# **74AUP1G04**

## Low-power inverter Rev. 13 — 28 August 2024

**Product data sheet** 

# 1. General description

The 74AUP1G04 is a single inverter.

Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant of slower input rise and fall times across the entire VCC range from  $0.8\ V$  to  $3.6\ V$ .

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial Power-down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

### 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- CMOS low power dissipation
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.65 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (2.3 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- Low static power consumption; I<sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 μA (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78B Class II
- Overvoltage tolerant inputs to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V<sub>CC</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- ESD protection:
  - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1000 V
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C



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# 3. Ordering information

**Table 1. Ordering information** 

Type number	Package							
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version				
74AUP1G04GV	-40 °C to +125 °C	SC-74A	plastic surface-mounted package; 5 leads	SOT753				
74AUP1G04GW	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP5	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm	SOT353-1				
74AUP1G04GM	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm	<u>SOT886</u>				
74AUP1G04GN	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 0.9 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	<u>SOT1115</u>				
74AUP1G04GS	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1.0 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1202				
74AUP1G04GX	-40 °C to +125 °C	X2SON5	plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 5 terminals; body 0.8 × 0.8 × 0.32 mm	SOT1226-3				
74AUP1G04GX4	-40 °C to +125 °C	X2SON4	plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 4 terminals; body 0.6 × 0.6 × 0.32 mm	SOT1269-2				
74AUP1G04GZ	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON5	plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package with side-wettable flanks (SWF); no leads; 5 terminals; body 1.1 × 0.85 × 0.5 mm	SOT8065-1				

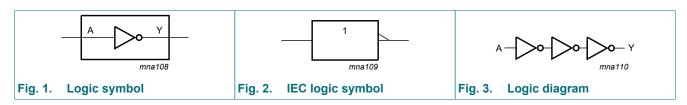
# 4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code[1]
74AUP1G04GV	p04
74AUP1G04GW	pC
74AUP1G04GM	pC
74AUP1G04GN	pC
74AUP1G04GS	pC
74AUP1G04GX	pC
74AUP1G04GX4	pC
74AUP1G04GZ	pC

<sup>[1]</sup> The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

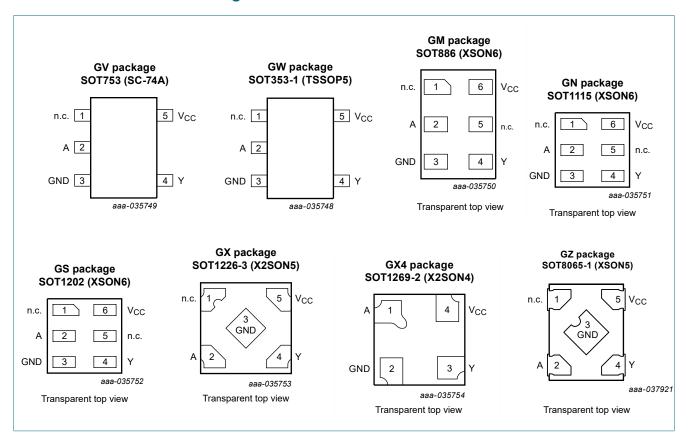
# 5. Functional diagram



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# 6. Pinning information

### 6.1. Pinning



### 6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Pin				
	SC-74A, TSSOP5 and X2SON5	XSON6	X2SON4			
n.c.	1	1, 5	-	not connected		
Α	2	2	1	data input		
GND	3	3	2	ground (0 V)		
Υ	4	4	3	data output		
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	6	4	supply voltage		

# 7. Functional description

#### **Table 4. Function table**

 $H = HIGH \ voltage \ level; \ L = LOW \ voltage \ level.$ 

Input	Output
A	Υ
L	Н
Н	L

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## 8. Limiting values

#### **Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage			-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V		-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage		[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V		-50	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	active mode	[1]	-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
		power-down mode; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
Io	output current	$V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$		-	± 20	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current			-	+50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current			-50	-	mΑ
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C				
		TSSOP5, SC-74A, XSON6, XSON5 and X2SON5 packages	[2]	-	250	mW
		X2SON4 package	[3]	-	150	mW

<sup>[1]</sup> The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

# 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
VI	input voltage		0	3.6	V
Vo	output voltage	active mode	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		power-down mode; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	0	3.6	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	0	200	ns/V

<sup>[2]</sup> For SOT753 (SC-74A) package: Ptot derates linearly with 3.8 mW/K above 85 °C.

