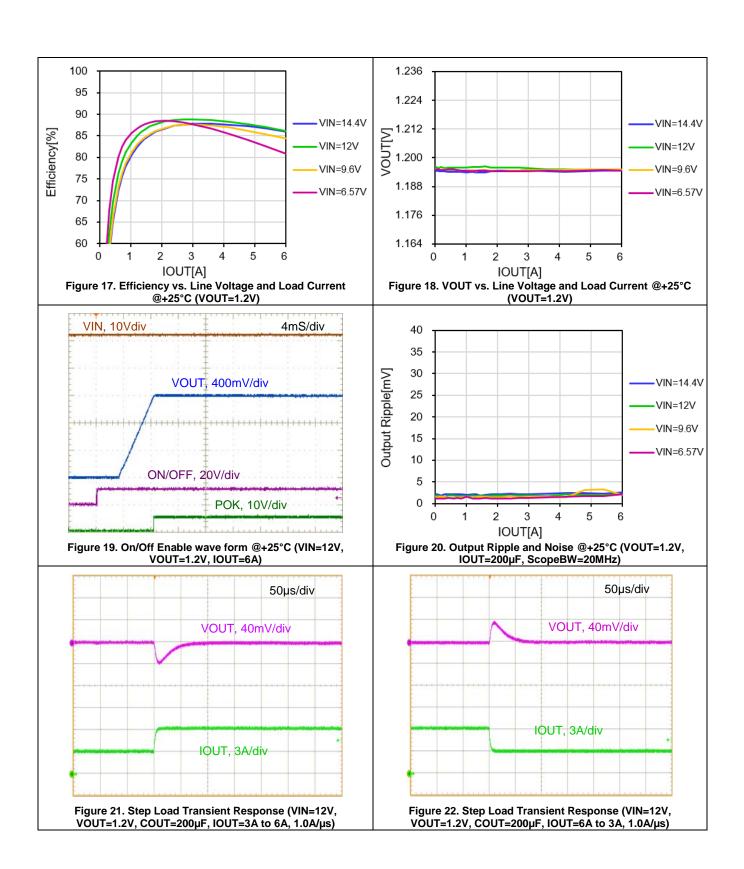
Products intended for Pb-free reflow soldering processes are delivered in standard moisture barrier bags according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-033.

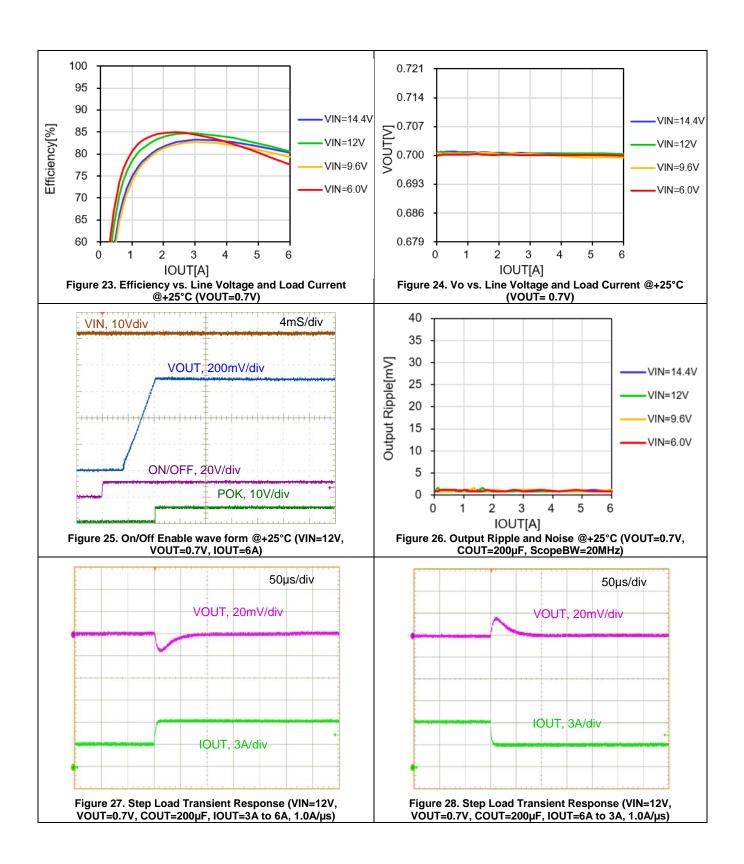
(Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture, Reflow, and Process Sensitivity Devices).

