

YOKOGAWA TRANSDUCERS

Thank you for your interest in Yokogawa's Power Transducer Product Line. This catalog includes the Juxta AC Power Series transducers which are manufactured just-in-time at our Newnan, Georgia facility. This enables YCA to offer very quick delivery and prompt customer service. Also included are the Miniature Plastic Case transducers available in foot mount style as well as DIN rail mount. With this wide array, YCA can surely meet most any power transducer application you may have.

Since our establishment in the United States in 1957, Yokogawa Corporation of America (YCA) has become a leading North American manufacturer and supplier of Test and Measurement, Field Instrumentation (Flow, Pressure and Analytical Products), Process Control Equipment, Information Products

Headquartered just south of Atlanta, Georgia, YCA has sales offices across the United States. Our commitment to our customers is our number one priority, and we back it up with a network of representatives and distributors that reflect this commitment. Our 132 manufacturing and service locations give us a presence on every major continent, which means we have the global resources to support all your application needs.

Our parent company, Yokogawa Electric Corporation, is dedicated to developing the most advanced control and instrumentation products and systems in the world. As a major global player, the company anticipates the needs of the times, continually tackling new challenges and exploring new markets in order to provide the best solutions in the world.

Yokogawa's commitment to innovation is reflected in our extraordinary investments in R&D, which ensure development of the most advanced products and services. As a result, we have secured more than 4,500 patents and registrations, representing a number of important innovations, including the world's first distributed control system and the first digital sensors for flow and pressure measurement.

YOKOGAWA POWER TRANSDUCERS

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Yokogawa's JUXTA "AC POWER SERIES" transducers (2469 & 2489) are rugged metal case designs for utility and industrial applications. Most models are UL recognized under File E60579 and exceed IEEE472/ANSI C37.90.1 Surge Withstand Capability test. The "SWC" test assures maximum protection from damaging line transients caused by switchgear operation or lightning strikes upstream on the system.

Typically, power transducers provide a reliable and accurate analog DC output proportional to the AC input from the secondary of potential and / or current transformers in switchgear or control enclosures. The output is usually linked to remote monitoring equipment such as meters, recorders, PLC's, SCADA systems, Energy Management Systems, etc. Usually, 0.5% accuracy is adequate for most industrial monitoring needs. Our 2469 meets this requirement. Most power utility applications, however, require a higher level of accuracy. Our 2489 series, with 0.2% accuracy, is recommended for such applications.

The plastic case power transducers (2370 & 2460 series) offer versatility and compactness when panel space is tight. The 2460 series can be mounted on a DIN rail, along with relays and terminal blocks, to maximize space and provide the ultimate in flexibility to the panel designer. The 2370 series has the same height and width as the DIN rail mount, but has two mounting feet which only require two drill holes and half the space of most metal case transducers. Both of these models offer 0.5% accuracy and come in one uniform case size from AC Amps to 3P4W Watts or Vars.

Both of these products evolved from Yokogawa's original 2280 series Power Line Transducer design which is broadly accepted throughout the world. For information on the 2281 through 2289 models, please request bulletin 2280-E from Yokogawa on our reply card inserted in the catalog.

Yokogawa offers a complete line of transducers for expansion, retrofit or upgrade of your power system. We hope the specification data and associated information in this catalog will provide all that is needed to make our transducers your choice for reliable power monitoring in your plant or equipment design.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

JUXTA METAL CASE TRANSDUCERS - 0.2% AND 0.5% ACCURACY
AC CURRENT TRANSDUCERS (true RMS and Average sensing)
AC VOLTAGE TRANSDUCERS (true RMS and Average sensing)
DC TO DC ISOLATORS
AC WATT TRANSDUCERSPAGE 8
AC VAR TRANSDUCERS
COMBINATION WATT / VAR TRANSDUCERS
POWER FACTOR TRANSDUCERS
PHASE ANGLE TRANSDUCERSPAGE 16
FREQUENCY TRANSDUCERSPAGE 18
JUXTA 2489 SERIES ACCURACYPAGE 20
SELECTING A WATT OR VAR TRANSDUCERPAGE 21
TRANSDUCER TERMINOLOGYPAGE 22
PLASTIC CASE MINIATURE TRANSDUCERS - 0.5% ACCURACY

2371-2378 FOOT MOUNT / 2461-2468 DIN RAIL MOUNT

JUXTA AC CURRENT TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2469 and 2489 AC Average Current transducers produce an analog DC signal output corresponding to the average value of the AC input. The true RMS versions always require external power and produce an analog DC output corresponding to the true RMS value of the input signal.

2) SPECIFICATIONS

Model #	2469	2489	
Input Current	0-1 Amp AC or 0-5 Amp AC		
Input over range capability	200% of rated input continuous		
	1000% of rated	input for 5 seconds	
Input Burden	<0.2VA pe	er element	
Rated outputs	0-1mADC into 10 k Ω max. lo	ad; 10VDC output compliance	
		oad; 15VDC output compliance	
Accuracy 10-100% of rated input	0-1mADC=±0.5% of full scale	0-1mADC=±0.2% of full scale	
	4-20mADC=±0.5% of span		
External calibration adjustment	11	Zero: ±5% minimum(AHD only)	
	Span: ± 2% minimum Span: ± 10% mini		
Response time	<400 milliseconds(0-99% of output)		
Output ripple	0.3% of span peak-to-peak max. 0.5% of span peak-to-peak max.		
Isolation	2500 VAC input to output, power and case		
	2000 VAC aux. power to output and case (AHD and TRMS)		
	500 VAC output to case		
Surge Withstand Capability		C1111(5KV, 1.2 x 50 microseconds)	
Insulation resistance		input/output/power/case	
Operating temperature	-20°C to +60°C		
Operating humidity		dity (non-condensing)	
Temperature effect	± 250 PPM / °C of span	± 140 PPM / °C of span	
External magnetic field	< 0.2% at 400 AT/m		
Input frequency range	50 - 500 Hz < 0.2% effect on accuracy		
Influence of frequency	< 0.2%, 45-65 Hz, fundamental through 9th harmonic (TRMS models only)		
Weight	TRMS = 900g, 0-1mA = 358g, 4-20mA = 897g, 3 in 1 = 1100g		
Shock	< 0.2% after 50G, 3 Axis and 6 repetitions		
Vibration	< 0.2% after 16.7 Hz, 4 mmp-p 1 hour, 3 Axis		
UL Recognition	File # E60579		

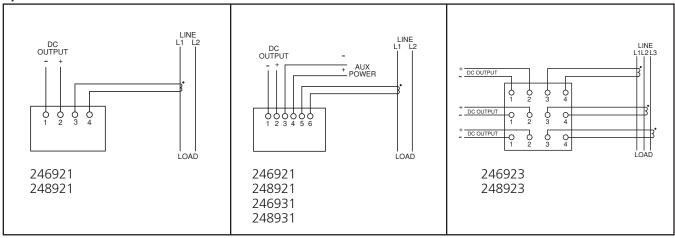
3) STANDARD MODELS

0-5 Amp AC, 60 HZ input	2469 (0.5% Accuracy)	2489 (0.2% Accuracy)
AVG./0-1 mA output / self powered	246921-380-AFA-0	248921-380-AFA-0
TRMS / 0-1mA output / 120V aux. power	246931-380-AFA-1	248931-380-AFA-1
AVG./4-20mA output / 120V aux. power	246921-380-AHD-1	248921-380-AHD-1
TRMS / 4-20mA / 120V aux. power	246931-380-AHD-1	248931-380-AHD-1
3 in 1 / 0-1mA output / self-powered	246923-380-AFA-0	248923-380-AFA-0

NOTE: See order format on next page for additional ratings, frequency calibrations, power-up and output options. Auxiliary power supply options <5.0 VA burden.

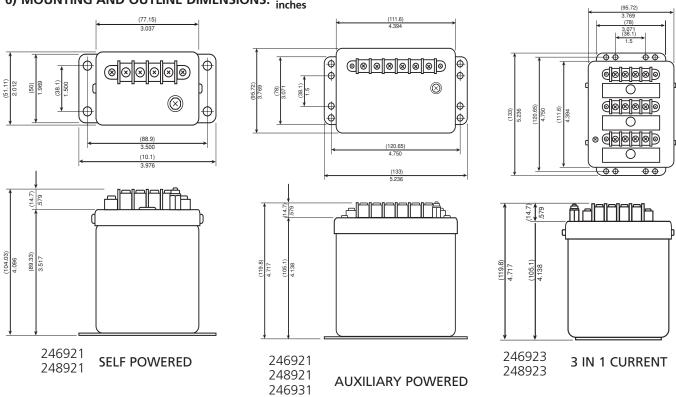
JUXTA AC CURRENT TRANSDUCERS (2)(3)(1) (5) 4) ORDER FORMAT 2469 / 89 (3) Input Model# (1) Transducer function (2) Input frequency (4) Output (5) Aux. power 2469 37 0-1 Amp AC 21 Average current 0 60 Hz 0-1 mADC Input powered 2489 23 3 in 1 Avg. current 38 0-5 Amp AC 1 50 Hz (21 & 23 only) 31 True RMS current 2 50/60 Hz 400 Hz AFA 0-1 mADC 5 Other (TRMS only) 85-135 VAC 1 AHD 4-20 mADC 2 170-264 VAC (21 & 31 only)

5) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS FOR CT INPUT



SELF POWERED AUXILIARY POWERED 3 IN 1 CURRENT





3

248931

JUXTA AC VOLTAGE TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2469 and 2489 AC Average Voltage transducers produce an analog DC signal output corresponding to the average value of the AC input. The true RMS versions always require external power and produce an analog DC output corresponding to the true RMS value of the input signal.