For SOT353-1 (TSSOP5) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74 °C.

For SOT886 (XSON6) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74  $^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 

For SOT1115 (XSON6) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.2 mW/K above 71 °C.

For SOT1202 (XSON6) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 3.3 mW/K above 74  $^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 

For SOT1226-3 (X2SON5) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 3.0 mW/K above 67 °C.

For SOT8065-1 (XSON5) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 3.2 mW/K above 72 °C. [3] For SOT1269-2 (X2SON4) package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 1.7 mW/K above 57 °C.

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# 10. Static characteristics

### **Table 7. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	5 °C					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
	voltage	$I_{O}$ = -20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.75×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	1.11	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.32	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	2.05	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.9	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.72	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.6	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
	voltage	$I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.44	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.44	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	± 0.1	μΑ
l <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	± 0.2	μΑ
ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	± 0.2	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	40	μA
Cı	input capacitance	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V; } V_I = \text{GND or } V_{CC}$	-	0.8	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	$V_O = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$	-	1.7	-	pF

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	-40 °C to +85 °C			'		
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
	voltage	$I_{O}$ = -20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.7×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	1.03	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.30	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.97	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.85	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.67	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.55	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.37	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.35	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.45	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	± 0.5	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	± 0.5	μΑ
Δl <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	$V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	± 0.6	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{I}$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_{O}$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μA
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	50	μA
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	-40 °C to +125 °C					
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.75×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.70×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.25×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.30×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	_	0.9	V

### Low-power inverter

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
	voltage	$I_{O}$ = -20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.11	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.6×V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	0.93	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	1.17	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.77	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.67	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.40	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.30	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.11	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.33×V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.41	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.39	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.50	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.50	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	± 0.75	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	± 0.75	μΑ
Δl <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	± 0.75	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{I}$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_{O}$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μA
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	75	μΑ

# 11. Dynamic characteristics

### **Table 8. Dynamic characteristics**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 5

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	5 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF					
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see <u>Fig. 4</u> [2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	16.0	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.4	5.0	10.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.8	3.6	6.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.5	2.9	5.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.2	2.4	3.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.1	2.1	3.2	ns

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF					
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see <u>Fig. 4</u> [2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	19.8	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.8	5.9	12.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.3	4.2	7.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.0	3.5	5.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	2.9	4.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.6	2.7	3.8	ns
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF					
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 4 [2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	23.3	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.2	6.7	13.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.6	4.7	8.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.3	4.0	6.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.1	3.3	5.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	3.1	4.2	ns
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	25 °C; C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF					
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 4 [2]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	33.6	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.4	8.9	16.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.6	6.3	10.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.2	5.3	9.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.9	4.5	6.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.9	4.2	5.4	ns
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	5 °C					
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ [3]				
	capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	2.5	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	2.7	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	2.8	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	3.0	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	3.5	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	4.0	-	pF

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values are measured at nominal  $V_{CC}$ .

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) = \text{sum of the outputs.}$ 

 <sup>[2]</sup> t<sub>pd</sub> is the same as t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub>.
 [3] C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in μW).
 P<sub>D</sub> = C<sub>PD</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>i</sub> × N + Σ(C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>o</sub>) where:

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**Table 9. Dynamic characteristics** 

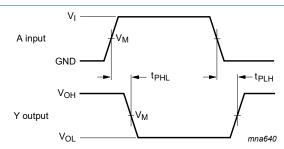
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 5

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
C <sub>L</sub> = 5 p	F						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see <u>Fig. 4</u> [1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.1	11.4	2.1	12.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.6	7.4	1.6	8.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.4	5.9	1.4	6.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.1	4.5	1.1	5.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.0	3.9	1.0	4.3	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 10	pF						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 4 [1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.6	13.7	2.6	15.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.1	8.7	2.1	9.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.8	7.0	1.8	7.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.5	5.4	1.5	6.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.4	4.5	1.4	5.0	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 15	pF						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see <u>Fig. 4</u> [1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.0	15.8	3.0	17.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.4	10.0	2.4	11.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.1	8.0	2.1	8.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.8	6.1	1.8	6.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.8	5.0	1.8	5.5	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 30	pF						
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A to Y; see Fig. 4 [1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.0	19.0	4.0	20.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.2	12.9	3.2	14.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.9	10.5	2.9	11.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.6	7.6	2.6	8.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.6	6.2	2.6	6.9	ns

<sup>[1]</sup>  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .

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### 11.1. Waveform and test circuit



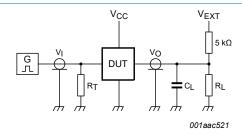
Measurement points are given in Table 10.

Logic levels: V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 4. The data input (A) to output (Y) propagation delays

### **Table 10. Measurement points**

Supply voltage	Output	Input		
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>I</sub>	$t_r = t_f$
0.8 V to 3.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 3.0 ns



Test data is given in Table 11.

Definitions for test circuit:

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance;

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance;

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_0$  of the pulse generator;

 $V_{\text{EXT}}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig. 5. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 11. Test data

Supply voltage	Load		V <sub>EXT</sub>		
V <sub>CC</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub> [1]	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 kΩ or 1 MΩ	open	GND	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L$  = 5  $k\Omega.$ 

For measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width  $R_L$  = 1  $M\Omega$ .

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# 12. Package outline

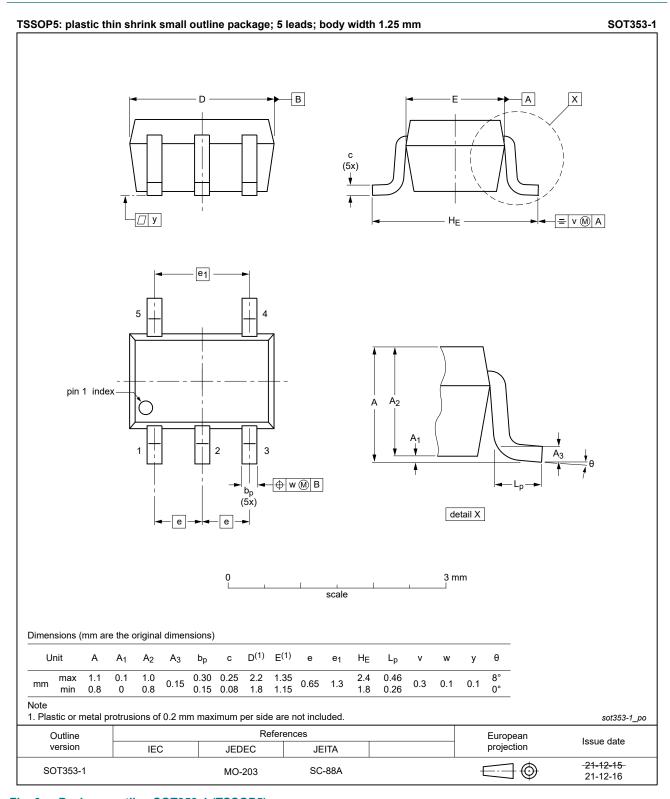


Fig. 6. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

**Product data sheet** 

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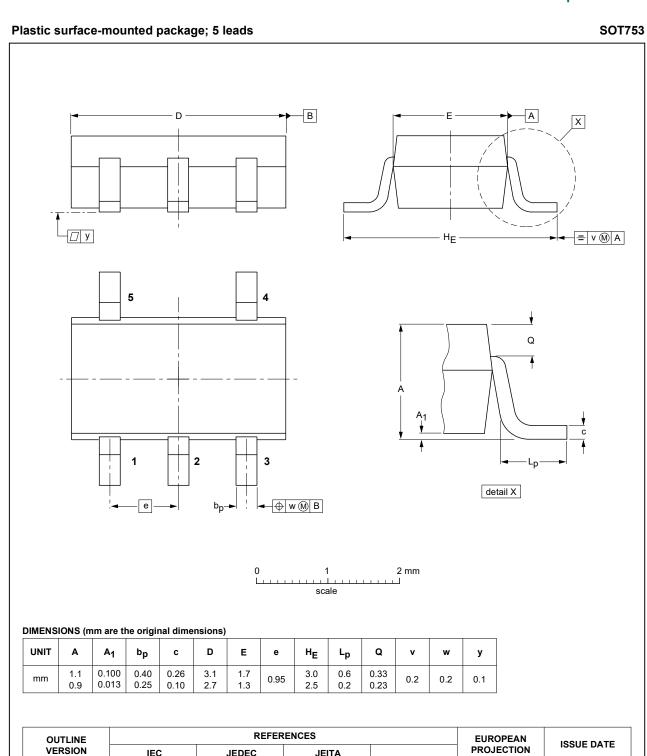


Fig. 7. Package outline SOT753 (SC-74A)