Using products in high temperature Pb-free soldering processes requires dry pack storage and handling. In case the products have been stored in an uncontrolled environment and no longer can be considered dry, the products must be baked according to J-STD-033.

Application PerformanceThe Application Performance data is reference and based on the Application Board graphic in Figure 35. Ta=25°C, No forced air flow, unless otherwise noted.







Transient Performance

VOUT [V]	VIN [V]	COUT [μF]	VOLTAGE DEVIATION [mV] 3A-6A LOAD STEP (1A/µs)
1.8			42.0
1.2	12	200	29.4
0.7			19.2

Table 10. Transient Performance and Conditions

Test Circuit

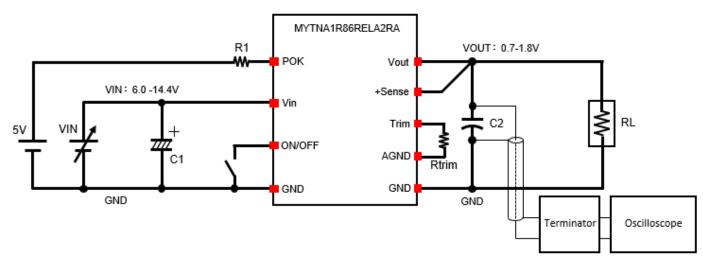


Figure 29. Test Circuit

REFERENCE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART AND EQUIPMENT
C1	1000µ	Electrolysis Capacitor	-
C2	100µ x 2pcs	CAP/CER/100uF/4V/X7U/1206/20%	GRM31CE70G107MEA8 (Murata)
R1	100k	1/10W/5%	-
VIN	-	DC Power Supply	-
RL	-	Electronic Load Device	ELL-355(KeisokuGiken)
Oscilloscope	-	Digital Oscilloscope	DPO5034 or TDS5034(Tektronix)
Terminator	-	Terminator	TRC-50F2(KeisokuGiken)

Table 11. Test Circuit Parts and Equipments List

Component Selection

Users of MYTNA1R86RELA2RA should adhere closely to the parts selected for the reference design bill of materials (BOM). Component selection is a complex process, and several parameters of importance to the design are not typically specified for passive components. Users wishing to deviate from these components are urged to contact Murata for guidance.

Input Fuse

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Normally, the fuse should be inserted on the primary side input supply line. For greatest safety, we recommend a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line of this module too. The installer must observe all relevant safety standards and regulations.

For safety agency approvals, install the converter in compliance with the end-user safety standard.

Input Capacitor

In general input environment (there are sufficient consideration about parasitic impedance and stability.), MYTNA1R86RELA2RA does not need an external input capacitor. If you want to reduce the ripple on input more, you can add the external input capacitor. The input capacitor should be placed as close to the module as possible to reduce any parasitic inductance effects. The voltage rating of the capacitor needs to be as high as the absolute maximum voltage rating for the system. The capacitor has voltage coefficient of capacitance, so you should be determine the rated value of capacitor that is taken into account the effective capacitance value at the applied VIN.

Output Capacitor

We recommend a low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM31 series) capacitor for output. The ceramic type capacitor may be tried using either single or multiple capacitors in parallel.