2) SPECIFICATIONS

2) SPECIFICATIONS	
Model #	
Input Voltage	
Input over range capability	
Input Burden (Averaging models)	150
Input Burden (true RMS models)	
Rated outputs	0-1m <i>A</i>
	4-20 m
Accuracy 10-100% of rated input	0-1mAD
	4-20m
External calibration adjustment	Zero: ±1%
	Spar
Response time	
Output ripple	0.3% of s
Isolation	
	2000
Surge Withstand Capability	IEEE472/
Insulation resistance	>
Operating temperature	
Operating humidity	
Temperature drift	± 250
External magnetic field	
Input frequency range	
Influence of frequency	< 0.2%, 45
Weight	TRM
Shock	
Vibration	
UL Recognition	

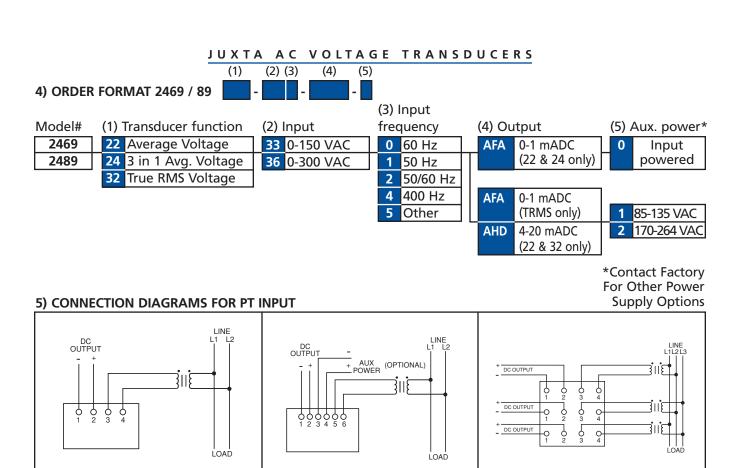
2469	2489		
0-150 VAC or 0-300 VAC			
	nput continuous		
	; 300 VAC: <3.6VA / element		
	A; 300 VAC: <1.6VA		
	ad; 10VDC output compliance		
	pad; 15VDC output compliance		
0-1mADC=±0.5% of full scale	0-1mADC=+0.2% of full scale		
4-20mADC=±0.5% of span	4-20mADC=±0.2% of span		
Zero: ±1% minimum(AHD only)	·		
Span: ±2% minimum	Span: ±10% minimum		
· · ·	ls(0-99% of output)		
0.3% of span peak-to-peak max.			
	utput, power and case		
	tput and case(AHD + TRMS)		
	itput to case		
	C1111(5KV 1.2 x 50 microseconds)		
	input/output/power/case		
-20°C to +60°C			
0 - 90% relative humi	dity (non-condensing)		
± 250 PPM / °C of span	± 140 PPM / °C of span		
< 0.2% at 400 AT/m			
50 - 500 Hz < 0.2% effect on accuracy			
< 0.2%, 45-65 Hz, fundamental through 9th harmonic (TRMS models only)			
TRMS = 900g, 0-1mA = 358g, 4-20mA = 897g, 3 in 1 = 1100g			
< 0.2% after 50G, 3 Axis and 6 repetitions			
< 0.2% after 16.7 Hz, 4 mmp-p 1 hour, 3Axis			
File # E60579			

3) STANDARD MODELS

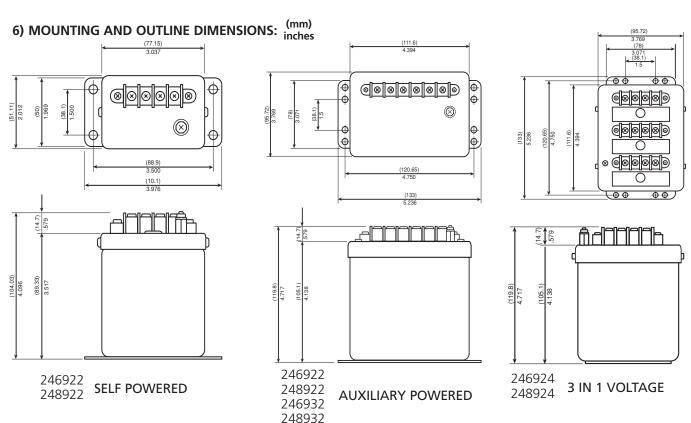
0-150 VAC, 60 HZ input			
AVG./0-1 mA / self powered			
TRMS / 0-1mA / 120V aux. power			
AVG./4-20mA / 120V aux. power			
TRMS / 4-20mA / 120V aux. power			
3 in 1 / 0-1mA output / self-powered			

2469 (0.5% Accuracy)	2489 (0.2% Accuracy)
246922-330-AFA-0	248922-330-AFA-0
246932-330-AFA-1	248932-330-AFA-1
246922-330-AHD-1	248922-330-AHD-1
246932-330-AHD-1	248932-330-AHD-1
246924-330-AFA-0	248924-330-AFA-0

NOTE: See order format on next page for additional ratings, frequency calibrations, power-up and output options. Auxiliary power supply options <5.0 VA burden.



SELF POWERED AUXILIARY POWERED 3 IN 1 VOLTAGE



JUXTA DC TO DC ISOLATORS

1) GENERAL

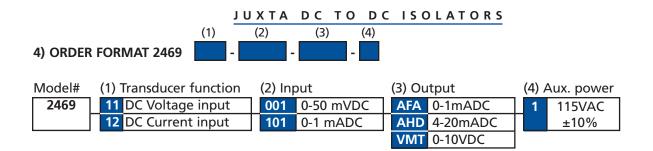
The 2469 series DC to DC isolator provides an isolated analog output proportional to the DC voltage or current input. Standard inputs are 50mVDC and 1 mADC. Auxiliary power is required to power the DC to DC isolator. Other DC inputs and power options are available on special order from Yokogawa.

2) SPECIFICATIONS

Model #	2469 (0.5% accuracy)	
Input signal ranges	0-50mVDC and 0-1mADC are standard	
Input impedance	Varies with input current or voltage	
Input burden	< 1 mADC	
Output compliance	10 VDC	
Accuracy 10-100% rated input	± 0.5% of full scale	
Span adjustment	± 5% minimum	
Zero adjustment	± 5% minimum	
Response time	< 500 milliseconds (0-99% of output)	
Isolation	2600 VAC input to output, power and case	
	1000 VAC aux. power to output and case	
	1000 VAC output to case	
Surge withstand capability	IEEE472/ANSI C37.90.1-1989 SWC TEST	
Operating temperature	0° C to +40° C	
Operating humidity	20 - 90% relative humidity (non-condensing)	
Weight	908g (2 lbs.)	
Auxiliary Power Supply	115V AC ±10%, 5.0 VA Burden	

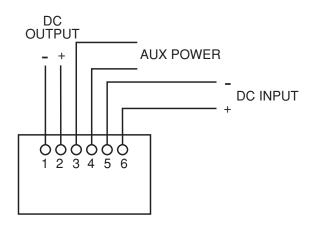
3) STANDARD MODELS

Model # Description	Input / Output Relationship
246911-001-AFA-1 / DC Voltage input	0-50mVDC / 0-1mADC
246911-001-AHD-1 / DC Voltage input	0-50mVDC / 4-20mADC
246911-001-VMT-1 / DC Voltage input	0-50mVDC / 0-10VDC
246912-101-AFA-1 / DC Current input	0-1mADC / 0-1mADC
246912-101-AHD-1 / DC Current input	0-1mADC / 4-20mADC
246912-101-VMT-1 / DC Current input	0-1mADC / 0-10VDC

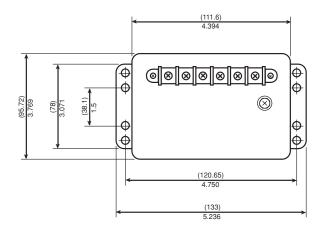


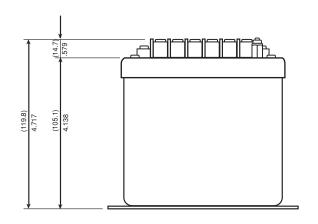
Consult factory for other input / output / power-up options

5) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS



6) MOUNTING AND OUTLINE DIMENSIONS: $_{\mathrm{inches}}^{\mathrm{(mm)}}$





JUXTA AC WATT TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2469 and 2489 AC Watt transducers produce an analog output equal to the Watts measured by the input. The typical calibration is 500 Watts / element for 120V and 5A AC transformer secondary inputs.

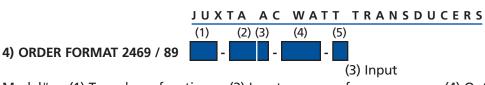
2) SPECIFICATIONS

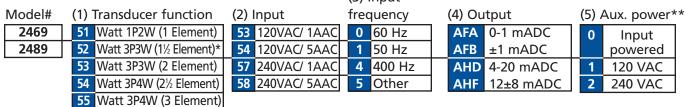
Model #	2469		2489	
Current input / range	0-1 Amp AC or 0-5 Amp AC			
	10 to 200% of rated input 0-200% of rated input			rated input
Current input over range capability	200% of rated input continuous			
	1000% of rated input for 5 seconds			S
Current input burden			er element	
Voltage inputs and range:	120V	240V	120V	240V
Input powered range	100-135VAC		85-135VAC	
Auxiliary powered range		ated input	0-120% of	
Voltage input burden per element	< 0.5VA	< 1.0VA	< 0.3VA	< 0.6VA
Sustained Voltage input overange			amage (Auxiliary	
Rated outputs			oad; 10VDC outp	
			ad; 15VDC outpu	
Accuracy			0 ± 1 mADC = ±0.1	-
	4-20mADC = 0.5% of span 4-20mADC = $\pm 0.2\%$ of spa			
Output calibration / element	120VAC : 1 Amp = 0-100 Watts; 5 Amp = 0-500 Watts			
			atts; 5 Amp = 0-1	
External calibration adjustment		minimum	Zero: ± 5%	-
	Span: ± 2% minimum Span: ± 10% minimum			
Response time	< 400 milliseconds (0-99% of output)			•
Output ripple			0.5% of span pe	
Isolation	2500 VAC input to output, power and case			
	2000 VAC aux. power to output and case			
	500 VAC output to case IEEE472/ANSI C37.90.1 - 1989, JIS C1111 (5KV 1.2 x 50 microseconds)			
Surge Withstand Capability				
Insulation resistance			input/output/pov	
Operating temperature	-20°C to +60°C		,	
Operating humidity	0 - 90% relative humidity (non-condensing)			
Temperature effect	±250 PPM / °C of span 1mA ±50FS, 4-20mA ±75span (PPN < 0.2% at 400 AT/m		A ±/5span (PPIVI/°C)	
External magnetic field Influence : unbalanced currents /	.0		400 A1/m <0	20/
	<0.5%		<0	2%
phase interaction / Power Factor	-O 2E0/ 4E	CE Uz fundans	ontal through Otl	harmonia
Influence of frequency	<0.25%, 45-65 Hz, fundamental through 9th harmonic 1200g (2.65 lbs.)			i Harffloriic
Weight Shock	-0.2			ions
Vibration	<0.2% after 50G, 3 Axis and 6 repetitions			
UL Recognition	<0.2% after 16.7 Hz, 4 mmp-p 1 hour, 3 Axis File # E60579			AXIS
or vecoduition				