SOT753

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SC-74A

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PROJECTION

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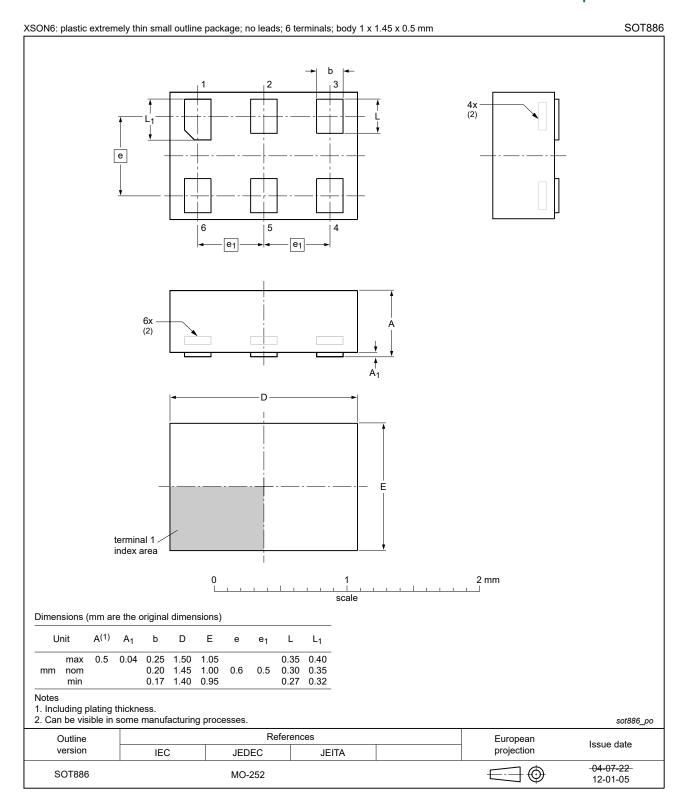


Fig. 8. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

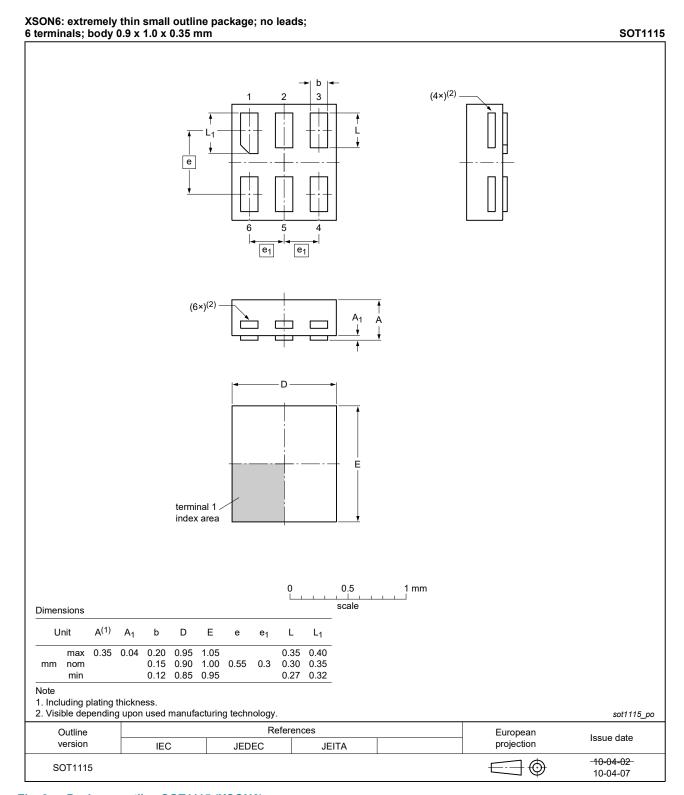


Fig. 9. Package outline SOT1115 (XSON6)