The converter will achieve its rated output ripple and noise with additional external capacitor. The user may install more external output capacitance to reduce the ripple even further or for improved dynamic response. These capacitor should be placed as closely as possible to the converter, and the output ripple measured under your load conditions. Use only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or possibly introduce instability. Do not exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications.

Packaging Information

This section provides packaging data including the moisture sensitivity level, package drawing, package marking and tape-and-reel information.

Moisture Sensitivity Level

The moisture sensitivity level rating for the MYTNA1R86RELA2RA in the 10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1 mm LGA package is MSL3.

Package Drawing

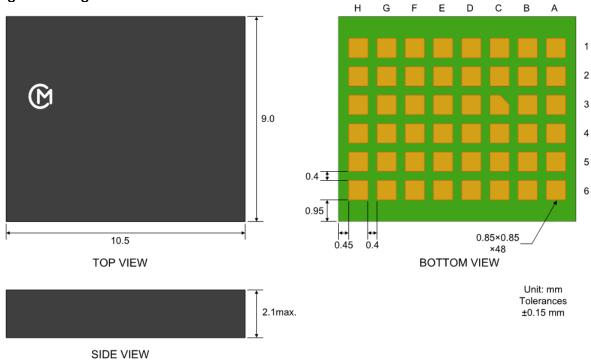


Figure 30. Package Outline Drawing

Recommended Board Land Pattern (Top View)

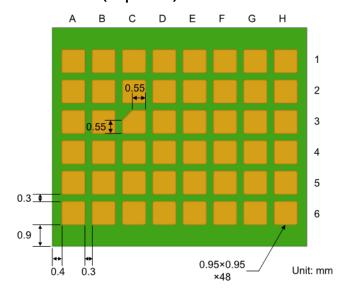


Figure 31. Recommended Board Land Pattern (Top View)

Top Marking Specification



CODES	DESCRIPTION
	1 Pin Marking
TNA1R86RELA2	Product code (Please see product code table beside)
	Internal manufacturing code

PART NUMBER	PRODUCT CODE
MYTNA1R86RELA2RA	TNA1R86RELA2

op Marking Specification

Application Circuit

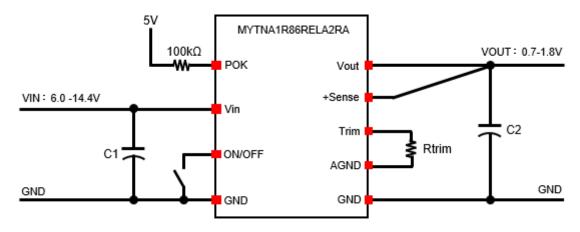


Figure 33. Application Schematic

Application Circuit Part List (Recommended)

REFERENCE	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER
C1	1000u	Electrolysis Capacitor (Optional)	-
C2	100u x 2pcs	CAP/CER/100µF/4V/X7U/1206/20%	GRM31CE70G107MEA8 (Murata)
Rtrim	-	Chip resistor/1/10W/0.5%	RK73G1ETTP***D(KOA)

Table 12. Application Circuit Part List

Application Board Example

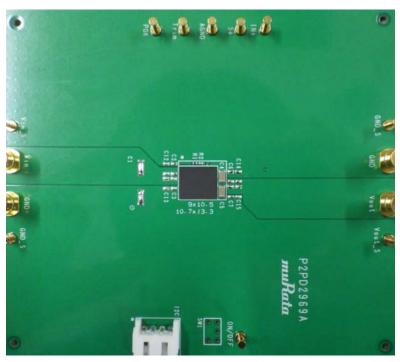


Figure 34. Applicatuin Board Example (Based on JEDEC standard)
114.5mm×101.5mm×1.6mm (4 Layer FR-4)
Outside copper(1,4) layer=2oz, Inner copper(2,3) layer=1oz