3) STANDARD MODELS

S) STANDARD MODELS		
120 VAC, 5AAC, 60 Hz, input powered	2469 (0.5% Accuracy)	2489 (0.2% Accuracy)
Watt 1P2W, 0-1mA output (1 Element)	246951-540-AFA-0	248951-540-AFA-0
Watt 1P2W, 4-20mA output (1 Element)	246951-540-AHD-0	248951-540-AHD-0
Watt 3P3W, 0-1mA output (2 Element)	246953-540-AFA-0	248953-540-AFA-0
Watt 3P3W, 4-20mA output (2 Element)	246953-540-AHD-0	248953-540-AHD-0
Watt 3P4W, 0-1mA output (2½ Element)	246954-540-AFA-0	248954-540-AFA-0
Watt 3P4W, 4-20mA output (2½ Element)	246954-540-AHD-0	248954-540-AHD-0
Watt 3P4W, 0-1mA output (3 Element)	246955-540-AFA-0	248955-540-AFA-0
Watt 3P4W, 4-20mA output (3 Element)	246955-540-AHD-0	248955-540-AHD-0

NOTE: See order format on next page for additional ratings, frequency calibrations, power-up and output options. Auxiliary power supply options <5.0 VA burden.

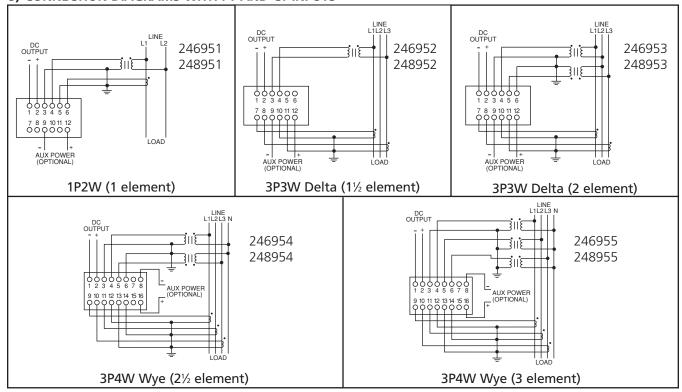




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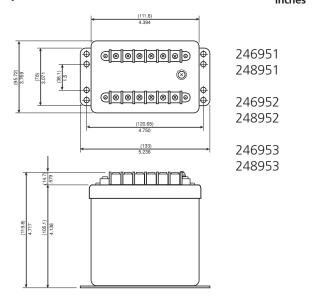
**Contact Factory For Other Power Supply Options

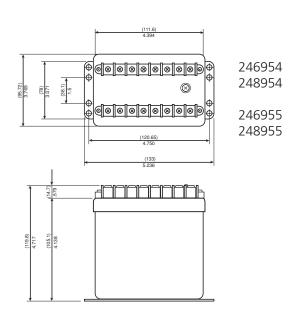
5) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS WITH PT AND CT INPUTS



9

6) MOUNTING AND OUTLINE DIMENSIONS: $_{\rm inches}^{\rm (mm)}$





JUXTA AC VAR TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2469 and 2489 AC VAR transducers produce an analog output equal to the VARS measured by the input. The typical calibration is 500 VARS / element for 120V and 5A AC transformer secondary inputs.

2) SPECIFICATIONS

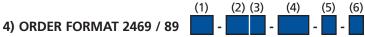
Model #	2469	2489	
Current input / range	0-1 Amp AC or 0-5 Amp AC		
	10 to 200% of rated input 0-200% of rated input		
Current input over range capability	200% of rate	input continuous	
	1000% of rated input for 5 seconds		
Current input burden	< 0.2VA	per element	
Voltage inputs and range:	120V 240V	120V 240V	
Input powered range	100-135VAC 200-264VA	85-135VAC 170-264VAC	
Auxiliary powered range	0-120% rated input	0-120% of rated input	
Voltage input burden per element	< 0.5VA < 1.0VA	< 0.3VA < 0.6VA	
Sustained Voltage input overange		damage (Auxiliary powered only)	
Rated outputs		x. load; 10VDC output compliance	
		. load; 15VDC output compliance	
Accuracy	$0 \pm 1 \text{mADC} = \pm 0.5\%$ of full scale $0 \pm 1 \text{mADC} = \pm 0.1\%$ rdg. $\pm 0.1\%$ F		
		12 ± 8 mADC = $\pm0.2\%$ of span	
Output calibration / element	120VAC: 1 Amp = 0-100 VARS; 5 Amp = 0-500 VARS		
		VARS; 5 Amp = 0-1000 VARS	
External calibration adjustment	Zero: ± 1% minimum Zero: ± 5% minimum		
	Span: ± 2% minimum Span: ± 10% minimum		
Response time	< 400 milliseconds (0-99% of output)		
Output ripple	0.3% of span peak-to-peak max. 0.5% of span peak-to-peak max.		
Isolation	2500 VAC input to output, power and case		
	2000 VAC aux. power to output and case		
	500 VAC output to case		
Surge Withstand Capability	IEEE472/ANSI C37.90.1 - 1989, JIS C1111 (5KV 1.2 x 50 microseconds)		
Insulation resistance		C input/output/power/case	
Operating temperature	-	to +60°C	
Operating humidity		midity (non-condensing)	
Temperature effect	±250 PPM / °C of span 1mA ±50FS, 4-20mA ±80sp		
External magnetic field	< 0.2% at 400 AT/m		
Influence : unbalanced currents /	<0.5%	<0.2%	
phase interaction / Power Factor		(0.55 !!)	
Weight	1200g (2.65 lbs.)		
Shock	<0.2% after 50G, 3 Axis and 6 repetitions		
Vibration	<0.2% after 16.7 Hz, 4 mmp-p 1 hour, 3 Axis		
UL Recognition	File # E60579		

3) STANDARD MODELS

120 VAC, 5AAC, 60 Hz, input powered	2469 (0.5% Accuracy)	2489 (0.2% Accuracy)
VAR 1P2W, ±1mA output (1 Element)	246961-540-AFB-0-M	248961-540-AFB-0-M
VAR 1P2W, 12±8mA output (1 Element)	246961-540-AHF-0-M	248961-540-AHF-0-M
VAR 3P3W, ±1mA output (2 Element)	246963-540-AFB-0-M	248963-540-AFB-0-M
VAR 3P3W, 12±8mA output (2 Element)	246963-540-AHF-0-M	248963-540-AHF-0-M
VAR 3P4W, ±1mA output (2½ Element)	246964-540-AFB-0-M	248964-540-AFB-0-M
VAR 3P4W, 12±8mA output (2½ Element)	246964-540-AHF-0-M	248964-540-AHF-0-M
VAR 3P4W, ±1mA output (3 Element)	246965-540-AFB-0-M	248965-540-AFB-0-M
VAR 3P4W, 12±8mA output (3 Element)	246965-540-AHF-0-M	248965-540-AHF-0-M

NOTE: See order format on next page for additional ratings, frequency calibrations, power-up and output options. Auxiliary power supply options <5.0 VA burden.

JUXTA AC VAR TRANSDUCERS

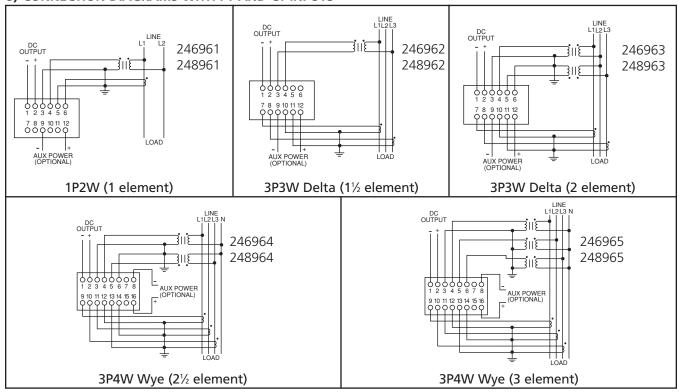


														(6)	Input/output
Model	# (1) Ti	ransducer f	unction	(2) I	nput	(3)	Frequenc	y	(4) Ou	tput	(5)	Aux. power	**	relationship
2469	(51	VAR 1P2W	(1 Element)	53	120V/1AAC	0	60 Hz		AFB	±1 mADC	0	Input	M	LAG=+POL.
2489	(52	VAR 3P3W	(1½ Element)*	54	120V/5AAC	1	50 Hz	П	AHF	12 ±8mADC		powered	Р	LEAD=+POL.
	(53	VAR 3P3W	(2 Element)	57	240V/1AAC	4	400 Hz	ľ		=	1	120 VAC		
	6	54	VAR 3P4W	(2½ Element)	58	240V/5AAC	5	Other				2	240 VAC		
	(55	VAR 3P4W	(3 Element)											

*Not UL

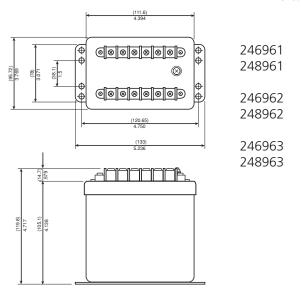
**Contact Factory For Other Power Supply Options

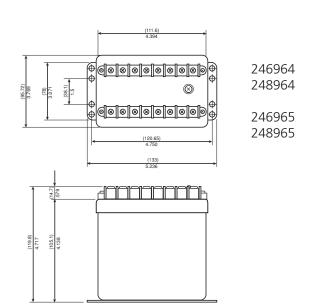
5) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS WITH PT AND CT INPUTS



11

6) MOUNTING AND OUTLINE DIMENSIONS: (mm) inches





JUXTA COMBINATION WATT/VAR TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2469 and 2489 combined WATT/VAR transducers produce an analog output equal to the WATTS and VARS measured by the input.

