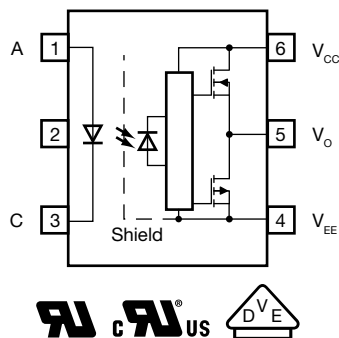




4 A Output Current IGBT and MOSFET Driver



DESCRIPTION

The VOFD343A consists of a AlGaAs LED optically coupled to an integrated circuit with a power output stage. This optocoupler is ideally suited for driving power IGBTs and MOSFETs used in motor control inverter applications. The high operating voltage range of the output stage provides the drive voltages required by gate controlled devices. The VOFD343A is ideally suited for directly driving IGBTs with ratings up to 1200 V / 100 A. For IGBTs with higher ratings, the VOFD343A can be used to drive a discrete power stage which drives the IGBT gate.

FEATURES

- 3.0 A minimum peak current
- 4.0 A peak maximum output current
- Rail-to-rail output stage
- Maximum propagation delay 200 ns
- Maximum propagation delay difference 100 ns
- 35 kV/ μ s common mode rejection ratio
- Wide operating range of 15 V to 30 V
- Extended temperature range of -40 °C to +125 °C
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912



RoHS
COMPLIANT

APPLICATIONS

- Isolated IGBT / MOSFET gate driver
- AC and brushless DC motor drives
- Induction stove top
- Industrial inverters
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)

AGENCY APPROVALS

- [UL1577](#)
- [cUL](#)
- [DIN EN 60747-5-5 \(VDE 0884-5\)](#), available with option 1

LINKS TO ADDITIONAL RESOURCES





| RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION | | | | |
|---|-------------------|------|------|------|
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
| Operating temperature | T_{amb} | -40 | +125 | °C |
| Power supply voltage | $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ | 15 | 30 | V |
| Forward current (V_O in "high" state) ⁽¹⁾ | $I_{F(ON)}$ | 8 | 16 | mA |
| Forward voltage (V_O in "low" state) | $V_{F(OFF)}$ | -3.0 | 0.8 | V |
| Operating frequency | f | 0 | 75 | kHz |

Note

(1) The rise and fall times of the input on-current should be less than 0.5 μ s

| ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified) | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| INPUT | | | | | | |
| Forward voltage | $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ | V_F | 1.2 | 1.37 | 1.8 | V |
| Temperature coefficient of forward voltage | $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ | $\Delta V_F / \Delta T$ | - | -2.0 | - | mV/°C |
| Reverse breakdown voltage | $I_R = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | BV_R | 5 | - | - | V |
| Threshold forward current (V_O from "low" to "high") | $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}, V_O < 5\text{ V}$ | I_{FLH} | - | 2.5 | 5 | mA |
| Threshold forward voltage (V_O from "high" to "low") | $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}, V_O > 5\text{ V}$ | V_{FLH} | 0.8 | - | - | V |
| Input capacitance | $f = 1\text{ MHz}, V_F = 0\text{ V}$ | C_{IN} | - | 33 | - | pF |
| OUTPUT | | | | | | |
| High level supply current | $I_F = 10\text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}, V_O = \text{open}$ | I_{CCH} | - | 1.7 | 3.0 | mA |
| Low level supply current | $I_F = 0\text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}, V_O = \text{open}$ | I_{CCL} | - | 2.0 | 3.0 | mA |
| High level output current | $V_O = (V_{CC} - 1.5\text{ V})$ | $I_{OH}^{(1)}$ | - | - | -1.0 | A |
| | $V_O = (V_{CC} - 4\text{ V})$ | $I_{OH}^{(2)}$ | - | - | -3.0 | A |
| Low level output current | $V_O = (V_{EE} + 1.5\text{ V})$ | $I_{OL}^{(1)}$ | 1.0 | - | - | A |
| | $V_O = (V_{EE} + 4\text{ V})$ | $I_{OL}^{(2)}$ | 3.0 | - | - | A |
| High level output voltage | $I_F = 10\text{ mA}, I_O = -100\text{ mA}$ | V_{OH} | $V_{CC} - 0.3\text{ V}$ | $V_{CC} - 0.1\text{ V}$ | - | V |
| Low level output voltage | $I_F = 0\text{ mA}, I_O = 100\text{ mA}$ | V_{OL} | - | $V_{EE} + 0.1\text{ V}$ | $V_{EE} + 0.25\text{ V}$ | V |
| UVLO threshold | $V_O > 5\text{ V}, I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ | V_{UVLO+} | 11.0 | 12.7 | 13.5 | V |
| | $V_O < 5\text{ V}, I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ | V_{UVLO-} | 9.5 | 11.2 | 12.0 | V |
| UVLO hysteresis | | $UVLO_{HYS}$ | - | 1.5 | - | V |
| COUPLER | | | | | | |
| Input to output capacitance | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | C_{IO} | - | 0.92 | - | pF |