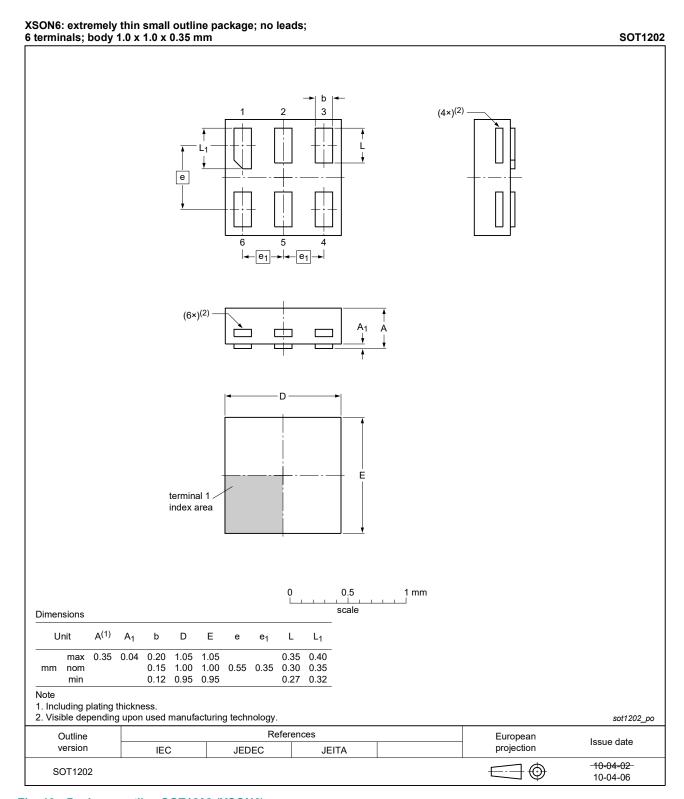


Fig. 10. Package outline SOT1202 (XSON6)

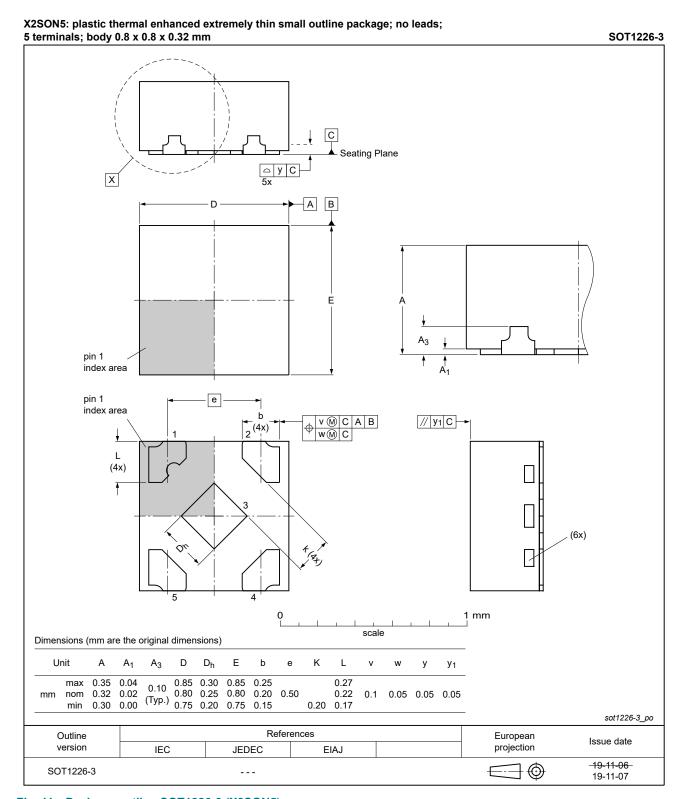


Fig. 11. Package outline SOT1226-3 (X2SON5)