2) SPECIFICATIONS

Model #	2469		248	9	
Current input / range	0-	-1 Amp AC o	or 0-5 Amp AC		
	10 to 200% of rat	ated input			
Current input over range capability	200% of rated input continuous				
	1000%		nput for 5 seconds	i	
Current input burden			er element		
Voltage inputs and range:	120V	240V	120V	240V	
Input powered range		00-264VAC	85-135VAC	170-264VAC	
Auxiliary powered range	0-120% rated	•	0-120% of r	•	
Voltage input burden per element		< 1.0VA	< 0.3VA	< 0.6VA	
Sustained Voltage input overange	150% of rated inpu				
Rated outputs	0 to ±1mADC into a				
	4-20 mADC into 7				
Accuracy: 0 ± 1mA output Watts	±0.5% of full s		± 0.1% of reading.		
0 ± 1mA output VARS	±0.5% of full		\pm 0.1% of reading.		
4-20mA output				of span	
External calibration adjustment	Zero: ± 1% minimum		Zero: ± 5% minimum		
	Span: ± 2% mir		Span: ± 10%		
Response time			(0-99% of output	-	
Output ripple	0.3% of span peak-to-peak max. 0.5% of span peak-to-peak				
Isolation	2500 VAC input to output, power and case				
(Watt & VAR outputs are not isolated	11			ase	
from each other)	500 VAC output to case				
Surge Withstand Capability	IEEE472/ANSI C37.90				
Insulation resistance	> 10 megohr		input/output/pow	er/case	
Operating temperature			o +60°C		
Operating humidity			dity (non-condens		
Temperature effect	± 250 PPM / °C of span 1mA = W \pm 50FS, V ± 75 sp			±75span (PPM/°C)	
External magnetic field		< 0.2% at	400 AT/m		
Influence : unbalanced currents /	<0.5%		<0.2	%	
phase interaction / Power Factor					
Influence of frequency	<0.25%, 45-65 Hz, fu			nic (Watt only)	
Weight			2.65 lbs.)		
Shock			Axis and 6 repetition		
Vibration	<0.2% after 16.7 Hz, 4 mmp-p 1 hour, 3 Axis				
UL Recognition		File # I	E60579		

3) STANDARD MODELS

120 VAC, 5AAC, 60 Hz, input powered	2469 (0.5% Accuracy)	2489 (0.2% Accuracy)
W/V 1P2W, 0±1mA output (1 Element)	246941-540-AFB-0-M	248941-540-AFB-0-M
W/V 1P2W, 4-20mA output (1 Element)*	246941-540-AHD-0-M	248941-540-AHD-0-M
W/V 3P3W, 0±1mA output (2 Element)	246943-540-AFB-0-M	248943-540-AFB-0-M
W/V 3P3W, 4-20mA output (2 Element)*	246943-540-AHD-0-M	248943-540-AHD-0-M
W/V 3P4W, 0±1mA output (2½ Element)	246944-540-AFB-0-M	248944-540-AFB-0-M
W/V 3P4W, 4-20mA output (2½ Element)*	246944-540-AHD-0-M	248944-540-AHD-0-M
W/V 3P4W, 0±1mA output (3 Element)	246945-540-AFB-0-M	248945-540-AFB-0-M
W/V 3P4W, 4-20mA output (3 Element)*	246945-540-AHD-0-M	248945-540-AHD-0-M

NOTE: See order format on next page for additional ratings, frequency calibrations, power-up and output options.

*VAR outputs for "AHD" are 12±8 mADC (see output options on next page).

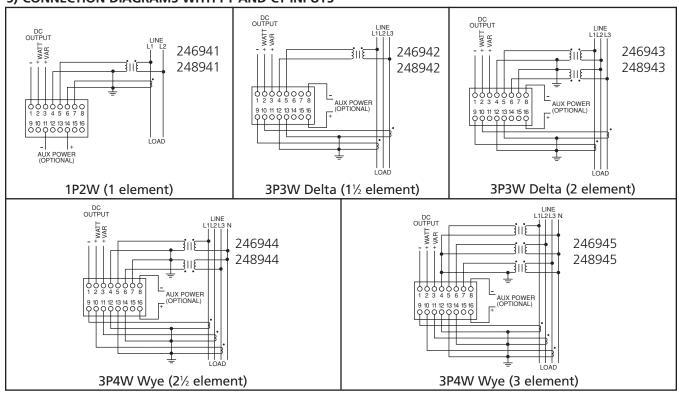
Auxiliary power supply options <5.0 burden.

JUXTA COMBINATION WATT/VAR TRANSDUCERS (1) (2)(3)(4) (5) (6) 4) ORDER FORMAT 2469 / 89 (6) Input/output Model# (1) Transducer function relationship (2) Input (3) Frequency (4) Output (5) Aux. power 2469 41 W/V 1P2W (1 Element) 53 120V/1AAC 0 60 Hz W=±1mADC LAG=+POL Input 2489 42 W/V 3P3W (1½ Element)* 54 120V/5AAC 1 50 Hz LEAD=+POL V=±1mADC powered 43 W/V 3P3W (2 Element) 57 240V/1AAC 4 400 Hz **AHD** W=4-20mADC 1 120 VAC 44 W/V 3P4W (2½ Element) 58 240V/5AAC 5 Other 2 240 VAC V=12±8mADC W/V 3P4W (3 Element) AHF W=12±8mADC

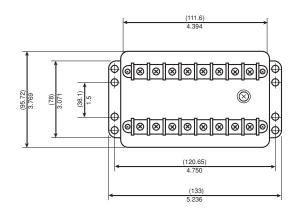
V=12±8mADC

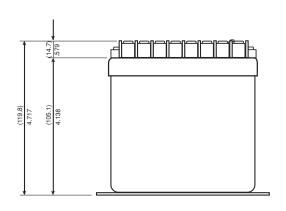
*Not UL

5) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS WITH PT AND CT INPUTS



6) MOUNTING AND OUTLINE DIMENSIONS: $_{\mathrm{inches}}^{\mathrm{(mm)}}$





JUXTA POWER FACTOR TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2469 and 2489 Power Factor transducers have an analog output corresponding to 1- Cosine of the phase angle of the input current relative to the input voltage signal. The analog output will indicate leading or lagging Power Factor by its direction from center which would be either 0 mA or 12mA based on output selection.

2) SPECIFICATIONS

Model #	2469	2489		
Current input / range	0-1 Amp AC or 0-5 Amp AC			
	10 to 200% of rated input			
Current input over range capability	200% of rated input continuous			
		ted input for 5 seconds		
Current input burden		VA per element		
Voltage inputs and range:	120V 240V	1		
Input powered range	100-135VAC 200-264	VAC 85-135VAC 170-264VAC		
Auxiliary powered range	0-120% rated input	0-120% of rated input		
Voltage input burden per element	< 0.5VA < 1.0V			
Sustained Voltage input overange		out damage (Auxiliary powered only)		
Rated outputs		ax. load; 10VDC output compliance		
		max. load; 15VDC output compliance		
Accuracy		1 Power Factor		
Output calibration	0-1-0 Power Fact	or or 0.5-1-0.5 Power Factor		
External calibration adjustment	Zero: ± 1% minimum	I		
	Span: ± 2% minimum	<u> </u>		
Response time	< 400 milliseconds (0-99% of output)			
Output ripple	0.3% of FS peak-to-peak max. 0.5% of FS peak-to-peak			
Isolation		to output, power and case		
		power to output and case		
	500 VAC output to case			
Surge Withstand Capability	IEEE472/ANSI C37.90.1 - 1989, JIS C1111 (5KV 1.2 x 50 microseconds			
Insulation resistance	> 10 megohm / 500VDC input/output/power/case			
Operating temperature		20°C to +60°C		
Operating humidity		humidity (non-condensing)		
Temperature effect	±500 PPM / °C of spar			
External magnetic field		2% at 400 AT/m		
Influence of input Voltage	<1% of span	Aux. Pwr.±0.01 max.±20% rated V.		
	20/	Self pwr.±0.01 max. in range of Aux. Pwr		
Influence of input Current Low current detection	<2% of span	<0.02 PF for 20-200% rated input current		
	<4% of rated current			
Weight		000g (2.2 lbs.)		
Shock		G, 3 Axis and 6 repetitions		
Vibration		Hz, 4 mmp-p 1 hour, 3 Axis		
UL Recognition	F	ile # E60579		

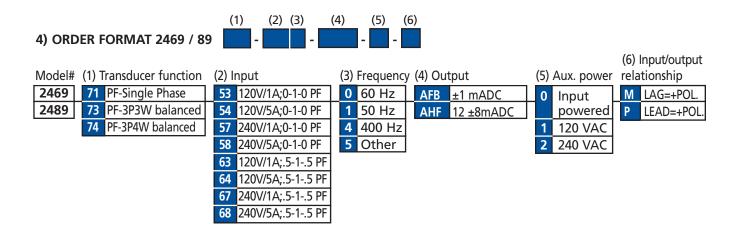
3) STANDARD MODELS (0-1-0 PF)

2469	2489
246971-540-AFB-0-P	248971-540-AFB-0-P
246971-540-AHF-0-P	248971-540-AHF-0-P
246973-540-AFB-0-P	248973-540-AFB-0-P
246973-540-AHF-0-P	248973-540-AHF-0-P
246974-540-AFB-0-P	248974-540-AFB-0-P
246974-540-AHF-0-P	248974-540-AHF-0-P
	246971-540-AFB-0-P 246971-540-AHF-0-P 246973-540-AFB-0-P 246973-540-AHF-0-P 246974-540-AFB-0-P

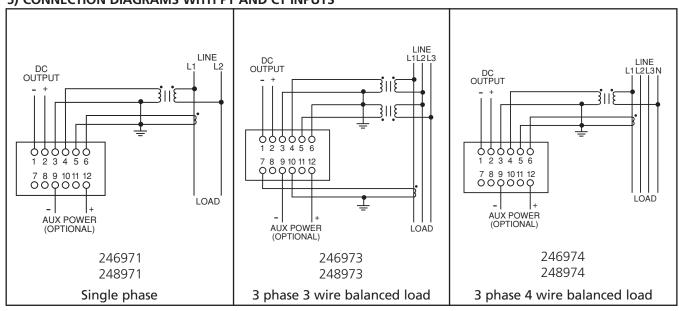
NOTE: See order format on next page for additional ratings, frequency calibrations, power-up and output options.