Notes

• All typical values at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 30\text{ V}$, unless otherwise specified; all minimum and maximum specifications are at recommended operating condition

(1) Maximum pulse width = 50 μ s

(2) Maximum pulse width = 10 μ s

TEST CIRCUITS

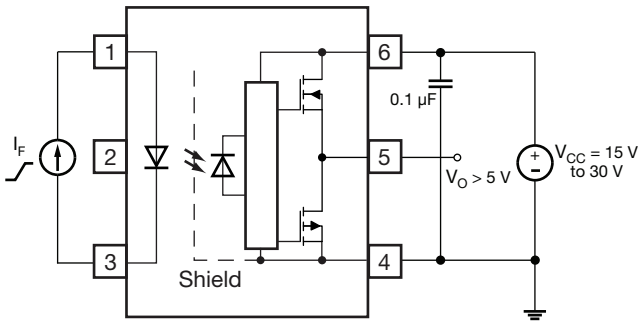


Fig. 1 - I_{FLH} Test Circuit

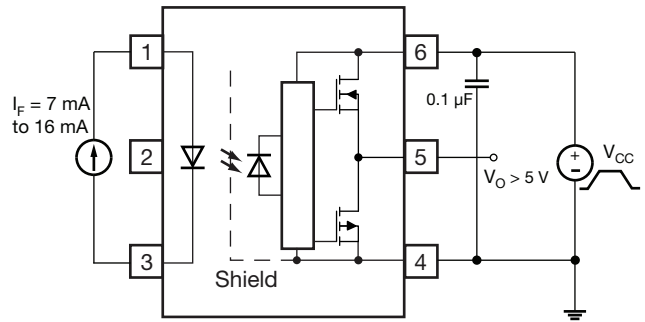


Fig. 2 - UVLO Test Circuit

| SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 30\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified) | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------|------|------|------|------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| Propagation delay time to $V_O = \text{"low"}$ | $R_g = 10\text{ }\Omega$, $C_g = 15\text{ nF}$, $f = 20\text{ kHz}$, duty cycle = 50 %, $I_F = 7\text{ mA to } 16\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V to } 30\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = \text{ground}$ | t_{PHL} | 50 | - | 200 | ns |
| Propagation delay time to $V_O = \text{"high"}$ | | t_{PLH} | 50 | - | 200 | ns |
| Pulse width distortion | | PWD | - | 10 | 70 | ns |
| Propagation delay difference ⁽¹⁾ | | PDD | -100 | - | 100 | ns |
| Output rise time (10 % to 90 %) | | t_r | - | 35 | - | ns |
| Output fall time (90 % to 10 %) | | t_f | - | 35 | - | ns |

Note

(1) The difference between t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} between any two parts, series parts, or channels under same test conditions

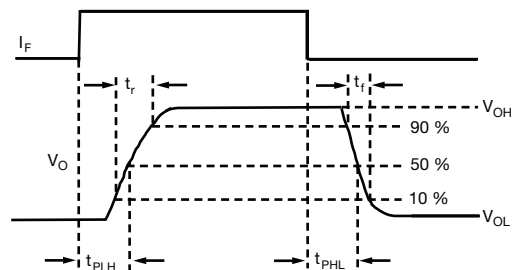
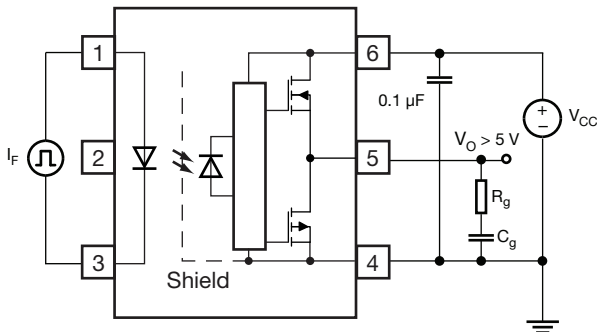