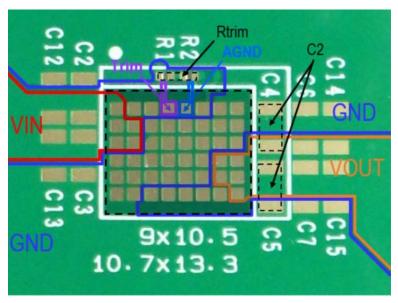


Figure 35. Land Pattern Example

Tape and Reel Specification Tape Dimension

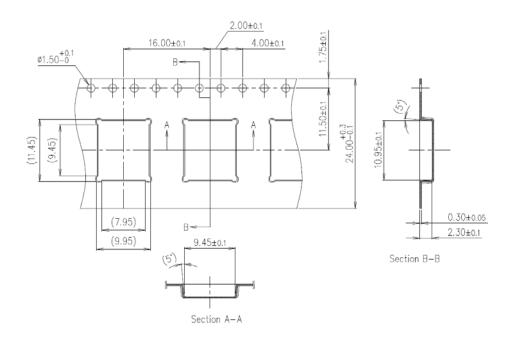


Figure 36. Tape Dimension

Reel Dimension

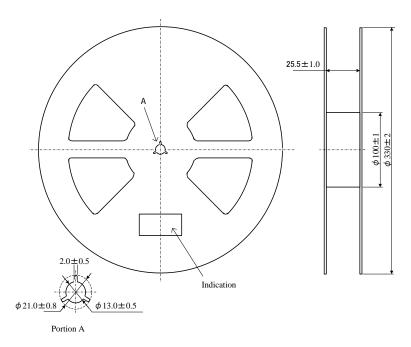


Figure 37. Reel Dimension

Module orientation in Tape

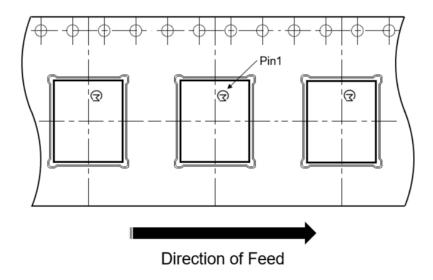


Figure 38. Module Orientation in Tape

Taping specification

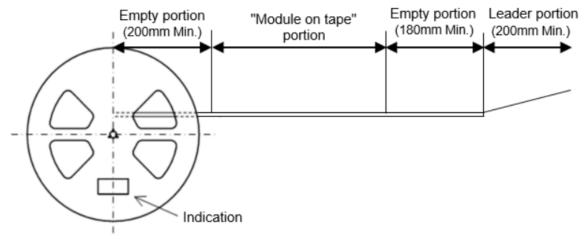


Figure 39. Taping Specification

- 1. The adhesive strength of the protective tape is within 0.1-1.3N.
- 2. Each reel contains 400 pcs or 100pcs.
- 3. Each reel set in moisture-proof packaging because of MSL 3.
- 4. No vacant pocket in "Module on tape" section.
- 5. The reel is labeled with Murata part number and quantity.
- 6. The color of reel is not specified.

Order Codes

ORDER CODES	DESCRIPTION	PACKAGING	SHIPPING METHOD
MYTNA1R86RELA2RA	MYTNA1R86RELA2RA	10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1 mm LGA	400 units/T&R

	Buck Converter		
MYTNA1R86RELA2RAD	MYTNA1R86RELA2RA Buck Converter	10.5 x 9.0 x 2.1 mm LGA	100 units/T&R

Table 13. Order Codes

Notices



CAUTION

Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- Aircraft equipment
- Aerospace equipment
- Undersea equipment
- Power plant control equipment
- Medical equipment
- Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- Traffic signal equipment
- Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- Data-processing equipment
- Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above



- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- 3. If you have any concerns about materials other than those listed in the RoHS directive, please contact us.
- 4. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.
- 5. Please don't wash this product under any conditions.

Product Specification

Product Specification in this datasheet are as of August 2020. Specifications and features may change in any manner without notice. Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers.

Sales contact

For additional information, contact Sales at sales@Murata.com.

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