Auxiliary power supply options <5.0 VA burden. 14

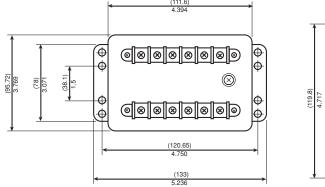
JUXTA POWER FACTOR TRANSDUCERS

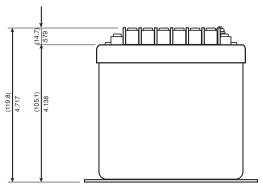


5) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS WITH PT AND CT INPUTS



6) MOUNTING AND OUTLINE DIMENSIONS: $_{\mathrm{inches}}^{\mathrm{(mm)}}$





JUXTA PHASE ANGLE TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2469 and 2489 Phase Angle transducers have an analog output corresponding to the phase angle of the input current relative to the input voltage signal. The analog output will indicate leading or lagging Phase Angle by its direction from center which would be either 0 mA or 12mA based on output selection.

2) SPECIFICATIONS

2) SPECIFICATIONS Model #	24	69	24	89	
Current input / range	0-1 Amp AC or 0-5 Amp AC				
	10 to 200% of rated input				
Current input over range capability	200% of rated input continuous				
	1000% of rated input for 5 seconds				
Current input burden			er element		
Voltage inputs and range:	120V	240V	120V	240V	
Input powered range	100-135VAC	200-264VAC	85-135VAC	170-264VAC	
Auxiliary powered range	0-120% ra	ated input	0-120% of	rated input	
Voltage input burden per element	< 0.5VA	< 1.0VA	< 0.5VA	< 1.0VA	
Sustained Voltage input overange			amage (Auxiliary		
Rated outputs	±1mADC into a 10kΩ max. load; 10VDC output complian				
	4-12-20 mADC into a 750Ω max. load; 15VDC output com				
Accuracy		se Angle	±1° Phas		
Output calibration	60°- 0°- 60° Phase Angle or 90°- 0°- 90° Phase Angle				
External calibration adjustment		minimum	Zero: ± 5% minimum		
	Span: ± 2% minimum Span: ± 10% min				
Response time	< 400 milliseconds (0-99% of output)				
Output ripple	0.3% of FS peak-to-peak max. 0.5% of FS peak-to-peak				
Isolation	I I		tput, power and		
	2000	•	r to output and	case	
			tput to case		
Surge Withstand Capability			C1111 (5KV 1.2 x 50		
Insulation resistance	> 10 me		input/output/pov	ver/case	
Operating temperature		-20°C to			
Operating humidity			dity (non-conden		
Temperature effect	±500 PPM /	°C of span	±80 PPM /	C of span	
External magnetic field	0.20/ 45	< 0.2% at			
Influence of frequency Influence of input Voltage			ental through 9th		
innuence of input voltage		.5°	<0.5° ±20% rated Vol		
Influence of input Comment	.4	00	<0.5° in range af aux.		
Influence of input Current Low current detection		.0°	<1° for 20-200% ra		
Weight	N/	/A	4% of rat	lea input	
Shock	1000g (2.2 lbs.) <1° after 50G, 3 Axis and 6 repetitions				
Vibration					
UL Recognition	<1° after 16.7 Hz, 4 mmp-p 1 hour, 3 Axis File # E60579				
or vecodulion		FIIE # I	:003/9		

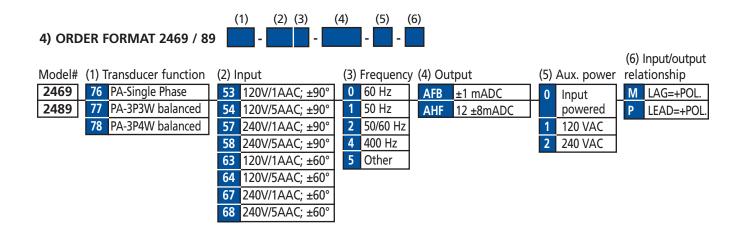
3) STANDARD MODELS (±90° PA)

PA- Single phase / ±1mA output 246976-540-AFB-0-P 248976-540-AFB-0-P 248976-540-AFF-0-P 248976-540-AHF-0-P	120V, 5A, 60 Hz, ±90°, input powered	2469 (±2° Accuracy)	2489 (±1° Accuracy)
PA- 3P3W balanced / ±1mA output 246977-540-AFB-0-P 248977-540-AFB-0-P 248977-540-AHF-0-P 248977-540-AHF-0-P 248977-540-AHF-0-P 248978-540-AFB-0-P 248978-540-AFB-0-P 248978-540-AFB-0-P 248978-540-AHF-0-P	PA- Single phase / 12±8mA output PA- 3P3W balanced / ±1mA output PA- 3P3W balanced / 12±8mA output PA- 3P4W balanced / ±1mA output	246976-540-AHF-0-P 246977-540-AFB-0-P 246977-540-AHF-0-P 246978-540-AFB-0-P	248976-540-AHF-0-P 248977-540-AFB-0-P 248977-540-AHF-0-P 248978-540-AFB-0-P

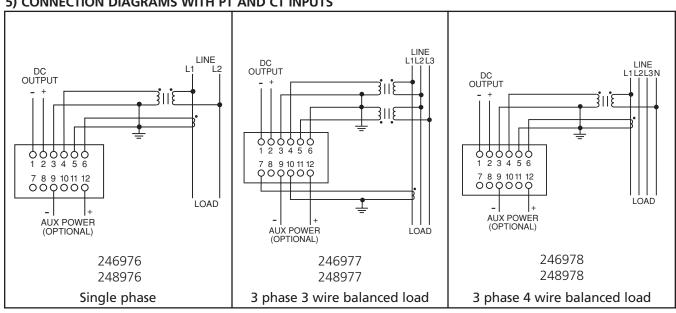
NOTE: See order format on next page for additional ratings, frequency calibrations, power-up and output options. Auxiliary power supply options <5.0 VA burden.

16

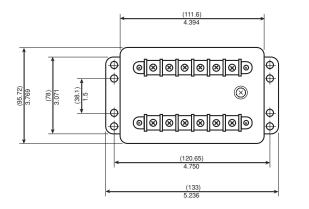
JUXTA PHASE ANGLE TRANSDUCERS

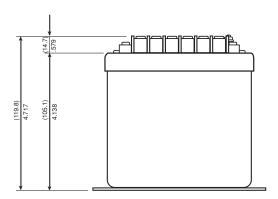


5) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS WITH PT AND CT INPUTS



6) MOUNTING AND OUTLINE DIMENSIONS: $_{\mathrm{inches}}^{\mathrm{(mm)}}$





JUXTA FREQUENCY TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2469 and 2489 Frequency transducers have an analog output corresponding to the frequency of the AC input voltage. These transducers are capable of high accuracy measurement over various frequency ranges.

2) SPECIFICATIONS

Model #	2469	2489		
Voltage inputs and range:				
Input powered range	120V: 100 - 135 VAC	, 240V: 200 - 264 VAC		
Auxiliary powered range	±20% of ra	ited voltage		
Voltage input burden	120VAC <0.1 VA; 240VAC <0.2 VA			
Rated outputs	±1mADC into a 10kΩmax. load; 10VDC output compliance			
	4-12-20 mADC into 750 Ω max.	load; 15VDC output compliance		
Accuracy: ±2, 5, 10, 25 Hz deviation	±1% of input span	0-1mADC=±0.1% of input span		
±0.5, 1 Hz deviation	±2% of input span	0-1mADC=±0.2% of input span		
		4-20mADC=add±0.1% to accuracy		
External calibration adjustment	Zero: ±1% minimum	Zero: ±5% minimum		
	Span: ±2% minimum	Span: ±10% minimum		
Response time		(0-99% of output)		
Output ripple	0.3% of span peak-to-peak max.			
Isolation	2500 VAC input to output, power and case			
	1	er to output and case		
	500 VAC output to case			
Surge Withstand Capability		C1111(5KV 1.2 x 50 microseconds)		
	nsulation resistance >10 megohm / 500VDC input/output/p			
Operating temperature		o +60°C		
Operating humidity		idity (non-condensing)		
Temp. effect: ±2, 5, 10, 25 Hz deviation	· ·	±25ppm of center frequency(60Hz±5Hz)		
±0.5, 1 Hz deviation	± 500 PPM / °C of span	±5ppm of center frequency(60Hz±0.5Hz)		
		For 4-20mADC multiply ppm x 1.4		
External magnetic field	< 0.2% at 400 AT/m			
Harmonics		ough 9th harmonic		
Weight		(2.2 lbs.)		
Shock		Axis and 6 repetitions		
Vibration		4 mmp-p 1 hour, 3Axis		
UL Recognition	File #	E60579		

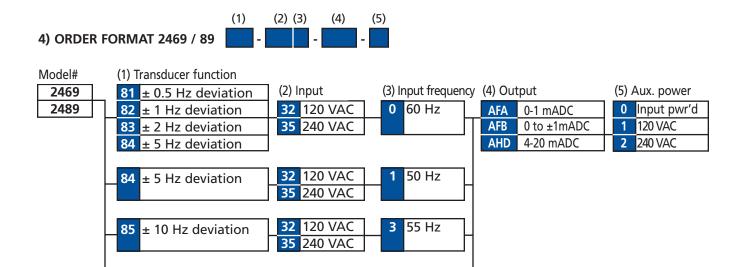
3) STANDARD MODELS

120VAC, 60 Hz, input powered	2469	2489
Freq. ± 1.0 Hz deviation, 0-1mA output	246982-320-AFA-0	248982-320-AFA-0
Freq. ± 1.0 Hz deviation, 4-20mA output	246982-320-AHD-0	248982-320-AHD-0
Freq. ± 2.0 Hz deviation, 0-1mA output	246983-320-AFA-0	248983-320-AFA-0
Freq. ± 2.0 Hz deviation, 4-20mA output	246983-320-AHD-0	248983-320-AHD-0
Freq. ± 5.0 Hz deviation, 0-1mA output	246984-320-AFA-0	248984-320-AFA-0
Freq. ± 5.0 Hz deviation, 4-20mA output	246984-320-AHD-0	248984-320-AHD-0

NOTE: See order format on next page for additional ratings, frequency calibrations, power-up and output options. Auxiliary power supply options <5.0 VA burden.