Fig. 3 - t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} , t_r and t_f Test Circuit and Waveforms

| COMMON MODE TRANSIENT IMMUNITY ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 30\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified) | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| Common mode transient immunity at high level output ($V_O = \text{"high"}$) ⁽¹⁾ | $I_F = 10\text{ mA to } 16\text{ mA}$, $V_{CM} = 1500\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ | $ CM_H $ | 35 | 50 | - | kV/ μs |
| Common mode transient immunity at low level output ($V_O = \text{"low"}$) ⁽²⁾ | $V_F = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 1500\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ | $ CM_L $ | 35 | 50 | - | kV/ μs |

Notes

- (1) CM_H is the maximum rate of rise of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic high state ($V_O > 15\text{ V}$)
- (2) CM_L is the maximum rate of fall of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic low state ($V_O < 1\text{ V}$)

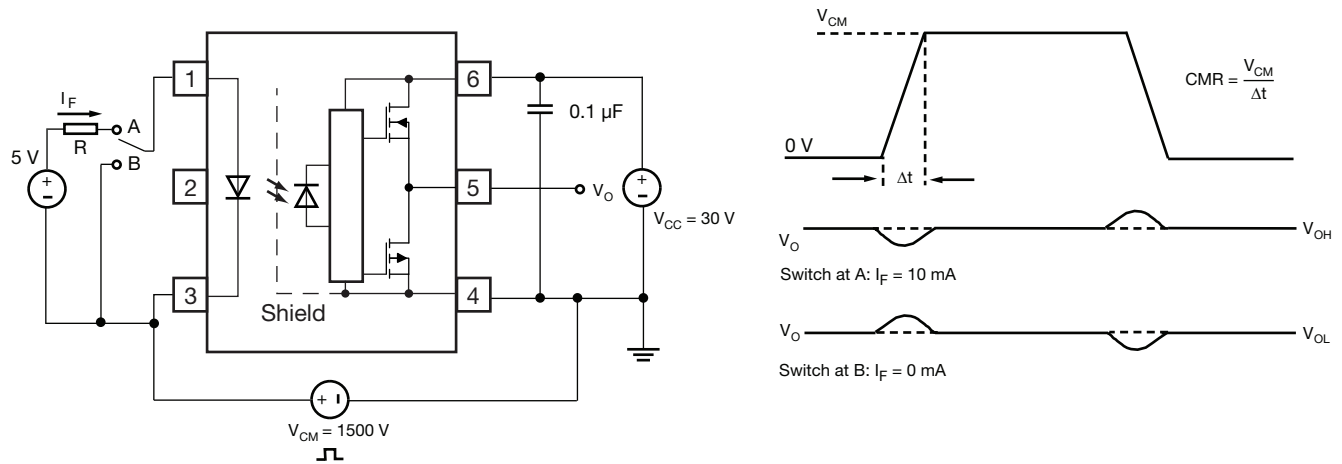


Fig. 4 - CMR Test Circuit and Waveforms

| SAFETY AND INSULATION RATINGS | | | | |
|--|--|------------|----------------|--------------------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | VALUE | UNIT |
| Climatic classification | According to IEC 68 part 1 | | 55 / 125 / 21 | |
| Pollution degree | According to DIN VDE 0109 | | 2 | |
| Comparative tracking index | Insulation group IIIa | CTI | 275 | |
| Maximum rated withstanding isolation voltage | According to UL1577, t = 1 min | V_{ISO} | 5000 | V_{RMS} |
| Maximum transient isolation voltage | According to DIN EN 60747-5-5, stretched SO-6 (option 9) | V_{IOTM} | 6000 | V_{peak} |
| | According to DIN EN 60747-5-5, stretched SO-6 (option 8) | | 8000 | V_{peak} |
| Maximum repetitive peak isolation voltage | According to DIN EN 60747-5-5, stretched SO-6 (option 9) | V_{IORM} | 891 | V_{peak} |
| | According to DIN EN 60747-5-5, stretched SO-6 (option 8) | | 1140 | V_{peak} |
| Isolation resistance | $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}$ | R_{IO} | $\geq 10^{12}$ | Ω |
| Output safety power | | P_{SO} | 600 | mW |
| Input safety current | | I_{SI} | 150 | mA |
| Input safety temperature | | T_S | 175 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Creepage distance | Stretched SO-6 (option 9) | | ≥ 7 | mm |
| | Stretched SO-6 (option 8) | | ≥ 8 | mm |
| Clearance distance | Stretched SO-6 (option 9) | | ≥ 8 | mm |
| | Stretched SO-6 (option 8) | | ≥ 8 | mm |
| Insulation thickness | | DTI | ≥ 0.4 | mm |