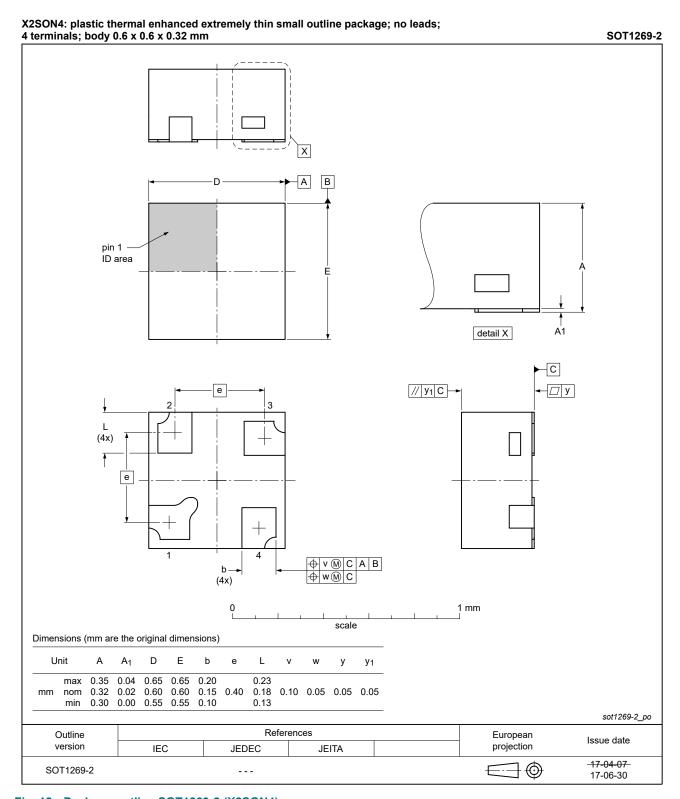


Fig. 12. Package outline SOT1269-2 (X2SON4)

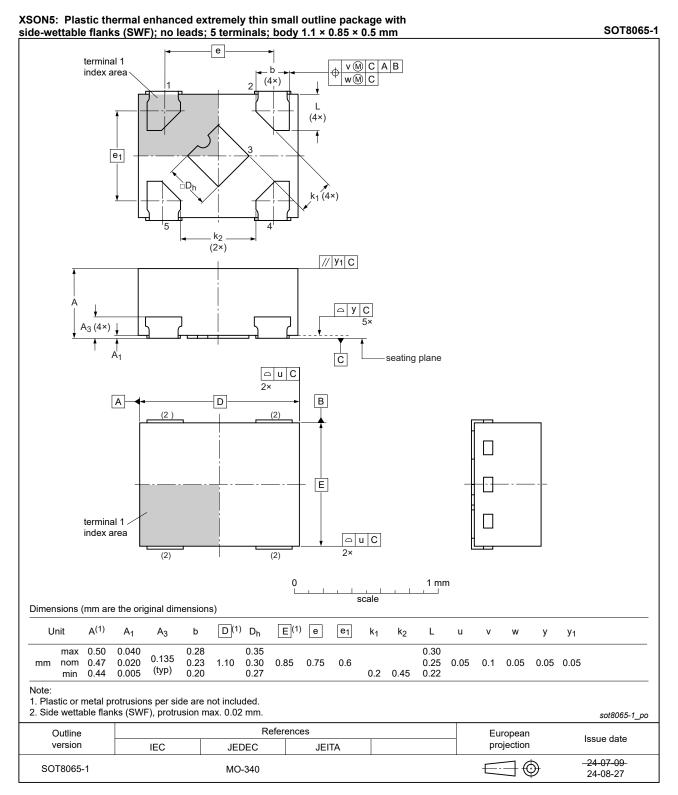


Fig. 13. Package outline SOT8065-1 (XSON5)

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# 13. Abbreviations

### **Table 12. Abbreviations**

Acronym	Description
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
ESDA	ElectroStatic Discharge Association
НВМ	Human Body Model
JEDEC	Joint Electron Device Engineering Council

# 14. Revision history

### **Table 13. Revision history**

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes		
74AUP1G04 v.13	20240828	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.12.1		
Modifications:	Type number	Type number 74AUP1G04GZ (SOT8065-1/XSON5) added.				
74AUP1G04 v.12.1	20230711	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.11		
Modifications:	Section 2: E	<u>Section 2</u> : ESD specification updated according to the latest JEDEC standard.				
74AUP1G04 v.11	20220113	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.10		
Modifications:		COMOTITIES APPLICATION				
74AUP1G04 v.10	20210430	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.9		
Modifications:	Type numb	Type number 74AUP1G04GF (SOT891/XSON6) removed.				
74AUP1G04 v.9	20180608	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.8		
Modifications:	Added type	number 74AUP1G04GX4	(SOT1269-2/X2S	ON4)		
74AUP1G04 v.8	20171107	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.7		
Modifications:	guidelines o	<ul> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.</li> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> </ul>				
74AUP1G04 v.7	20120627	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.6		
Modifications:	Added type	Added type number 74AUP1G04GX (SOT1226)				
74AUP1G04 v.6	20120214	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.5		
Modifications:	• Package ou	Package outline drawing of SOT886 (Fig. 8) modified.				
74AUP1G04 v.5	20111205	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.4		
Modifications:	Legal page:	Legal pages updated.				
74AUP1G04 v.4	20100630	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.3		
74AUP1G04 v.3	20091105	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.2		
74AUP1G04 v.2	20060628	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G04 v.1		
74AUP1G04 v.1	20050718	Product data sheet	-	-		

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### 15. Legal information

#### **Data sheet status**

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
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