18

JUXTA FREQUENCY TRANSDUCERS

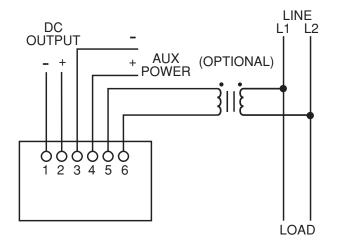


400 Hz

32 120 VAC

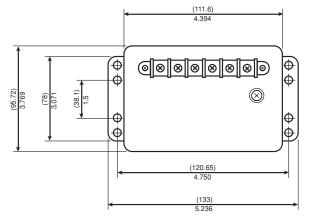
35 240 VAC

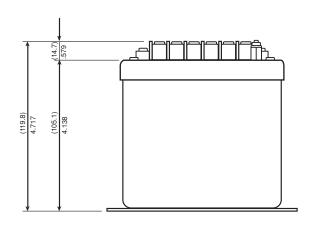
5) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS



6) MOUNTING AND OUTLINE DIMENSIONS: $_{\mathrm{inches}}^{\mathrm{(mm)}}$

86 ± 25 Hz deviation



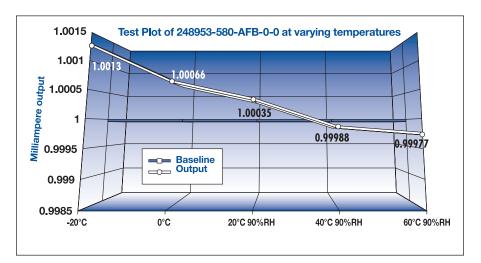


ACCURACY

Yokogawa 2489 series transducers are designed for reliable and repeatable operation over a wide range of conditions at the highest attainable accuracy. Recently, we performed a series of tests on our transducers in a Thermotron test chamber with a Rotek 800AE calibrator, Yokogawa 2558 AC standard and 7562 digital multimeter. We plotted outputs at various inputs, temperatures, and power factors. These charts are a sampling of data from these tests and consistently demonstrate a high level of accuracy and performance over the full range of conditions. A base line of 1mA is the expected output at full scale input of the transducers under test.

CHART 1

All tests plots are within specified accuracy of $\pm 0.15\%$ (0.1% reading + 0.05% full scale) with 1000 Watt and 1.0 power factor input over the temperature range of -20° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C. Test data at inputs of 250, 500, 750 watts are also consistent with this chart representation. Test data at other power factors are also within specification for power factor influence.

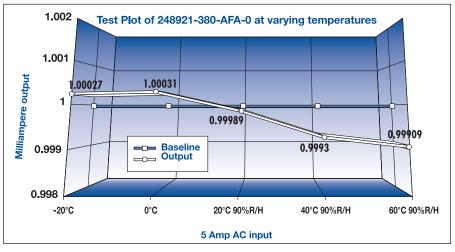


ACTUAL TEST DATA

OUTPUT	TEMPERATURE
1.0013	-20°C
1.00066	0°C
1.00035	20°C 90%R/H
0.99988	40°C 90%R/H
0.99977	60°C 90%R/H

CHART 2

All tests plots are within specified accuracy of $\pm 0.2\%$ of full scale with 5 Amp AC input over the temperature range of -20°C to +60°C. Test data at other inputs such as .5, 1, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, Amp are also consistent with this chart representation.



ACTUAL TEST DATA

OUTPUT	TEMPERATURE
1.00027	-20°C
1.00031	0°C
0.99989	20°C 90%R/H
0.9993	40°C 90%R/H
0.99909	60°C 90%R/H

SELECTING A WATT OR VAR TRANSDUCER

1) CIRCUIT CONFIGURATIONS AND TYPICAL POWER MEASUREMENT APPLICATIONS

Circuit c	onfiguration	Common Power Distribution systems	Typical load / restrictions				
1P2W	1 Element	120/240V	Household appliance & lighting				
1P3W	1½ Element	120/240V	Residential / balanced voltage				
3P3W	2 Element	240 and 480V line-to-line (Delta connected)	Substation & industrial motors				
3P4W	2½ Element	120/208 and 277/480V (Wye connected)	Ind'l. & Comm'l. / balanced voltage				
3P4W	3 Element	120/208 and 277/480V (Wye connected)	Ind'l. & Comm'l. / unbalanced volt.				

NOTE: With a 3P4W load, Transducer connections are line-to-neutral.

2) STANDARD WATT / VAR CALIBRATION RANGES

	Rat		Standard calibrating watt ranges available										
	Volt	Amp	1 Element	1½ Element	2 Element	2½ Element	3 Element						
WATT	120V	1A	85 to 115 CW	170 to 230 CW	170 to 230 CW	255 to 345 CW	255 to 345 CW						
	120V	5A	425 to 575 CW	850 to 1150 CW	850 to 1150 CW	1275 to 1725 CW	1275 to 1725 CW						
	240V	1A	170 to 230 CW	340 to 460 CW	340 to 460 CW	510 to 690 CW	510 to 690 CW						
	240V	5A	850 to 1150 CW	1700 to 2300 CW	1700 to 2300 CW	2550 to 3450 CW	2550 to 3450 CW						
VAR	120V	1A	±85 to ±115 CW	±170 to ±230 CW	±170 to ±230 CW	±255 to ±345 CW	±255 to ±345 CW						
	120V	5A	±425 to ±575 CW	±850 to ±1150 CW	±850 tp ±1150 CW	±1275 to ±1725 CW	±1275 to ±1725 CW						
	240V	1A	±170 to ±230 CW	±340 to ±460 CW	±340 to ±460 CW	±510 to ±690 CW	±510 to ±690 CW						
	240V	5A	±850 to ±1150 CW	±1700 to ±2300 CW	±1700 to ±2300 CW	±2550 to ±3450 CW	±2550 to ±3450 CW						

NOTE: Use formula below to determine if your application is within standard range. Specify CT/PT ratios and primary Watts/VARs relative to desired output. Non-standard ranges are available as an option.

3) DETERMINING CALIBRATING WATTS FOR A WATT OR VAR TRANSDUCER

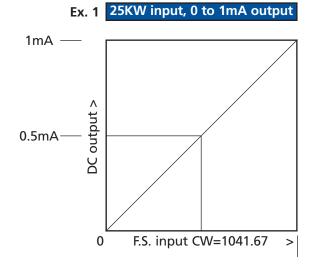
When PT and CT secondary inputs are specified the calibrating watts can be determined as follows:

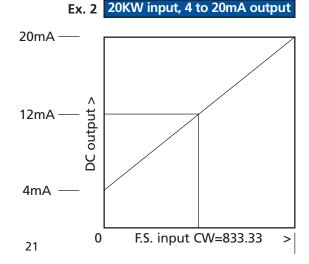
Power transducer input (P) = Rated Value/PT ratio x CT ratio = total calibrating Watts

Example #1 - 3P3W, 2 element with 0-1mA output for 0-25KW input, PT= 480 : 120V, CT = 30 : 5A
$$P = \frac{25,000 \text{ Watts}}{(480/120) \text{ x} (30/5)} = 1041.67 \text{ calibrating watts (this is within standard CW range)}$$

Example #2 - 3P3W, 2 element with 4-20mA output for 0-20KW input, PT = 480 : 120V, CT = 30 : 5A $P = \frac{20,000 \text{ Watts}}{(480/120) \text{ x } (30/5)} = 833.33 \text{ calibrating watts (non-standard CW range and an option)}$

4) INPUT/OUTPUT RELATIONSHIP USING EXAMPLE #1 AND #2 FROM ABOVE





POWER TRANSDUCER TERMINOLOGY

Accuracy

The ratio of the error to a standard or true value and expressed as a percent.

Ampere

Unit of electrical current or rate of flow of electrons. One volt across one ohm of resistance causes one ampere of current flow

ANSI

American National Standards Institute.

Auxiliary Power

The power supplied from an external power source for correct operation of a transducer. (Also see input powered.)

Balanced load

An AC polyphase system where all phase-to-phase voltages, phase currents, and power factors are identical.

Burden

Expressed in Volt-Amperes (VA), and represents the electrical load an instrument or transducer places on current or potential transformers. Exceeding a CT or PT rated burden affects accuracy.

Calibration

To make precision adjustments to a transducer so that the output is within a specific range for particular values of the input. High accuracy test equipment is used for verification.

Compliance voltage or Output Compliance

The maximum voltage that a transducer current output can supply and still maintain specified accuracy.

Current transformer

An instrument transformer connected in series with current-carrying conductors for the purpose of measurement and control. Typically, a CT will step down high current to a level that can be safely measured with an instrument or transducer.

Current transformer ratio (CT ratio ; CTR)

The ratio of primary amps divided by the secondary amps (example: 500A : 5A = 100 : 1).

Element

An electronic circuit in a Watt / Var / Power Factor transducer that accepts a voltage and a current input, then produces a proportionate analog signal. The number of elements required varies with circuit configuration; and, if a polyphase circuit, whether it is a balanced load.

Frequency

In electrical terms, it is the measure of complete cycles of a waveform per unit of time and specified as Hertz(Hz) or cycles per second.