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

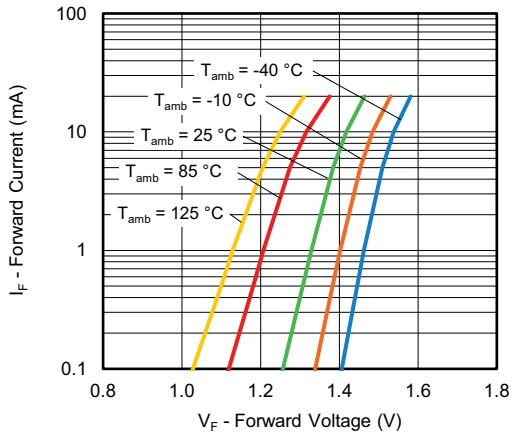


Fig. 5 - Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

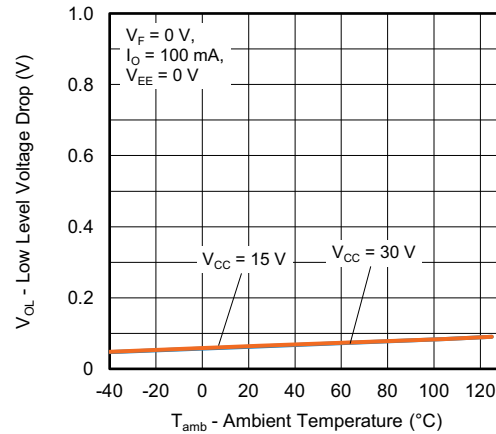


Fig. 8 - Low Level Voltage Drop vs. Ambient Temperature

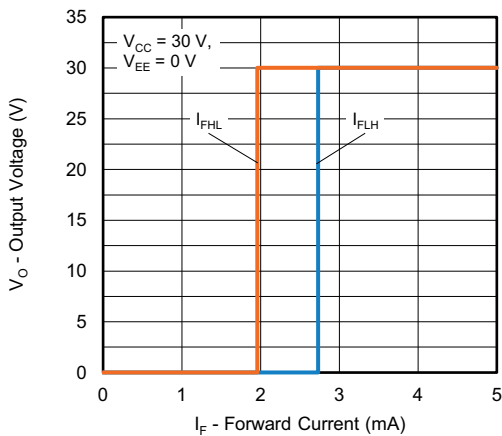


Fig. 6 - Output Voltage vs. Forward Current

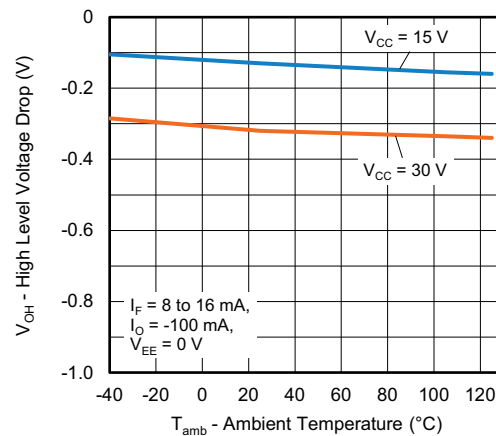


Fig. 9 - High Level Voltage Drop vs. Ambient Temperature

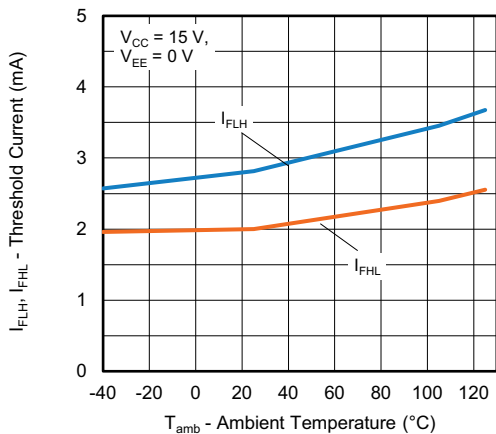


Fig. 7 - Threshold Current vs. Ambient Temperature