Full scale output

The maximum output value for which the specified accuracy applies (ie, 0.2% accuracy @ 1mA full scale output). Harmonic

A sinusoidal wave having a frequency that is an integral multiple of the fundamental frequency (Ex: 3rd harmonic of 60Hz fundamental is 180 Hz). Non-linear loads cause distorted waveforms which create higher harmonics and heating effect.

Impedance

The vector sum of resistance, inductive reactance and capacitive reactance.

Input

Input voltage and/or current are always specified by the transducer user. For Watt/Var/Power Factor/Phase Angle transducers, both voltage and current input must be specified. If CT's and/or PT's are used, then the primary and secondary ratings (or ratios) are required for proper calibration of Watts and VARS.

Input powered

This means the transducer is self-powered by the line being measured. (Also see auxiliary power.)

Insulation resistance

The ability of dielectric insulating materials to resist electrical leakage current when a voltage is applied. Usually specified at a DC voltage level and Megohm value.

Isolation

The electrical separation between various components in a transducer. The measure of strength of a dielectric system to electrically isolate is usually expressed with various test voltage levels such as 2500VAC, etc.

Lag or Lagging

The current flowing in a circuit lags the applied voltage. This condition indicates a mostly inductive load.

Lead or Leading

The current flowing in a circuit leads the applied voltage. This condition indicates a mostly capacitive load.

POWER TRANSDUCER TERMINOLOGY

Neutral or neutral conductor

The common return path for current from the load to the source in AC circuits. Frequently connected to ground.

Ohm

One ohm is a unit of electrical resistance equal to that of a conductor in which a current of one ampere is produced by a potential of one volt across its terminals.

Output ripple

Expressed as percent of full scale or span and represents the magnitude of AC fluctuations in the DC output signal. **Overrange**

The maximum input or output values above rated values.

Peak-to-Peak

Amplitude of an AC waveform from the positive to the negative peak value.

Phase

The number of separate voltage waves in an AC supply such as single phase or three phase.

Phase Angle

The angular difference in electrical degrees by which current leads voltage in a capacitive circuit or lags voltage in an inductive circuit.

Polyphase

More than one phase conductor: such as a 3 phase 3 wire power circuit (3P3W).

Potential Transformer (PT)

An instrument transformer with primary winding connected in parallel with the circuit to be measured. Used to step-up or step-down an AC voltage to a level that can be used for measurement or control purposes.

Potential Transformer ratio (PT ratio)

The ratio of primary voltage divided by the secondary voltage (ie, 14,400V: 120V = 120: 1).

Power Factor

The Power Factor of any AC circuit is equal to the true power (watts) divided by the apparent power (voltamperes) which is equal to the cosine of the phase angle in circuits with sinusoidal waveforms.

Reading

The expected output value at a given input value.

Response time

In transducer terms, the time required after an abrupt change in input value for the output signal to reach 99% of the new input. Response time is influenced by many factors and standardized test conditions should apply.

RMS

Abbreviation for root-mean-square. The value of AC current or voltage that will produce the same amount of heat in a pure resistance as the corresponding value of DC.

Sine wave or sinusoidal wave

An alternating signal where instantaneous values vary as the sine of the peak value over a complete cycle.

Span

The difference between the low and high limits of a range (ie, 4-20mA has a span of 16mA).

Surge Withstand Capability test (SWC)

An oscillatory test wave applied to a transducer by a generator to simulate transient voltage conditions that could be damaging to an unprotected component system.

Transducer

A device used for measurement purposes that accepts an electrical signal and outputs a low level DC signal that is proportionate to the input.

True RMS

The definition is the same as RMS, except that it is a more precise method of measuring non-sinusoidal waveforms.

VAR (Volt-Ampere-Reactive)

A unit of reactive power as opposed to real power in Watts. Measured in VARS, KiloVARS, MegaVARS.

Volt

A unit of electromotive force. One volt equals the force required to produce one ampere of current to flow through a resistance of one ohm.

Watt

A unit of real (effective) power measured in Watts, Kilowatts, Megawatts. Equals the product of Voltage, Current and Power Factor (EI \times PF = Watts) in a sinusoidal system.

Waveform

The graphic representation of the shape of an electromagnetic wave showing the variations in amplitude with time.

YOKOGAWA TRANSDUCERS

1) GENERAL

The 2371-2378 and 2461-2468 series of power transducers combine high performance with compact size. Most of these transducers are self powered except DC to DC isolators and True RMS Amps and Volts which require auxiliary power. Accuracy of 0.5% is standard in both the foot mount and DIN rail models. They are constructed of flame resistant molded black ABS resin material; and operating temperature is 0-40°C (20-80% RH, non-condensing). Storage temperature is -10 to +50°C. Weight <.5Kg (1.1lbs.)





2461-2468 DIN rail mount

2371-2378 foot mount

2) SPECIFICATIONS

Transducer function				Rated inputs	*Rated outputs/external	Accuracy		Response	Frequency	Power	Auxiliary
		Model#	code		load resistance	@23±3°C	ripple	time	range	consump.	power
DC / DC Isolator		2371	00	0 - 50 mVDC	0 - 1mADC / 10kΩ						
(Photo	coupler	or		0 - 5 VDC	$0 - 5mADC / 2k\Omega$					~1mA +	
isola	tion)	2461		0 - 10VDC	4 - 20 mADC / 500Ω	±0.5%of	N/A	0.5 sec.	DC	aux. pwr.	120VAC
				0 - 25VDC	0 - 10 mVDC / 10 k Ω	span				1.9VA	±10%
				0 - 65VDC	0 - 5VDC / 1kΩ						
				0 - 1mADC	0 - 10VDC / 2kΩ						
	ge/Current		00		0 - 1mADC / $10k\Omega$						
•	lue rect.)	2462		1 AAC	0 - 5mADC / $2k\Omega$			1 second	45-65 Hz	1 VA	not req'd
	ge/Current	2373	00	5 AAC	0 - 5VDC / 5kΩ	±0.5% of	1% p-p				
(RMS va	lue rect.)	2463		150 VAC	0 - 1mADC / $2k\Omega$	span	max.				
AC Voltag	ge/Current	2374	00	300 VAC	0 - 10VDC / 2kΩ					0.5 VA+	120VAC
(True RI	√S rect.)	or			0 - 1mADC / $10k\Omega$			0.5 sec.	45-10kHz	Aux. pwr.	±10%
		2464			4 - 20 mADC / 500 Ω					2 VA	
	1P2W		10		0 - 10VDC / 2kΩ						
Power	1P3W	2375	20	120V / 5 AAC	0 - 1mADC / $10k\Omega$						
(Watts)	3P3W	2465	30	240V / 1 AAC	0 - 5mADC / $2k\Omega$						
	3P4W		40	240V / 5 AAC	4 - 20 mADC / 500 Ω	±0.5% of		0.7 sec.		V = 3VA	
Reactive	1P2W		10	120V / 1 AAC	± 10 VDC / 2kΩ	span				A = 1VA	
Power	1P3W	2376	20	120V / 5AAC	\pm 1mADC / 10k Ω		1% p-p		45-65 Hz		not req'd
(VARS)	3P3W	2466	30	240V / 1AAC	\pm 5mADC / 2k Ω		max.				
	3P4W		40	240V / 5AAC	4 - 20 mADC / 500 Ω]				
	1P2W		10	120V / 1AAC	± 10 VDC / 2kΩ						
Phase	1P3W	2377	20	120V / 5AAC	\pm 1mADC / 10k Ω	±2°		0.5 sec.		V = 2.5VA	
Angle	3P3W	2467	30	240V / 1AAC	\pm 5mADC / 2k Ω					A = 0.1VA	
	3P4W		40	240V / 5AAC	4 - 20mADC / 500Ω						
			01	120V/45-55Hz					45-55 Hz		
				240V/45-55Hz	0 - 10VDC / 2kΩ	±0.1 Hz					
Frequency		2378			0 - 1mADC / $10k\Omega$.1%p-p	2 seconds	55-65 Hz	1.5VA	not req'd
		2468		240V/55-65Hz	0 - 5mADC / $2k\Omega$		max.				
			03	120V/45-65Hz	4 - 20 mADC / 500 Ω	±0.2Hz			45-65 Hz		
				240V/45-65Hz							

*See next page for additional outputs.

PLASTIC CASE MINIATURE TRANSDUCERS

3) GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Overrange capability	Dielectric strength between:	Insulation resistance between:
Current input:	1) Input terminals & case - 2600VAC for 1 minute	1) All terminals and ground terminal
1000% of rated input for 5 sec.	2) Input & output terminals - 2600VAC for 1 minute	2) Input/output/ground term./auxiliary pwr.
Voltage input:	3) Aux. pwr. term. & input term./case-2600VAC for 1 min.	
150% of rated input for 5 sec.	4) Output terminals and case - 1000VAC for 1 minute	Is greater than 100 Megohm at 500VDC

4) STANDARD MODELS (AC AMPS, VOLTS, WATTS, VARS, PHASE ANGLE)

Input	Output	DIN Rail	Foot Mount	Input	Output	DIN Rail	Foot Mount
5A AC (AVG)	1mA	246300-36-AFA	237300-36-AFA	Watt 3P4W	1mA	246540-46-AFA-N	237540-46-AFA-N
5A AC (TRMS)	1mA	246400-36-AFA-2	237400-36-AFA-2	(120V, 5A)	4-20mA	246540-46-AHE-N	237540-46-AHE-N
	4-20mA	246400-36-AHE-2	237400-36-AHE-2	VAR 3P3W	±1mA	246630-46-AFB-M	237630-46-AFB-M
150V AC (AVG)	1mA	246300-32-AFA	237300-32-AFA	(120V, 5A)	4-20mA	246630-46-AHE-M	237630-46-AHE-M
150V AC (TRMS)	1mA	246400-32-AFA-2	237400-32-AFA-2	VAR 3P4W	±1mA	246640-46-AFB-M	237640-46-AFB-M
	4-20mA	246400-32-AHE-2	237400-32-AHE-2	(120V, 5A)	4-20mA	246640-46-AHE-M	237640-46-AHE-M
Watt 3P3W	1mA	246530-46-AFA-N	237530-46-AFA-N	PA 3P3W	±1mA	246730-46-AFB-P	237730-46-AFB-P
(120V, 5A)	4-20mA	246530-46-AHE-N	237530-46-AHE-N	(120V, 5A)	4-20mA	246730-46-AHE-P	237730-46-AHE-P

5) ORDER FORMAT: 237 OR: 246

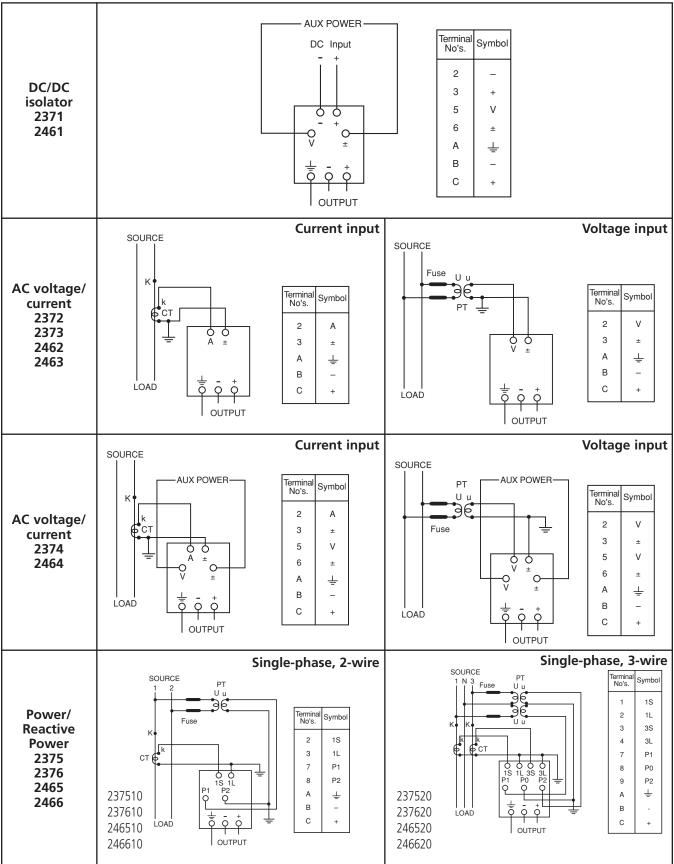
		J									
237 = Foot mount 246 = DIN rail		(2) Rated inputs			(3) **Rated outputs			(4) Auxiliary power			
						DC 50mV		AFA	0-1mADC	2	120 VAC 50/60 Hz
(1) Transducer function				02	DC 1V		AFX	0-5mADC	4	240 VAC 50/60 Hz	
	100	DC / DC isolato	r		03	DC 5V		AFB	± 1mADC	On	ly required for function
					04	DC 10V	٦	AFZ	± 5mADC	100	DC/DC & 400 TRMS
_					05	DC 25V	۱	AHE	4 - 20mADC		
					06	DC 65V	۱	VGZ			
					21	DC 1mA	۱	VLS	0 - 5VDC		
							Г	VMT	0 - 10VDC	Pola	arity (Watt/VAR/PA only)
					32	AC 150V	۱	VHB	± 10mVDC	N	No polarity (Watt only)
	200	AC Amp or Vo	lt (Me	an value)	34	AC 300V	۱	VLU	± 5VDC	Р	-Lag to +Lead
	300	AC Amp or Vo	lt (RM	S value)	35	AC 1A	7	VLY	± 6VDC	M	-Lead to +Lag
	400	AC Amp or Vo	lt (Tru	e RMS)	36	AC 5A	۱	VMS	± 10VDC		
		·	XX	*(select one)			۱	VME	4.5-6.5VDC		
	5XX*	Watt	10	1P2W	45	AC 120V / 1A	۱		-		
	6XX*	VAR	20	1P3W	46	AC 120V / 5A					
	7XX*	Phase Angle	30	3P3W	47	AC 240V / 1A	7				
_			40	3P4W	48	AC 240V / 5A	۱				
			XX	*(select one)			۱				
	8XX*	Frequency	01	45-55 Hz	37	AC 120V					
_			02	55-65 Hz	38	AC 240V					
			03	45-65 Hz							

** Outputs available by transducer function:

CODE#	AFA	AFX	AFB	AFZ	AHE	VGZ	VLS	VMT	VHB	VLU	VLY	VMS	VME
FUNCTION OUTPUT	1mA	5mA	±1mA	±5mA	4-20mA	10mV	5V	10V	±10mV	±5V	±6V	±10V	4.5-6.5V
100 DC / DC isolator	Х	Х	-	-	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-	-
200 AC Amp / Volt	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
300 AC Amp / Volt	Х	-	-	-	-	Х	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-
400 AC Amp / Volt	Х	Х	-	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	-
5XX Watt	Х	Х	-	-	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-	-
6XX VAR	-	-	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-	Χ	Х	-	Х	-
7XX Phase Angle	-	-	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-	Χ	-	Χ	-	-
801 / 802 Frequency	Х	Χ	-	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х	-	-	-	-
803 Frequency	Х	Х	-	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	Х

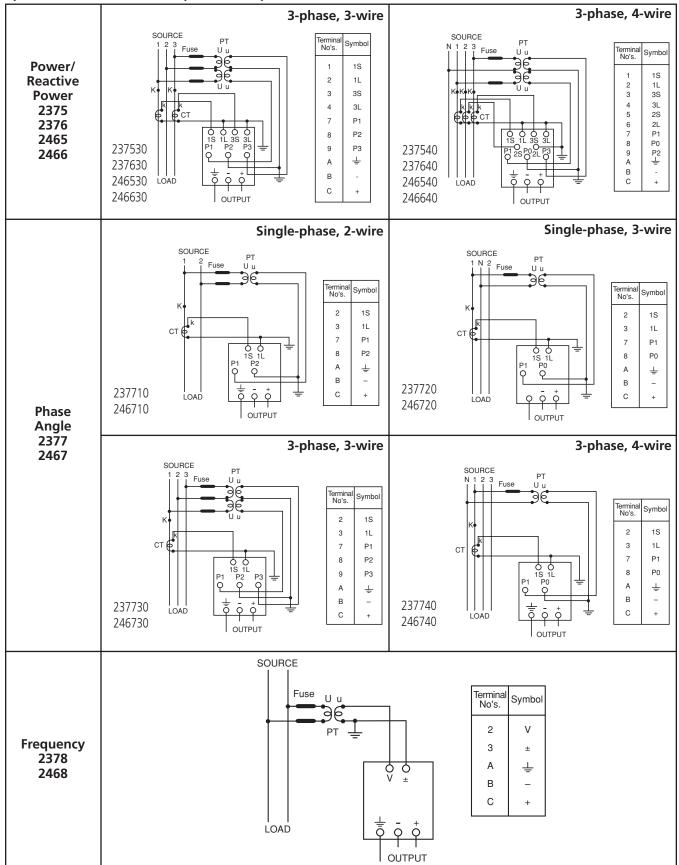
YOKOGAWA TRANSDUCERS

6) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

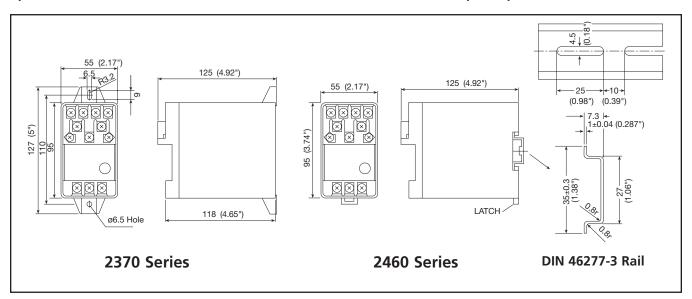


YOKOGAWA TRANSDUCERS

6) CONNECTION DIAGRAMS (CONTINUED)



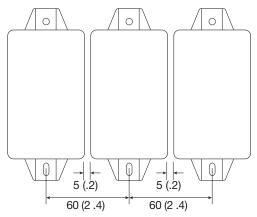
7) MOUNTING DIMENSIONS AND TERMINAL BOARD LAYOUT: millimeters (inches)



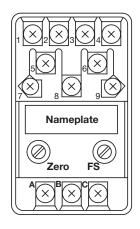
Mounting Side by Side

(Caution)

When putting 2 or more transducers side by side, separate the distance between mounting holes of the adjacent transducers by more than 60 mm.



Terminal Board Layout



Termin	al arrangement	Variable resistor for zero adjustment Variable range: ±20% or more
1 — 4	Input terminals	ZERO
5 — 6	*Auxiliary power terminals	Variable resistor for span adjustment
7 — 9	Input terminals	Variable range: ±5% or more
A — C	Output terminals	FS

Other Catalogs Available . . .

Power Series Plus



The Power Series Plus digital switchboard meter was developed by Yokogawa to provide customers with a versatile AC digital power meter. The heart of the meter is a programmable ASIC chip which allows us to combine a high accuracy meter with transducer output.

Current & Potential Transformers



PAL MECOGNIZED

Yokogawa CT's and PT's provide high accuracy inputs to transformer-rated AC switchboard instruments and power transducers.

Portable Test Instruments



Yokogawa has a wide range of Portable Test Instruments including clamp-on testers, calibrators, digital multimeters, insulation testers, and digital thermometers.

Panel Meters





Yokogawa has the broadest line of panel meters available today. In many cases, our panel meters are completely interchangeable with other manufacturer's products. UL and IP54 splash resistant models are available.

Digital Panel Meters



The 2350 Series Digital Panel meters provide high accuracy read out of AC and DC inputs and are capable of retransmitting analog signals to remote monitors, recorders and control systems. Available in 1/8 and 1/4 DIN case with single and multifunction capability.

Switchboard Instruments





Yokogawa is the world leader in Analog Switchboard Instruments. Our catalog contains the entire switchboard line including AB/DB 14, 16, 17 and 40, and type 180 edgewise. It also includes the 2180 mini-switchboard meters, potential transformers, transducers and digital switchboard meters.



YOKOGAWA



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BU-JAC-07E



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