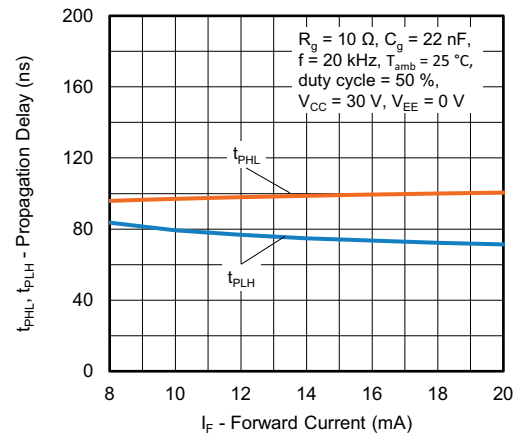


Fig. 10 - Propagation Delay vs. Forward Current

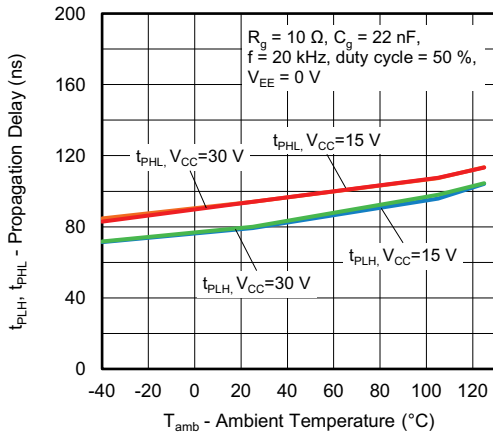


Fig. 11 - Propagation Delay vs. Ambient Temperature

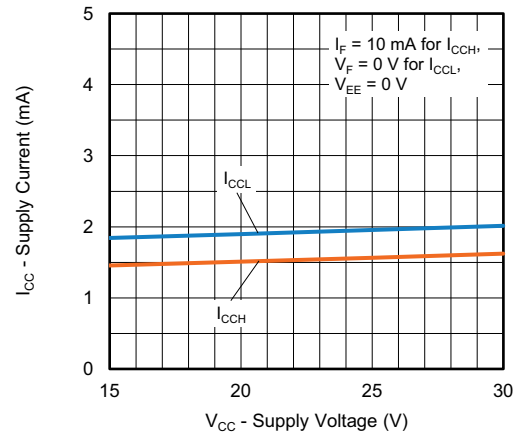


Fig. 13 - Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

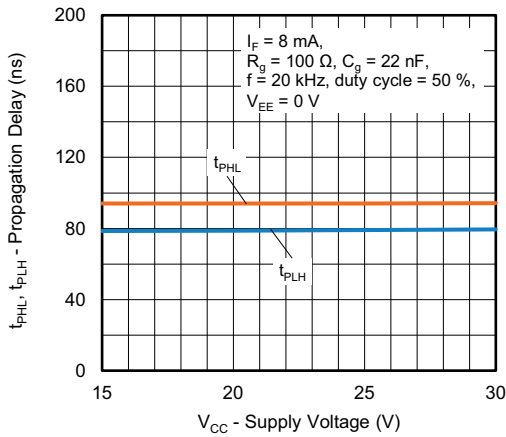


Fig. 12 - Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage

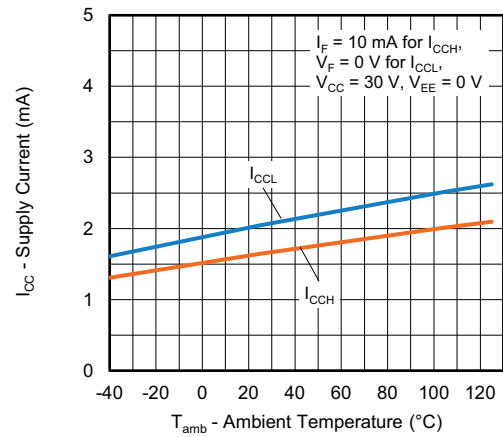


Fig. 14 - Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (in millimeters)

Stretched SO-6 (option 9)

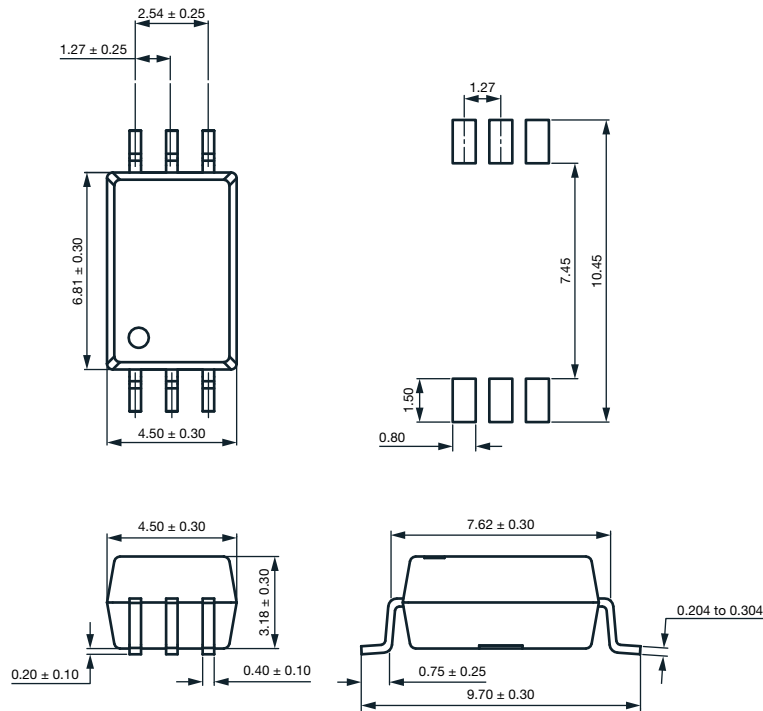


Fig. 15

Stretched SO-6 (option 8)

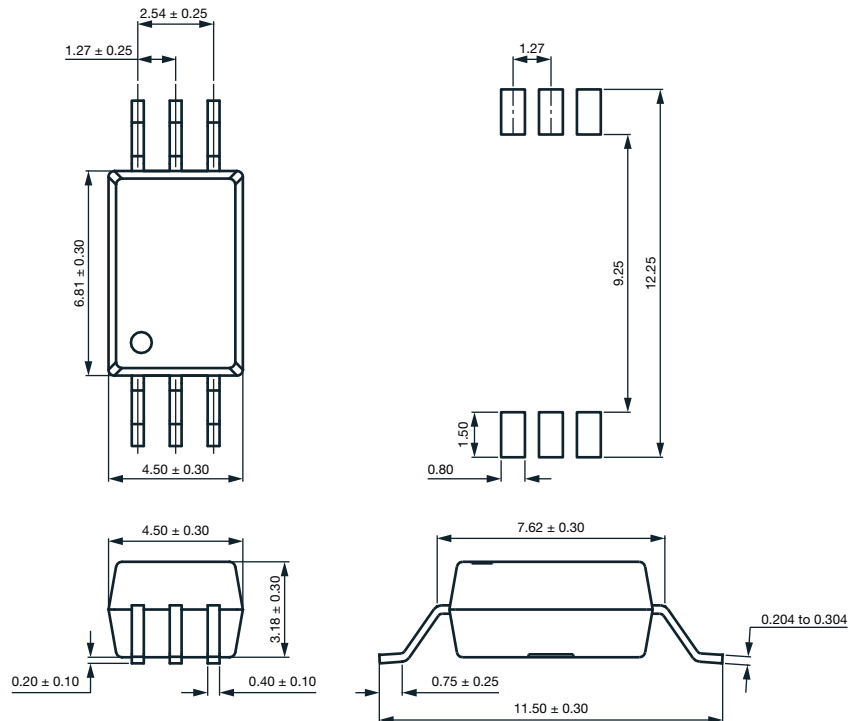


Fig. 16



PACKAGE MARKING

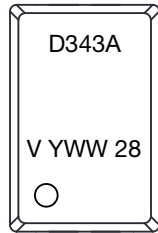


Fig. 17 - Example of VOFD343A-X009T



Fig. 18 - Example of VOFD343A-X018T

Notes

- “YWW” is the date code marking (Y = year code, WW = week code)
- “X1” extension is only marked on VDE option parts
- Tape and reel suffix (T) is not part of the package marking

PACKAGING INFORMATION (in millimeters)

Stretched SO-6 (option 9)

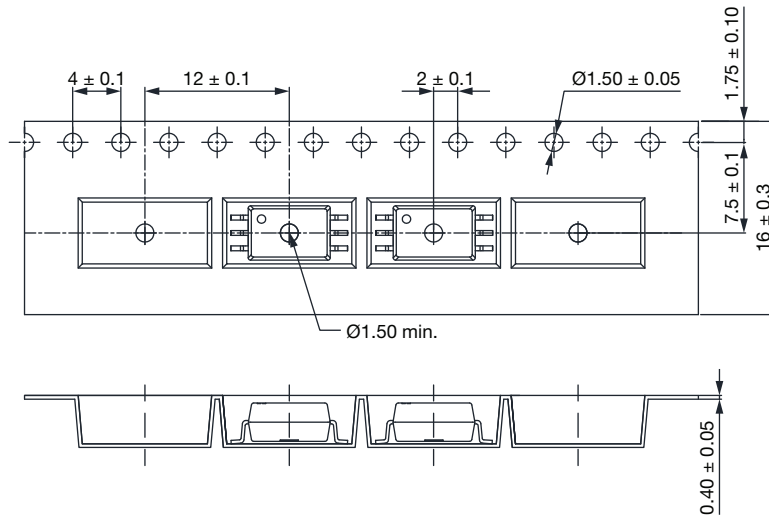


Fig. 19 - Tape and Reel Packaging (1000 pieces on reel)



Stretched SO-6 (option 8)

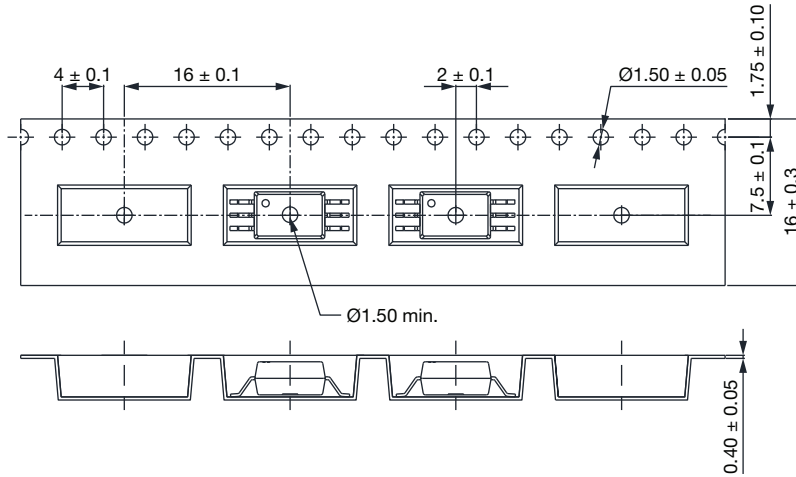


Fig. 20 - Tape and Reel Packaging (1000 pieces on reel)

Reel

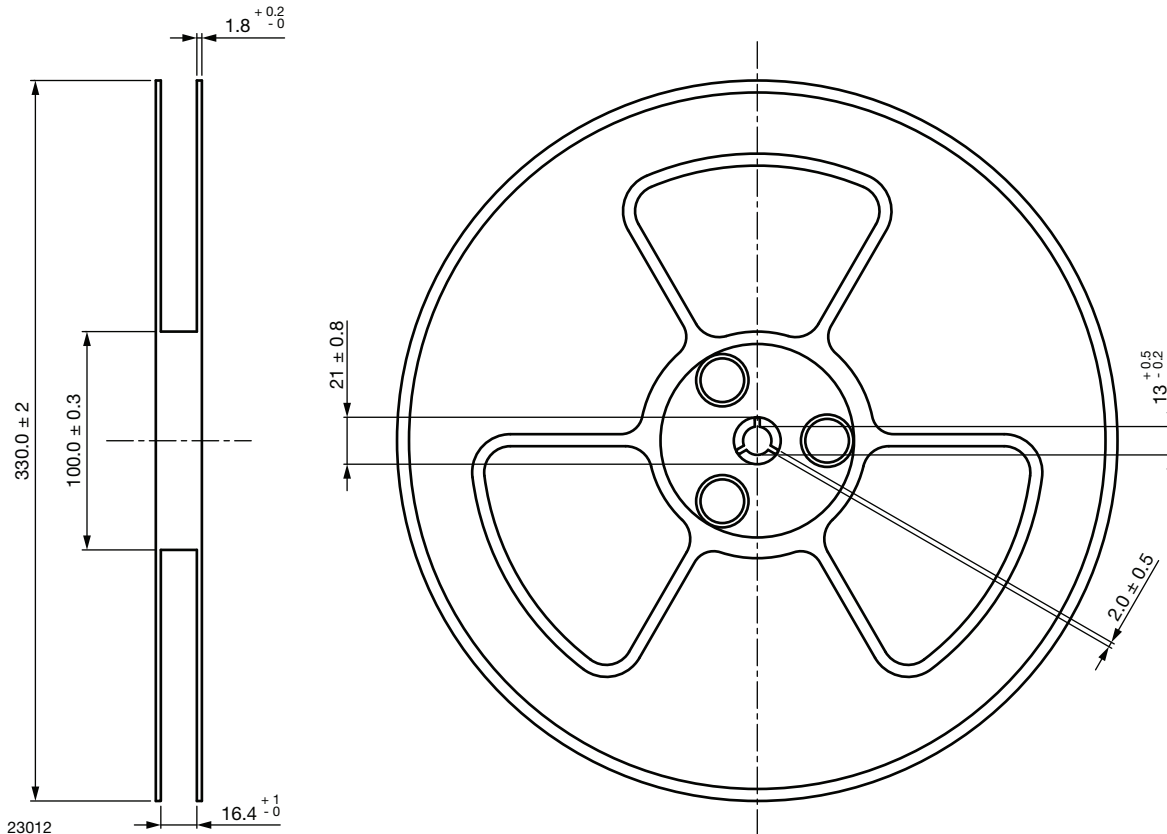


Fig. 21 - Tape and Reel Shipping Medium



SOLDER PROFILES

IR Reflow Soldering (JEDEC® J-STD-020C compliant)

One time soldering reflow is recommended within the condition of temperature and time profile shown below. Do not solder more than three times.

| PROFILE ITEM | CONDITIONS |
|--|------------------|
| Preheat | |
| - Temperature minimum ($T_{S \text{ min.}}$) | 150 °C |
| - Temperature maximum ($T_{S \text{ max.}}$) | 200 °C |
| - Time (min. to max.) (t_s) | 90 s ± 30 s |
| Soldering zone | |
| - Temperature (T_L) | 217 °C |
| - Time (t_L) | 60 s |
| Peak temperature (T_p) | 260 °C |
| Ramp-up rate | 3 °C/s max. |
| Ramp-down rate | 3 °C/s to 6 °C/s |

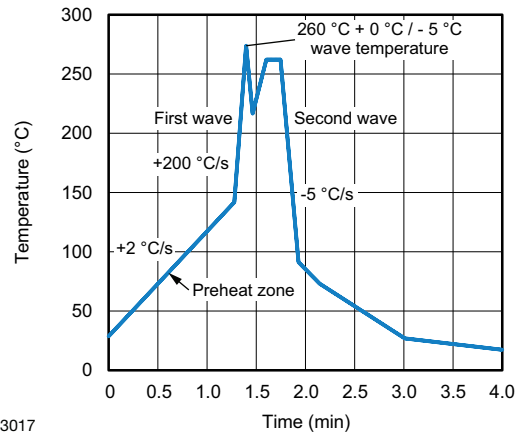


Fig. 2

23017

Hand Soldering by Soldering Iron

Allow single lead soldering in every single process. One time soldering is recommended.

Temperature: 380 °C + 0 °C / - 5 °C

Time: 3 s max.

HANDLING AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

ESD level: HBM class 2

Floor life: unlimited

Conditions: $T_{\text{amb}} < 30 \text{ °C}$, RH < 85 %

Moisture sensitivity level 1, according to J-STD-020

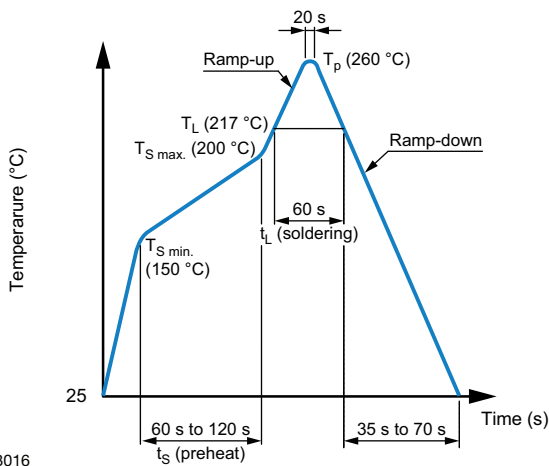


Fig. 1

23016

Wave Soldering (JEDEC JESD22-A111 compliant)

One time soldering is recommended within the condition of temperature.

Temperature: 260 °C + 0 °C / - 5 °C

Time: 10 s

Preheat temperature: 25 °C to 140 °C

Preheat time: 30 s to 80 s



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